

Alabama Statewide Airport Pavement Management Program Update

St Clair County Airport (PLR)
Final Report
February 2022









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Pavement Management - Evaluation - Testing - Design

ALABAMA STATEWIDE AIRPORT PAVEMENT MANAGEMENT PROGRAM UPDATE

St Clair County Airport (PLR)

FINAL REPORT

Prepared For:

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Executive Summary

The Jviation Inc. team, which included All About Pavements, Inc., (API) was awarded a contract by the Alabama Department of Transportation's Aeronautics Bureau (ALDOT) in 2018 to update the existing Alabama Statewide Airport Pavement Management Program (APMP). The scope of this project includes the airside pavement network at St Clair County Airport (PLR).

The following APMP tasks were completed to achieve the project objectives at PLR:

- Update the PAVER work history with records review information provided by ALDOT
- Conduct a visual pavement condition survey of the airfield pavements
- Update the PAVER database with inventory and condition data
- Update Maintenance and Rehabilitation (M&R) policies and unit costs
- > Develop a 7-Year Pavement Capital Improvement Program (PCIP) with associated cost estimates

ES.1 Pavement Inventory

There are 9 branches and 17 sections within PLR's pavement network with a total surface area of approximately 0.83 million square feet (sf). Figure ES-1 shows the distribution of the pavement network by surface type and branch use.

APRON, 74,818 TAXIWAY, 352,827 RUNWAY, 400,080

Figure ES-1: Pavement Area (sf) by Surface Type and Branch Use.

ES.2 Pavement Condition

Visual pavement inspections were conducted in October 2018 using the Pavement Condition Index (PCI) method as specified in ASTM D5340-12 and FAA AC 150/5380-6C. The PCI is a numerical rating scale from 0 to 100 that provides a measure of the pavement's functional surface condition. The overall areaweighted network PCI (AW PCI) for the PLR pavement network is 71, representing a "Satisfactory" condition. The network area-weighted pavement age (AW Age) is 25 years.





Table ES-1 is a listing of the section PCI values and ratings.

Table ES-1: PLR Section PCI Values and Ratings.

Branch ID	Name	Section ID	Surface	Area (sf)	PCI	PCI Category
A01	Apron 01	01	AC	74,818	30	Very Poor
R0321	Runway 03-21	01	AC	18,400	82	Satisfactory
R0321	Runway 03-21	02	AC	381,680	79	Satisfactory
TA	Taxiway A	01	AC	47,034	86	Good
TA	Taxiway A	02	AC	27,092	98	Good
TA	Taxiway A	03	AC	110,174	99	Good
ТВ	Taxiway B	01	AC	1,241	88	Good
ТВ	Taxiway B	02	AC	5,735	96	Good
TC	Taxiway C	01	AC	1,984	86	Good
TC	Taxiway C	02	AC	5,215	95	Good
TD	Taxiway D	01	AC	2,081	83	Satisfactory
TD	Taxiway D	02	AC	5,133	96	Good
TE	Taxiway E	01	AC	1,324	82	Satisfactory
TE	Taxiway E	02	AC	5,729	95	Good
THANG01	Taxiway Hangar 01	01	AC	101,241	26	Very Poor
THANG01	Taxiway Hangar 01	02	AC	23,784	20	Serious
THANG02	Taxiway Hangar 02	01	AC	15,060	70	Fair

ES.3 Pavement Maintenance and Repair Funding Levels

The PAVER database was updated with 2018 condition data, maintenance and repair (M&R) policies, and unit costs; which were then used to evaluate the effect of multiple funding levels on the overall future pavement condition. Figure ES-2 presents the forecasted PLR network PCI values for each funding level.

ES.4 Pavement Capital Improvement Program (PCIP)

The analysis output from the unlimited funding budget scenario was used as a starting point in developing the PCIP. For this scenario, sections were grouped into projects to allow for a logical construction sequence. Table ES-2 summarizes the 7-year PCIP, which has an estimated total cost of approximately \$4.1 million. These recommendations are based on a network-level evaluation. Project-level evaluations should be conducted prior to developing design and bid package documents.



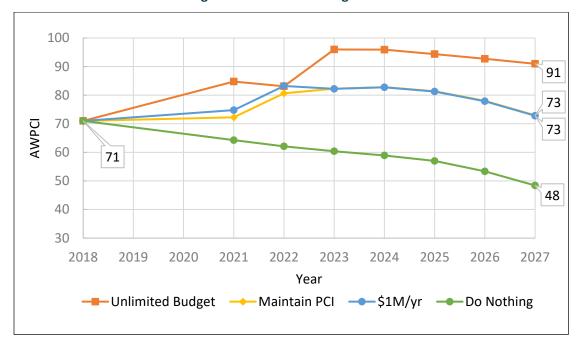


Figure ES-2: M&R Funding Levels.

Table ES-2: Summary of Pavement Capital Improvement Program.

Project Year	CIP Project	Total Project Cost	Total Project Area (sf)	AWPCI Before	AWPCI After
2021	PLR_21-01_Taxiway A Preservation	\$60,349	68,846	84	91
2022	PLR_22-01_Runway 03-21 Rehabilitation	\$1,684,663	406,710	71	100
2023	PLR_23-01_Apron & Hangar TW 01 Reconstruction	\$1,802,404	199,843	14	100
	PLR_23-02_Hangar Taxiway 02 Rehabilitation	\$79,321	15,060	52	100
2024	PLR_24-01_Taxiway A Preservation	\$131,482	137,266	91	97
2025	PLR_25-01_Runway 03-21 Surface Treatment	\$266,608	406,710	96	99
2026	PLR_26-01_Apron Surface Treatment	\$50,516	74,818	93	98
	Total	\$4,075,343			

In addition to the major rehabilitation needs that are identified in the PCIP, PAVER was used to develop maintenance activities to repair specific PCI distresses in Year 1. The estimated costs for these maintenance activities are \$21,241 as summarized in Table ES-3.

Table ES-3: Summary of Localized Maintenance Plan.

Policy	Work Description	Work Quantity	Work Unit	Work Cost
Preventive	Crack Sealing - AC	47	Ft	\$185
Safety	Patching - AC Full-Depth	841	SqFt	\$21,056
			Total	\$21,241



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• Final Report in PDF format

Geo-referenced Field Photos



1 Introduction

1.1. Overview

The Alabama Department of Transportation's Aeronautics Bureau (ALDOT) is responsible for preserving and enhancing Alabama's air transportation system, which consists of 72 airports throughout the State. ALDOT implemented an Airport Pavement Management Program (APMP) in 2008 using the PAVER system. ALDOT awarded a project in 2018 to Jviation Inc. (Jviation) to update the System Plan and conduct an Economic Analysis for the Alabama airports. The scope of work also included an update of the APMP for 59 airports, which was conducted by All About Pavements, Inc., (API), a Jviation team member.

With this update of the APMP, the Alabama airports continue to be eligible for FAA funding for major pavement rehabilitation work under the Airport Improvement Program (AIP) since an APMP meets the pavement maintenance management requirements described in Appendix A of AC 150/5380-6C.

This report discusses the evaluation of the airside pavements at St Clair County Airport (PLR), the current and forecasted pavement condition, and the development of the Pavement Capital Improvement Program (PCIP).

1.2. Work Scope

The goals of the Alabama Statewide Airport Pavement Management Update program are as follows:

- Conduct a visual pavement inspection of the asphalt surfaced pavements for 59 of the 72 public use airports in Alabama.
- Based on the visual inspection analysis results, develop a 7-year PCIP for each airport.

The scope of work is as shown below:

- Conduct a Records Review
- Update Pavement Network Definition
- Conduct Pavement Condition Surveys
- Update and customize existing APMP PAVER database
- Develop PCIP and associated project cost estimates
- Prepare Draft and Final Reports
- Develop a web-based viewer for reporting APMP data

As required in the Scope of Work, a detailed pavement condition survey was not conducted for any Portland Cement Concrete (PCC) aprons and PCC taxiways longer than 2,000 ft. Instead, a condition rating of "Good", "Fair", or "Poor" was assigned based on the overall pavement condition.

The deliverable products include a PAVER 7.0 database, individual airport evaluation reports, a statewide summary report, and the web viewer. The PLR report will be one of the 59 individual airport reports that will be available on ALDOT's website.





1.3. Pavement Management Concept

An APMP provides an integrated framework for comprehensive evaluation and decision making for managing airfield pavements. The essential components of an effective APMP provide for an objective evaluation of the condition of existing pavements, identification of short-term and long-range major rehabilitation work, necessary improvements in the pavement structural capacity, and the recurring maintenance work that should be completed each year. The APMP will also provide a budget for each of these types of pavement construction.

Historically, most organizations have made maintenance decisions based on past experience, without the benefit of documented data or analysis. This practice does not encourage life cycle cost analysis, nor the evaluation of cost effectiveness of alternate scenarios, and can lead to the inefficient use of funds. With limited allocated funding for Maintenance and Repair (M&R) Program projects, a defined procedure for setting priorities and schedules that will maximize the funds available is more important than ever.

In examining the lifespan of a 20-year pavement, a "Good" to "Fair" condition rating may last only 5 to 15 years. After that point, the rate of deterioration of pavements accelerates sharply as the age of the pavement increases, and within five years, the pavement may deteriorate to the point of failure. In order to extend pavement life, maintenance and repairs need to be scheduled and performed before the pavement surface declines to a "fair" condition. The point at which rehabilitation can be done before the steep decline occurs is called the "critical PCI", and is generally considered to occur when the Pavement Condition Index (PCI) is between 60 and 70 for general aviation airports. If the work is done before deterioration accelerates, the cost of rehabilitation can be reduced as shown in Figure 1.1.

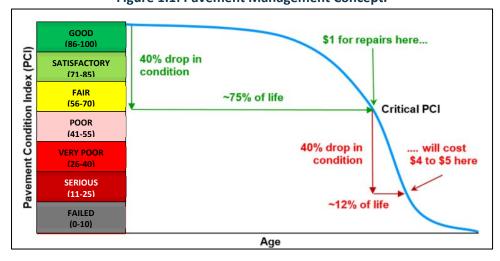


Figure 1.1: Pavement Management Concept.



2 Airfield Pavement Inventory

2.1. Introduction

PLR is a General Aviation (GA) airport located approximately 3 miles south east of Pell City. The airport is owned and operated by the St Clair County Airport Authority. Figure 2.1 shows an aerial image of the airport.



Figure 2.1: St Clair County Airport.

(Source: Google Earth)

2.2. Pavement Inventory

PLR consists of one runway, a parallel taxiway, three connector taxiways, and multiple aprons. The total pavement area is approximately 0.83 million square feet. The only pavement surface at 8A0 is Asphalt Concrete (AC). A complete listing of the pavement sections is included in Appendix A. Runway 03-21 is 5,001 ft. long and 80 ft. wide.

A records search was undertaken to identify any preservation or rehabilitation work that has occurred at PLR since the last APMP update in 2009. The following records that were provided by ALDOT were reviewed, and the PAVER database was updated with work history information:

- Taxiway Rehabilitation Phase I, 2013
- Taxiway Rehabilitation Phase II, 2014
- Runway 03-21 Seal Coat, 2017

2.3. Climatic Conditions

Table 3.1 provides a summary of the climatic data for the geographic region that includes PLR. As the table shows, the pavements at PLR are exposed to freeze-thaw cycles in December and January. The





mean air temperature for January ranges from an average low of 30 degrees °F to an average high of 54 degrees °F. The average annual rainfall at PLR is near 56 inches.

Table 2.1: Average Annual Temperatures and Rainfall for PLR.

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
High Temp (°F)	54	58	67	75	82	88	91	91	85	76	66	56
Low Temp (°F)	30	33	39	46	55	63	68	67	60	48	39	32
Precip. (in)	5.2	6.0	5.4	4.3	4.7	4.7	4.9	3.9	3.5	3.6	5.0	4.5

Source: www.intellicast.com

2.4. Pavement Network Definition

A key element in developing an APMP system is defining the pavement network, which is the process of dividing an agency's pavements into a hierarchical order that facilitates inspection and M&R planning. The PLR network (e.g. all airside pavements) is then divided into branches, which are a readily identifiable part of the pavement system and have distinct functions. For airports, branches typically consist of individual runways, taxiways and aprons. Figure B1A in Appendix B shows the branches at PLR.

Once branches have been defined, pavement evaluation and analysis techniques require the airfield pavement system to be broken up into discrete sections. A pavement "section" is the smallest management unit that is used when considering the application and selection of maintenance and rehabilitation (M&R) treatments, and is defined in Section 2.1.8 of ASTM D 5340-12 as "a contiguous pavement area having uniform construction, maintenance, usage history, and condition. A section should also have the same traffic volume and load intensity." A complete list of the pavement inventory and the corresponding section designations are included in Appendix A. Figure B1B presents the section layout.

To facilitate the visual survey of the airside pavement, each section is further subdivided into conveniently defined sub-section areas, or sample units. Similar sizing is critical as studies have found that maintaining the size of the sample units to within 40 percent of the established norm may reduce the standard error of the average PCI values. To meet that criteria, ASTM recommends that sample units for asphalt pavements be 5,000 square feet (± 2,000).

Table 2.2 was used as a guideline in developing sampling rates that reflect typical rates that are used for other large pavement networks. In general, this sampling rate will not provide a 95% confidence level with a standard error of 5 PCI points. A higher level of sampling is recommended before a project-level rehabilitation design is developed for a pavement section or facility.

Sample units that include a one-time occurrence of a distress (i.e. a large patch) or an unusual severity or quantity of a distress seen elsewhere, were designated as "additional" sample units as described in the ASTM D5340 PCI procedure. This allows the PCI to be calculated without extrapolating the aberrant



distress throughout the section as a whole. In Appendix B, Figure B1C shows the sample unit layout for PLR.

Table 2.2: PCI Sampling Rate for AC Surfaces.

Total Samples	Samples to Inspect
1	1
2	2
3 – 6	3
7 – 13	4
14 – 39	5
> 39	15 percent, but less than 12

2.5. Inventory Summary

There are 9 branches (facilities) at PLR that include 17 pavement sections and a total area of approximately 0.83 million square feet of paved surfaces, as shown in Table 2.3.

Table 2.3: PLR Pavement Branches.

Branch ID	Branch Name	Branch Use	Area, sf	Number of Sections
A01	Apron 01	APRON	74,818	1
R0321	Runway 03-21	RUNWAY	400,080	2
TA	Taxiway A	TAXIWAY	184,300	3
ТВ	Taxiway B	TAXIWAY	6,976	2
TC	Taxiway C	TAXIWAY	7,199	2
TD	Taxiway D	TAXIWAY	7,214	2
TE	Taxiway E	TAXIWAY	7,053	2
THANG01	Taxiway Hangar 01	TAXIWAY	125,025	2
THANG02	Taxiway Hangar 02	TAXIWAY	15,060	1
	<u> </u>	Total	827,725	17

Table 2.4 shows the distribution of airfield pavement by age with the area-weighted age being 25 years for all airside pavements at PLR.

Table 2.4: PLR Pavement Age.

Age (Years)	Number of Sections	Percent of Area	Area, sf
0 – 5	0	0	0
6 – 10	5	16	131,986
11 – 15	6	49	406,710
16 – 20	2	8	62,094
> 20	4	27	226,935





Figure 2.2 shows the distribution by surface type. Figure 2.3 presents the distribution by pavement use (e.g. runway, taxiway, and apron).

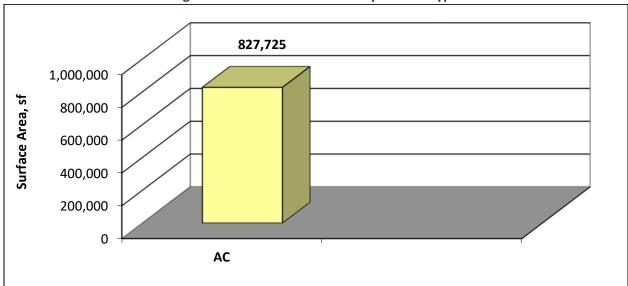
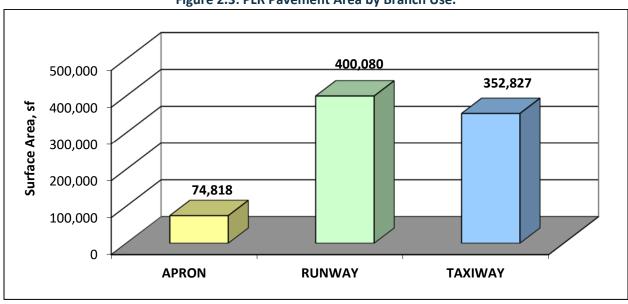


Figure 2.2: PLR Pavement Area by Surface Type.





Maps B1D, B1E, and B1F show the pavement type, branch use, and pavement age, respectively.



3 Pavement Condition

3.1. Introduction

A visual PCI survey of the airside pavements at PLR was conducted in order to assist in the development of a realistic PCIP. The PCI survey measures and records pavement distresses that exist within each of the inspected sample units. This survey was conducted in October 2018 by a two 2-person team. The survey was performed in accordance with the methods described in ASTM D 5340-12 and FAA AC 150/5380-7B, using the sampling rates from Chapter 2 of this API report.

During the pavement survey, Quality Control (QC) and data verification were performed on both the individual distresses and the calculated section PCI values. QC included the following activities;

- Review of distress quantities to identify data entry errors (100% review at the sample unit level). General guidance was used from ASTM D5340-12, section 13, which addresses the precision of distress quantities that are recorded during PCI surveys.
- > Duplicate surveys were performed to ensure consistency between each of the inspectors in a 2-person PCI survey team.

3.2. Pavement Condition Rating Methodology

The PCI is a measure of the pavement's functional surface condition. It provides insight into the causes of each distress, and whether the distress is primarily caused by load, climatic conditions, and other material related deficiencies. The PCI is a numerical rating (on a scale of 0 to 100) that is based on the type, severity and quantity of each distress that is found in an inspected sample unit.

The PCI survey results are displayed using seven categories and ratings in accordance with the ASTM, but can also be presented using a simplified 3-category rating system for use in comparing with other distress related indices, as shown in Table 3.1.





Table 3.1: Pavement Condition Index Rating Scale.

٠	Simplified PCI	ASTM PCI Color	PCI	DCI Potings and Polinition
	Color Legend	Legend	Range	PCI Ratings and Definition
G00D			86-100	GOOD: Pavement has minor or no distresses and should require only routine maintenance.
09			71-85	<u>SATISFACTORY</u> : Pavement has scattered low-severity distresses that should require only routine maintenance.
FAIR			56-70	<u>FAIR</u> : Pavement has a combination of generally low- and medium-severity distresses. Near-term maintenance and repair needs may range from routine to major.
			41-55	<u>POOR</u> : Pavement has low-, medium-, and high-severity distresses that probably cause some operational problems. Near-term M&R needs range from routine to major. requirement for
OR			26-40	<u>VERY POOR</u> : Pavement has predominantly medium- and high- severity distresses that cause considerable maintenance & operational problems. Near-term M&R needs will be major.
POOR			11-25	SERIOUS: Pavement has mainly high-severity distresses that cause operational restrictions; immediate repairs are needed.
			0-10	<u>FAILED</u> : Pavement deterioration has progressed to the point that safe aircraft operations are no longer possible; complete reconstruction is required.

3.3. Distress Types

The ASTM D5340 standard considers 17 distresses, which tend to fall into one of the following four cause categories:

- ➤ <u>Load related</u>: AC distresses include alligator cracking, corrugation, depression, polished aggregate, rutting and slippage cracking; PCC distresses include corner breaks, longitudinal cracking, divided slabs, polished aggregate, pumping and joint spalling.
- Climate and durability related: AC distresses include bleeding, block cracking, joint reflection cracking, longitudinal and transverse (L&T) cracking, swelling, raveling, and weathering; PCC distresses include blow-ups, "D" cracking, longitudinal cracking, pop-outs, pumping, scaling, shrinkage cracks, and joint and corner spalling.
- Moisture & Drainage related: AC distresses include alligator cracking, depressions, potholes and swelling; PCC distresses include corner breaks, divided slabs and pumping.
- ➤ Other factors: Oil spillage, jet blast erosion, bleeding, patching and concrete slab joint faulting.



As described above, distress may have more than one cause. For example, depressions may be caused by incorrect compaction during construction, or by subgrade softening due to environmental factors. In addition, a distress may be initiated by one cause but may progress to a distress of higher severity by another cause. Therefore, engineering judgment is critical in analyzing the actual causes of the distress.

Distress descriptions provided in Appendix C were taken from the "PCI Field Manual," developed by the U.S. Army Construction Engineering Research Lab (CERL), latest edition. Appendix C provides a detailed explanation of each type of AC and PCC surface distress.

3.4. Additional PCI-based Indices

The distress data used to compute PCI can also be used to calculate additional indices that are helpful in understanding the condition of the pavement and developing PCIP recommendations. One additional index that was computed is the Foreign Object Damage (FOD) potential index.

The FOD index was developed by the US Air Force and is described in detail in the US Army Corp of Engineers Engineering Technical Letter (ETL) 04-09, Pavement Engineering Assessment (EA) Standards. Loose objects on an airfield pavement surface resulting from pavement distresses can be detrimental to aircraft engines, specifically engines that are low to the ground. The objects are ingested into the engines causing costly damage and presenting a safety hazard. Not all pavement distresses create a FOD potential. Therefore, an additional index was identified that uses the results of the PCI distress survey. As shown in Figure 3.1, the scale ranges from 0 to 100 with 0 being no FOD potential. Note that the FOD index uses a simplified three color scale.

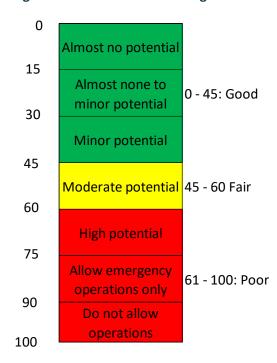


Figure 3.1: FOD Potential Rating Scale.





PCI Survey Results 3.5.

The airside pavements at PLR include 17 sections with 247 sample units. The sample number of sample units that were surveyed in the field is 48, which is 19 percent of the total samples. Data from the inspected sample units were input into the PAVER database and a resultant PCI for each section was computed.

Figure 3.2 presents the area-weighted PCI by use and the overall airside network.

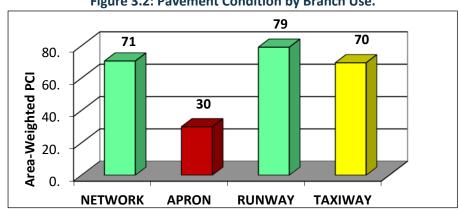


Figure 3.2: Pavement Condition by Branch Use.

Figure 3.3 shows the distribution of the PLR pavement network by condition. Approximately 24 percent of the network is in "Poor" or worse condition.

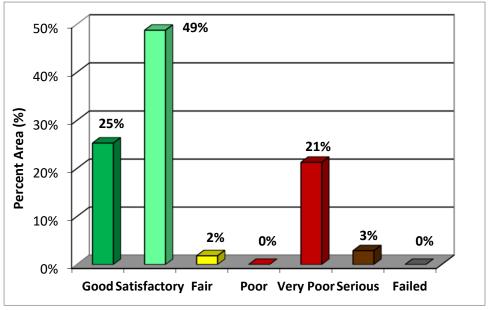


Figure 3.3: Pavement Condition by Percent of Area.



Table 3.2 is a listing of the section PCI.

Table 3.2: Section PCI.

Branch ID	Name	Section ID	Surface	Area (sf)	PCI	PCI Category	FOD
A01	Apron 01	01	AC	74,818	30	Very Poor	65
R0321	Runway 03-21	01	AC	18,400	82	Satisfactory	29
R0321	Runway 03-21	02	AC	381,680	79	Satisfactory	33
TA	Taxiway A	01	AC	47,034	86	Good	25
TA	Taxiway A	02	AC	27,092	98	Good	11
TA	Taxiway A	03	AC	110,174	99	Good	10
ТВ	Taxiway B	01	AC	1,241	88	Good	22
ТВ	Taxiway B	02	AC	5,735	96	Good	13
TC	Taxiway C	01	AC	1,984	86	Good	25
TC	Taxiway C	02	AC	5,215	95	Good	14
TD	Taxiway D	01	AC	2,081	83	Satisfactory	28
TD	Taxiway D	02	AC	5,133	96	Good	13
TE	Taxiway E	01	AC	1,324	82	Satisfactory	29
TE	Taxiway E	02	AC	5,729	95	Good	14
THANG01	Taxiway Hangar 01	01	AC	101,241	26	Very Poor	75
THANG01	Taxiway Hangar 01	02	AC	23,784	20	Serious	89
THANG02	Taxiway Hangar 02	01	AC	15,060	70	Fair	43

Figure B2A and B2B in Appendix B are maps of the section PCI in 7- and 3-scale categories, respectively. Figures B2C is a map of the FOD rating. Appendix D contains a detailed report of the PCI values and distress type, quantity, and severity data for each sample unit that was surveyed in a section. Appendix E is a summary report of the extrapolated distress data at the section level.

Appendix F contains current section and branch PCI data and forecasted section PCI values. FOD values by section and branch are also presented. Figure B2D in Appendix B shows the locations of the photos that were taken during the survey. Photos are included in Appendix J.

3.6. PCC Pavements

As stated earlier, the project scope did not include a detailed pavement condition survey for any Portland Cement Concrete (PCC) aprons. For these pavements, a rating of "Good", "Fair", or "Poor" was assigned based on the overall pavement condition. Figure 3.4 shows the condition rating for the PCC aprons at PLR.





Legend
PCC Apron Condition
Good
Fair
Poor

Figure 3.4: PCC Apron Condition Rating.



4 Pavement Capital Improvement Program

4.1. Introduction

PCI data were collected and entered into the PAVER database. In addition, the database customization included the following components, which are described in detail in this chapter.

- 1. Performance Modeling
- 2. Maintenance & Repair (M&R) Triggers (Critical PCI)
- 3. M&R Policies
- 4. Unit Costs

Once the database was customized, it was used to run budget analysis scenarios and develop a 7-year PCIP.

4.2. Performance Modeling

To determine long-term M&R needs, a APMP must be able to predict future pavement condition. Future pavement condition is predicted using equation models that are generated from current and historical PCI data. Equation models are developed by grouping pavements based on similar performance characteristics such as region, construction history, surface type, traffic, priority and use. Mathematical techniques such as straight-line extrapolation and regression that include boundary and outlier filters are used to develop models that provide the best fit equation for the pavement condition data. PAVER's Prediction Modeling module was used to develop pavement performance models that are commonly referred to as 'Family Curves'.

Prediction models are used at the section level to compute future conditions based on the typical performance of the pavement sections that are included in each model. Future condition is computed by defining its position relative to the prediction model. The section prediction curve, or equation, is drawn through the current PCI-age point for each specific section. Since the shifted curve will run parallel to the computed prediction model, the predicted condition can be computed for any future age. Figure 4.1 is an illustration of this process.

Prediction models provide an effective way to compute future pavement performance based on past and current conditions, and pavement maintenance and rehabilitation practices. As new PCI inspection surveys are conducted, these models should be updated accordingly. In the case of the Alabama statewide airport pavement network, the best fit family curves were developed for each region by grouping pavements according to branch use (e.g. runway, taxiway) and surface type (e.g. AC, AAC, and APC). The family curves for ALDOT were developed based on branch use and are presented in Figure 4.2.





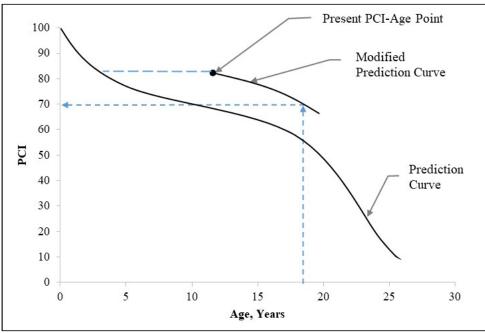
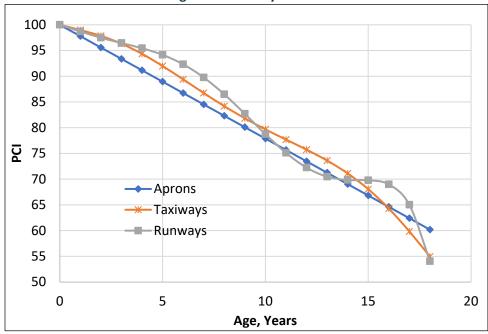


Figure 4.1: PCI Forecasting.







4.3. Critical PCI Values

The Critical PCI value is defined as "the PCI value at which the rate of PCI loss increases with time, or the cost of applying localized preventive maintenance increases significantly." This definition is incorporated into PAVER in defining and measuring the critical PCI values. These values, or M&R triggers, are assigned for each prediction model. As such, the critical PCI values are directly related to the branch use.

These critical PCI levels are selected based on several factors including a review of performance models; experience; other airport triggers; and acknowledge that time is required for funding approval and design. Note that preventive maintenance is recommended, and it should generally be performed above the critical PCI (trigger) values and Major M&R is generally performed below them. The critical PCI (CP) values were set at 70 for runways and taxiways, and 65 for other pavements.

4.4. M&R Policies and Unit Costs

M&R policies refer to the activities that are applied at different condition levels to maintain and repair a pavement section.

Maintenance activities are localized activities which are typically assigned in the first year of the M&R plan based on the observed distresses. Safety (stopgap) maintenance addresses distresses that would affect operational safety if left unrepaired and is applied to pavements below the critical PCI. Preventive maintenance activities are aimed at slowing the rate of deterioration through consistent maintenance of existing pavements and are generally applied to pavements above the critical PCI. Appendix G presents the policies for preventive and safety maintenance.

Repair activities are conducted for larger areas, typically at the section level and are assigned based on the critical PCI. Repair activities broadly consist of three categories: preservation, rehabilitation, and reconstruction. Pavement preservation involves activities like surface treatments that are used to extend pavement service life and to delay more expensive rehabilitation work. These are applied when the pavement is in relatively good condition and does not exhibit any structural distress. Rehabilitation activities are used to repair pavements below or around the critical PCI and typically include mill and overlay. Reconstruction is recommended when the pavement has deteriorated to a level where rehabilitation is no longer cost effective.

Table 4.1 lists the pavement activity types, the individual activities within each type, and their associated 2020 unit costs. A more detailed description of the M&R activities and the development of the M&R unit costs is presented in Appendix H.

In accordance with ALDOT's focus on preservation, surface treatment is applied to all resurfaced and reconstructed runways, taxiways, and aprons three years after construction work is complete. Taxilanes and T-Hangar pavements are excluded from this requirement. This policy is applicable for projects in the PCIP between 2021 and 2024. For cost estimating, this surface treatment is assumed to have the same cost as the runway surface treatment.





Table 4.1: M&R Activities and Unit Costs.

Activity Type	PCI	Activity	Cost/sf
		Seal Cracks – AC (\$/If)	\$3.95
Maintenance	Note 1	AC Full-Depth Patching	\$25.05
		AC Partial-Depth Patching	\$16.28
Drocomustion	75.00	Runway Surface Treatment	\$0.57
Preservation	75-90	Taxiway and Apron Surface Treatment	\$0.85
	> CP	2" AC OL ²	\$3.54
Rehabilitation	55 - CP	Mill 2" & 2" AC OL	\$3.90
	45 - 55	Mill 2" & 3" AC OL	\$4.82
Reconstruction	0 - 45	AC Reconstruction	\$8.25

¹ Preventive > CP; Safety (Stopgap) < CP

4.5. Pavement CIP Development

The PAVER database, updated with condition data and customized with condition performance priorities, policies, and costs; was used to evaluate the effect of multiple funding levels on the overall future pavement condition. This output was further used to develop the PCIP. Figure 4.3 illustrates the process that PAVER uses in the funding analysis.

The following M&R funding levels were used for the PLR pavement network to help establish the 7-Year PCIP. Figure 4.4 presents the network area-weighted average PCI for each of the following funding scenarios at the end of the analysis period:

- Unlimited Funding: Unlimited funding is available for all pavement needs. The PCI increases to 91 by 2027.
- Maintain PCI: Maintain existing PCI of 71.
- Constrained Funding: This scenario constrains the funding to \$1 million each year (total of \$7 million). The PCI reaches 73 in 2027.
- > Do Nothing: Performing no M&R would reduce the network PCI from 71 to 48 by 2027.



² For sections with structural distress and PCI > CP

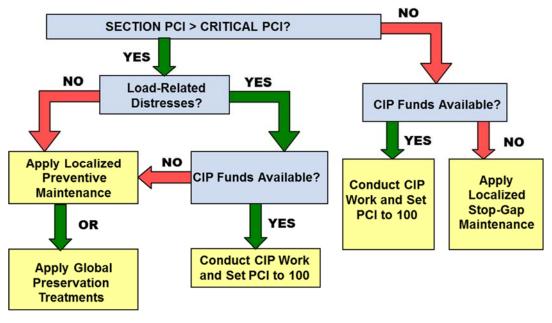


Figure 4.3: Budget Analysis Process.



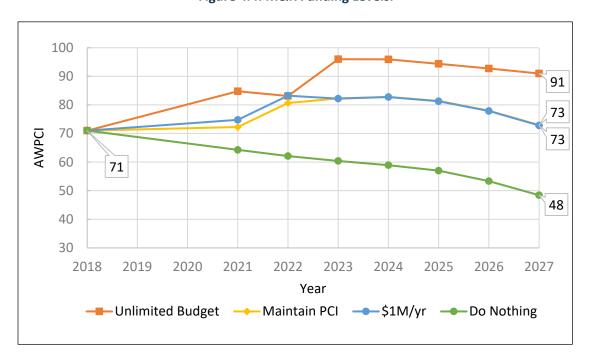


Table 4.2 summarizes the annual funding required for the above analyses. For the unlimited analysis, all pavement needs are funded in the year they are required. Therefore, the unfunded costs are zero. The total funded amount over the 7-year period is approximately \$3.6 million. For the annual funding level of \$1 million per year, funding is prioritized based on the prioritization matrix. When the needs exceed the funding for any year, the remaining sections are transferred to the succeeding year and the amount





for these activities are represented as "unfunded". The "unfunded" repairs in 2027 for this funding level is approximately \$2 million.

Constrained **Unlimited** Maintain PCI Do Nothing Year \$1M/year 2021 \$1,770,000 \$778,000 \$964,000 \$0 2022 \$24,000 \$909,000 \$884,000 \$0 \$1,607,000 \$0 2023 \$240,000 \$32,000 2024 \$84,000 \$87,000 \$88,000 \$0 \$0 2025 \$21,000 \$25,000 \$25,000 2026 \$17,000 \$22,000 \$22,000 \$0 2027 \$0 \$10,000 \$18,000 \$19,000 Total \$3,532,000 \$2,080,000 \$2,033,000 \$0 2027 Backlog \$1,973,000 \$1,973,000 \$5,236,000

Table 4.2: Summary of M&R Funding Level Analyses.

Map B3A in Appendix B presents the 2027 forecasted PCI by section when the M&R activities recommended in the CIP are not conducted.

4.6. Pavement Capital Improvement Program

The unlimited funding analysis contains rehabilitation activities for sections from the same branch spread out over the seven-year period, which is not always operationally feasible to construct. The analysis output was treated as a starting point in developing the CIP. Sections were often integrated together to account for construction feasibility and other factors, resulting in larger projects which were more realistic. In addition, each project could contain sections whose condition did not trigger rehabilitation but were included to provide a logical plan which would avoid creating "islands" of newer pavement within a particular feature. For example, if the PAVER analysis showed rehabilitation was required for eight out of 10 sections on a runway, the entire runway would be recommended for rehabilitation to provide a continuous new pavement surface.

Table 4.3 shows the projects and the associated costs for the recommended 7-year PCIP. Table 4.4 is a more detailed view of the PCIP. This table lists the individual pavement section, section level M&R work, section repair cost, surface area and the PCI before the M&R is applied. The costs that are presented represent an annual escalation rate of 3% for the unit costs. The total 7-year PCIP cost is approximately \$4.1 million. Map B3B shows the recommended repair types, while Map B3C presents the recommended projects and activities in the PCIP. Appendix I1 presents a summary of the recommended activities and cost by year for each section at PLR.



Table 4.3: Summary of 7-Year PCIP by Project.

Project Year	CIP Project	Total Project Cost	Total Project Area (sf)	AWPCI Before	AWPCI After
2021	PLR_21-01_Taxiway A Preservation	\$60,349	68,846	84	91
2022	PLR_22-01_Runway 03-21 Rehabilitation	\$1,684,663	406,710	71	100
2023	PLR_23-01_Apron & Hangar TW 01 Reconstruction	\$1,802,404	199,843	14	100
	PLR_23-02_Hangar Taxiway 02 Rehabilitation	\$79,321	15,060	52	100
2024	PLR_24-01_Taxiway A Preservation	\$131,482	137,266	91	97
2025	PLR_25-01_Runway 03-21 Surface Treatment	\$266,608	406,710	96	99
2026	PLR_26-01_Apron Surface Treatment	\$50,516	74,818	93	98
	Total	\$4,075,343			

Table 4.4: Summary of 7-Year PCIP by Project and Section.

Table 4.4: Summary of 7-Year PCIP by Project and Section.								
Branch	Section	Area, SF	PCI Before Rehab	Activity Activity Type		Cost		
PLR_21-01_	PLR_21-01_Taxiway A Preservation				\$60,349			
TA	01	47,034	81	Taxiway & Apron Surface Treatment	, . Preservation			
ТВ	02	5,735	91	Taxiway & Apron Surface Treatment	Preservation	\$5,027		
TC	02	5,215	90	Taxiway & Apron Surface Treatment	Preservation	\$4,571		
TD	02	5,133	91	Taxiway & Apron Surface Treatment	Preservation	\$4,499		
TE	02	5,729	90	Taxiway & Apron Surface Treatment	Preservation	\$5,022		
PLR_22-01_Runway 03-21 Rehabilitation						\$1,684,663		
R0321	01	18,400	71	Mill 2" & 2" AC OL	Rehabilitation	\$76,216		
R0321	02	381,680	70	Mill 2" & 2" AC OL	Rehabilitation	\$1,580,984		
ТВ	01	1,241	80	Mill 2" & 2" AC OL	Rehabilitation	\$5,140		
TC	01	1,984	79	Mill 2" & 2" AC OL	Rehabilitation	\$8,218		
TD	01	2,081	76	Mill 2" & 2" AC OL	Rehabilitation	\$8,620		
TE	01	1,324	75	Mill 2" & 2" AC OL	Rehabilitation	\$5,484		
PLR_23-01_Apron & Hangar TW 01 Reconstruction						\$1,802,404		
A01	01	74,818	21	AC Reconstruction	Reconstruction	\$674,791		
THANG01	01	101,241	11	AC Reconstruction	Reconstruction	\$913,103		
THANG01	02	23,784	5	AC Reconstruction	Reconstruction	\$214,510		
PLR_23-02_Hangar Taxiway 02 Rehabilitation						\$79,321		
THANG02 01 15,060 52 Mill 2" & 3" AC OL Rehabilitation						\$79,321		
PLR_24-01_Taxiway A Preservation						\$131,482		





Branch	Section	Area, SF	PCI Before Rehab	Activity Activity Type		Cost
ТА	02	27,092	87	Taxiway & Apron Surface Treatment	Preservation	\$25,950
ТА	03	110,174	89	Taxiway & Apron Surface Treatment Preservation		\$105,532
PLR_25-01_Runway 03-21 Surface Treatment						\$266,608
R0321	01	18,400	-	Surface Treatment	Preservation	\$12,062
R0321	02	381,680	-	Surface Treatment	Preservation	\$250,201
ТВ	01	1,241	-	Surface Treatment	Preservation	\$814
TC	01	1,984	-	Surface Treatment	Preservation	\$1,301
TD	01	2,081	-	Surface Treatment	Preservation	\$1,364
TE	01	1,324	-	Surface Treatment Preservation		\$868
PLR_26-01_Apron Surface Treatment						\$50,516
A01	01	74,818	-	Surface Treatment Preservation		\$50,516
					Total	\$4,075,343

The FAA, under the Airport Improvement Program (AIP) provides approximately 90 percent of eligible costs for planning and development of public-use airports included in the NPIAS as grants. The remaining 10 percent of costs are shared between ALDOT and the airport sponsor. The following is the distribution of the 7-yr PCIP cost of \$4.1 million for PLR:

➤ FAA (90%): \$3.7 million
 ➤ ALDOT (5%): \$0.2 million
 ➤ Airport Sponsor (5%): \$0.2 million

The recommendations within the PCIP are based on a network-level study and should be used for planning purposes only. A detailed project-level assessment should be conducted for each project to determine the appropriate repair activities and develop more accurate cost estimates.

Table 4.5 summarizes the maintenance activities that are recommended for Year 1 (2021). The estimated cost is approximately \$21,241. A complete listing of the maintenance activities by section is presented in Appendix I2. This may be used as a basis for establishing an annual maintenance budget for the PLR pavements.

Table 4.5: Summary of Year-1 Maintenance Plan.

Policy	Work Description	Work Quantity	Work Unit	Work Cost	
Preventive	Crack Sealing - AC	47	Ft	\$185	
Safety	Patching - AC Full-Depth	841	SqFt	\$21,056	
			Total	\$21,241	





Appendix A
Pavement Inventory Report
St Clair County Airport (PLR)

Branch ID	Name	Branch Use	Section ID	Rank ¹	Length (ft)	Width (ft)	Area (sf)	LCD ²	Surface ³
A01	Apron 01 Pell City	APRON	01	S	315	205	74,818	1/1/1960	AC
R0321	Runway 03-21 Pell City	RUNWAY	01	Р	230	80	18,400	8/8/2008	AC
R0321	Runway 03-21 Pell City	RUNWAY	02	Р	4,771	80	381,680	8/8/2008	AC
TA	Taxiway A Pell City	TAXIWAY	01	Р	1,050	35	47,034	10/3/2003	AC
TA	Taxiway A Pell City	TAXIWAY	03	Р	2,975	35	110,174	10/2/2013	AC
TA	Taxiway A Pell City	TAXIWAY	02	Р	707	35	27,092	1/1/1960	AC
ТВ	Taxiway B Pell City	TAXIWAY	01	S	33	35	1,241	8/8/2008	AC
ТВ	Taxiway B Pell City	TAXIWAY	02	S	147	35	5,735	10/2/2013	AC
TC	Taxiway C Pell City	TAXIWAY	01	S	54	35	1,984	8/8/2008	AC
TC	Taxiway C Pell City	TAXIWAY	02	S	126	35	5,215	10/2/2013	AC
TD	Taxiway D Pell City	TAXIWAY	02	S	125	35	5,133	10/2/2013	AC
TD	Taxiway D Pell City	TAXIWAY	01	S	55	35	2,081	8/8/2008	AC
TE	Taxiway E Pell City	TAXIWAY	02	S	148	35	5,729	10/2/2013	AC
TE	Taxiway E Pell City	TAXIWAY	01	S	35	35	1,324	8/8/2008	AC
THANG01	Taxiway Hangar 01 Pell City	TAXIWAY	02	Т	658	35	23,784	1/1/1960	AC
THANG01	Taxiway Hangar 01 Pell City	TAXIWAY	01	Т	1,090	65	101,241	1/1/1960	AC
THANG02	Taxiway Hangar 02 Pell City	TAXIWAY	01	T	427	30	15,060	1/1/2001	AC

¹ P = Primary pavement, S = Secondary pavement, T = Tertiary pavement

² LCD = Last construction date. The date of the last major pavement rehabilitation (e.g. AC overlay)

³ AC = Asphalt Cement Concrete, AAC = Aphalt Overlay AC, PCC = Portland cement Concrete, APC = Asphalt Overlay PCC

APPENDIX B

PMP Maps

B1: Inventory Maps

B1A: Branch Identification B1B: Section Identification B1C: Sample Unit Layout

B1D: Pavement Type

B1E: Branch Use

B1F: Pavement Age

B2: Surface Condition Maps

B2A: 7-Color PCI B2B: 3-Color PCI

B2C: FOD Rating

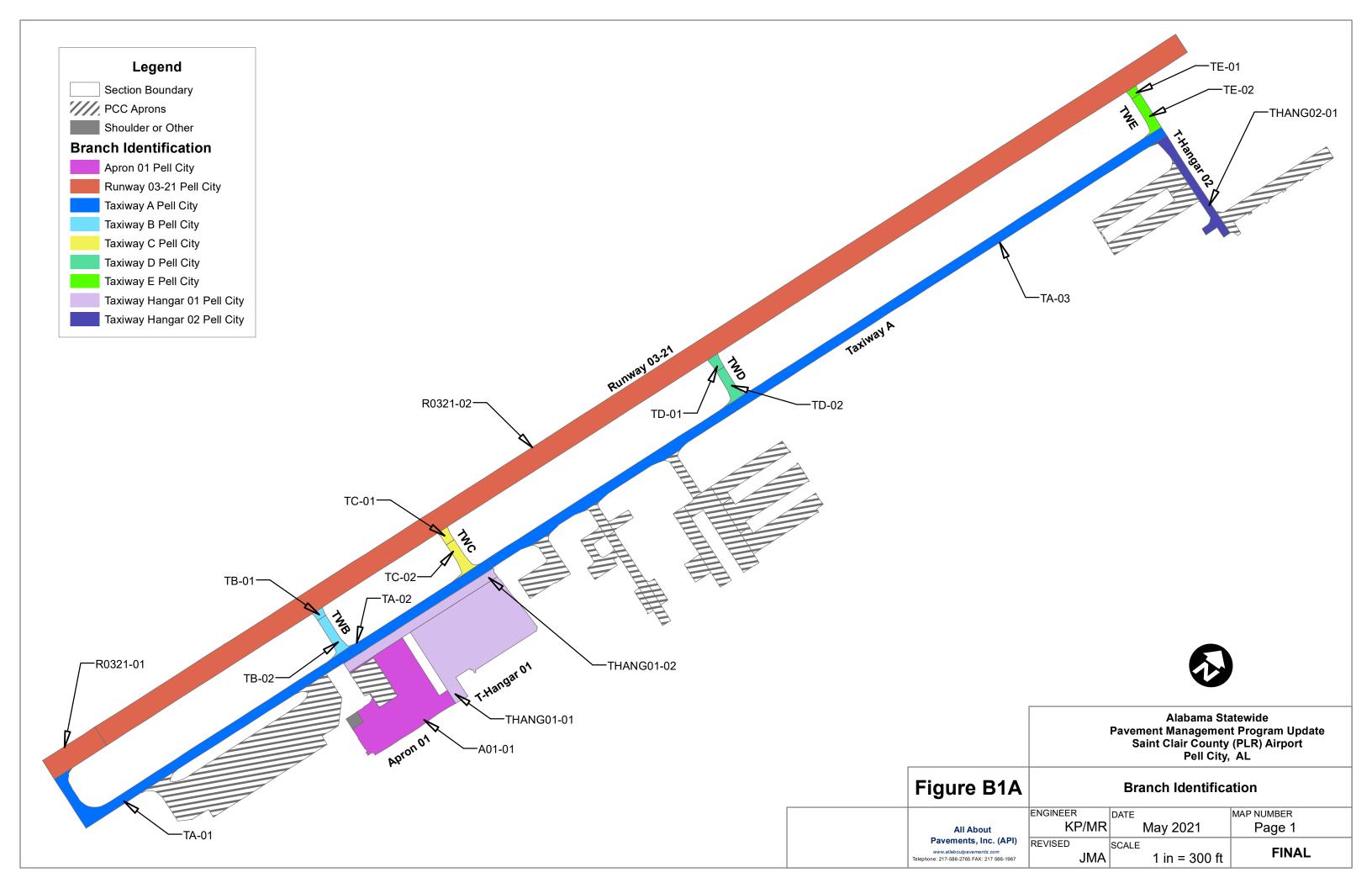
B2D: Survey Photo Locations

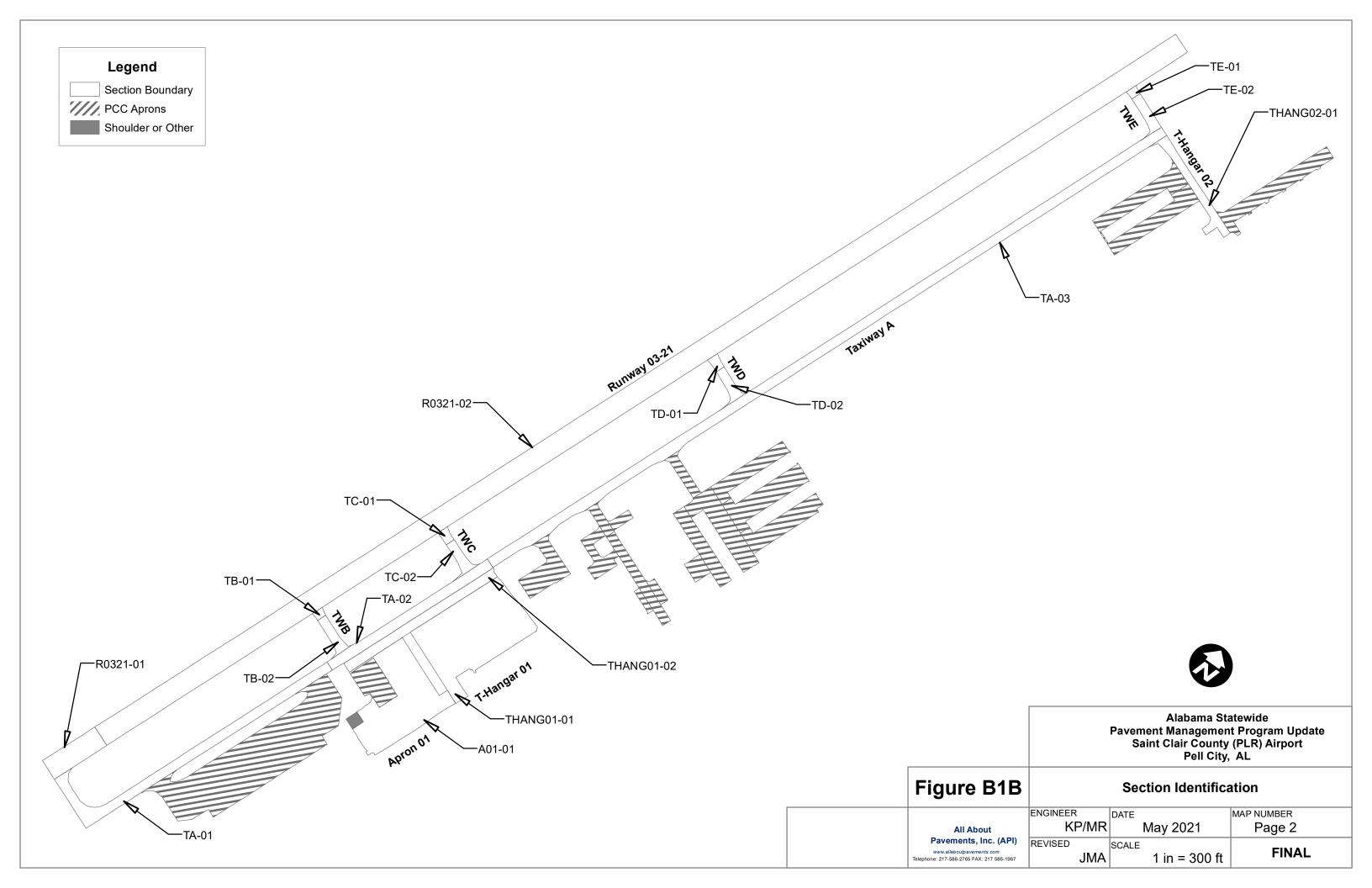
B3: Pavement Capital Improvement Plan (PCIP) Maps

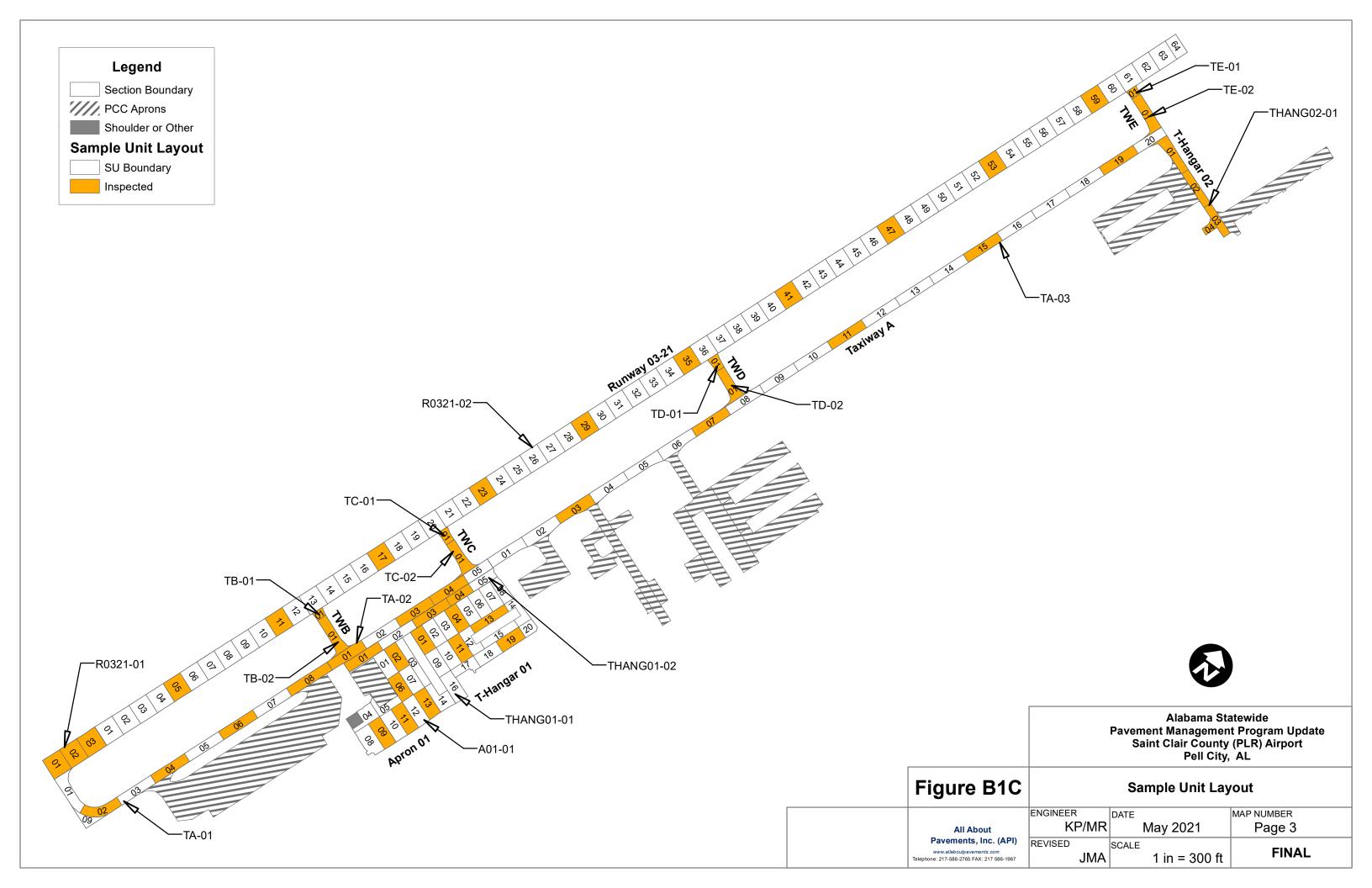
B3A: 2027 Forecasted PCI without PCIP

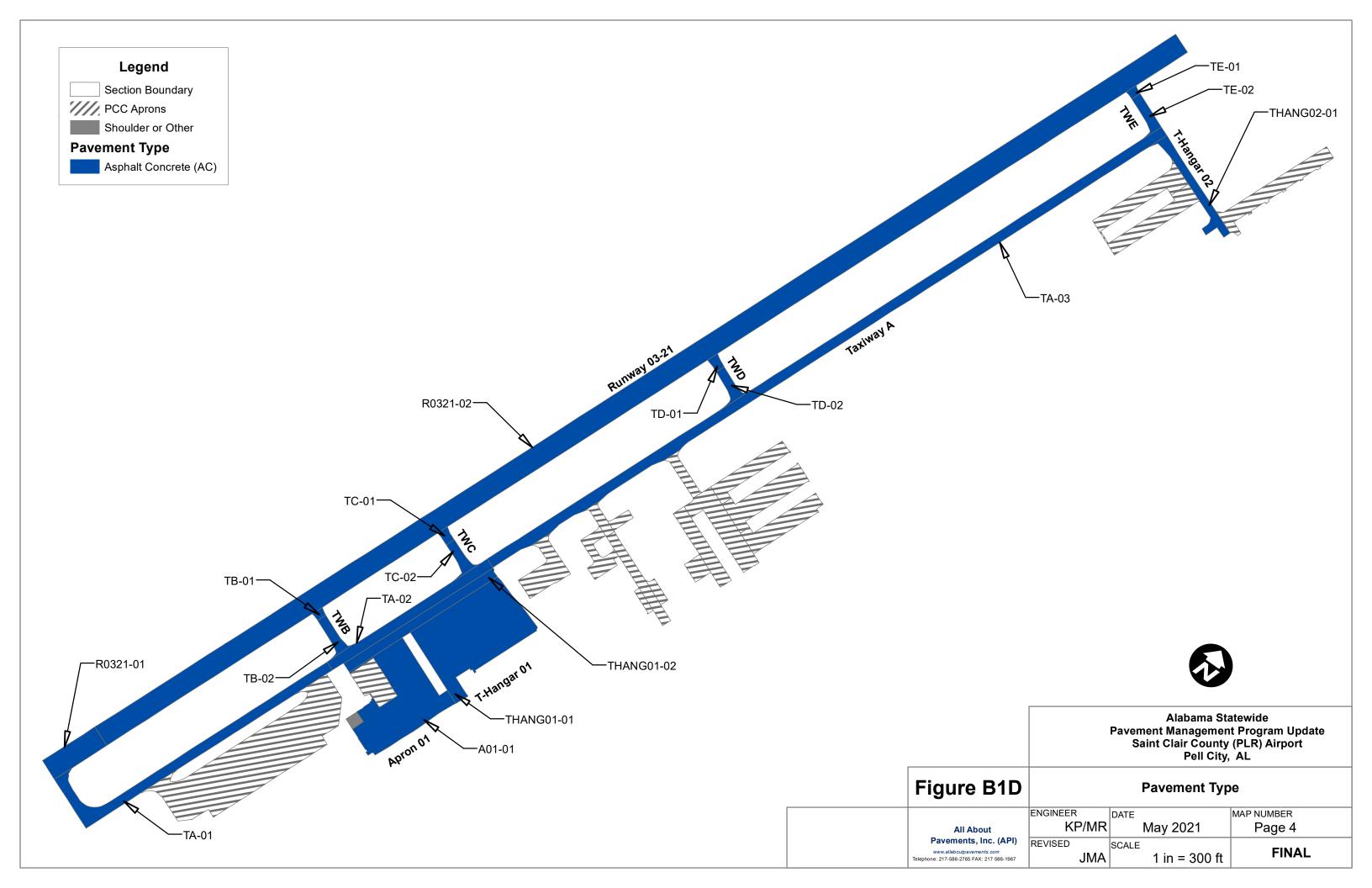
B3B: M&R Needs

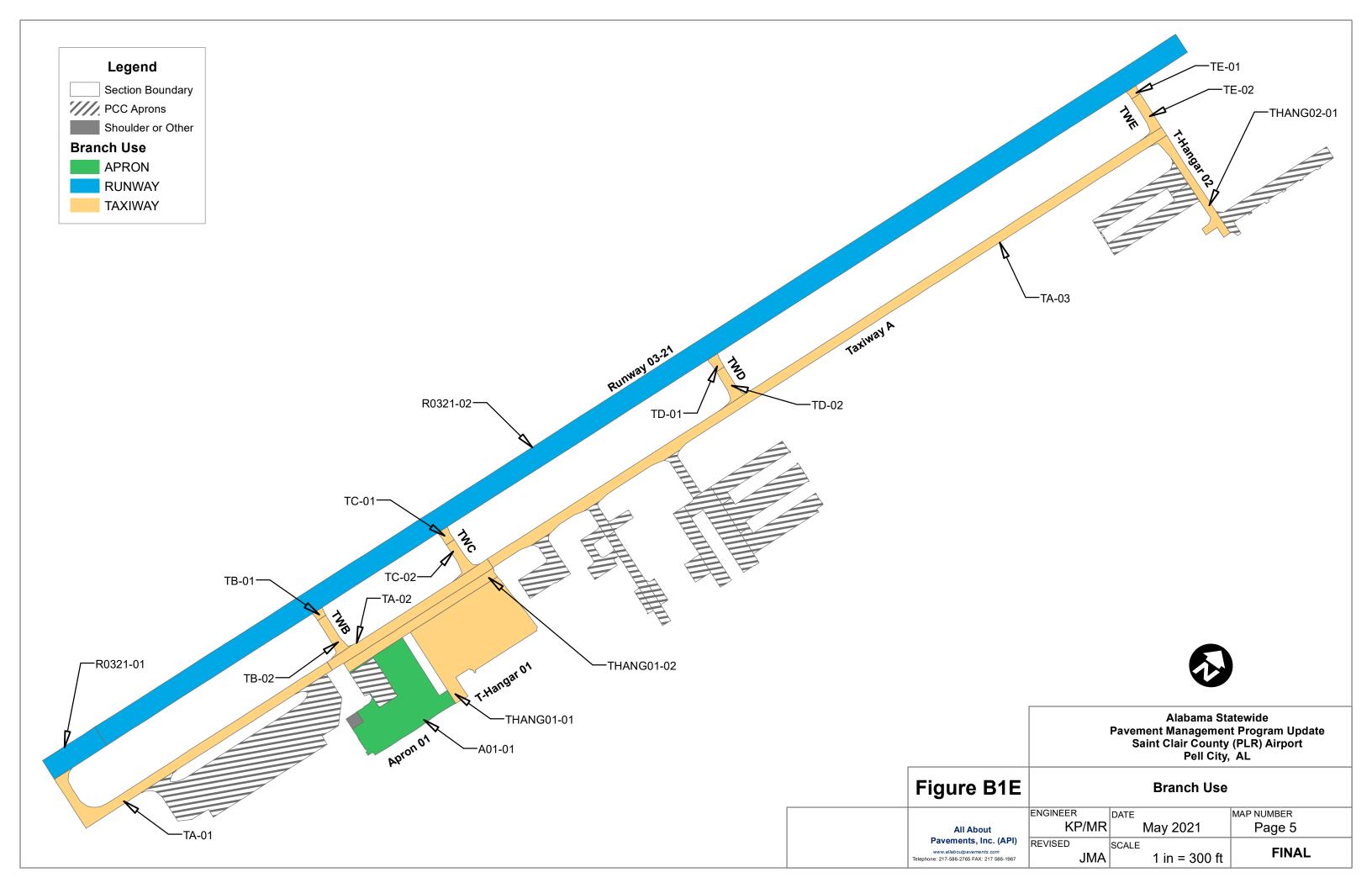
B3C: PCIP Recommendations

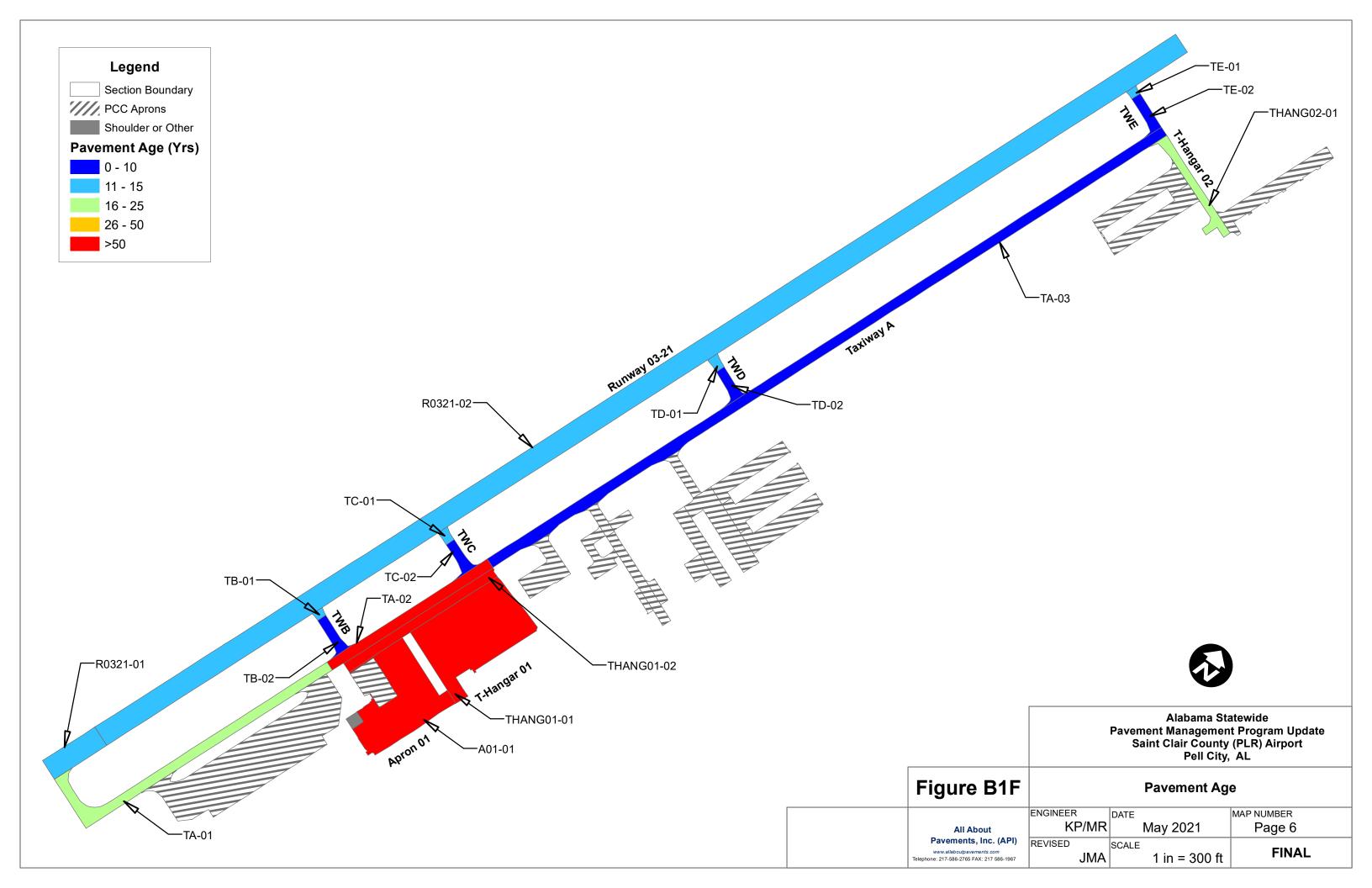


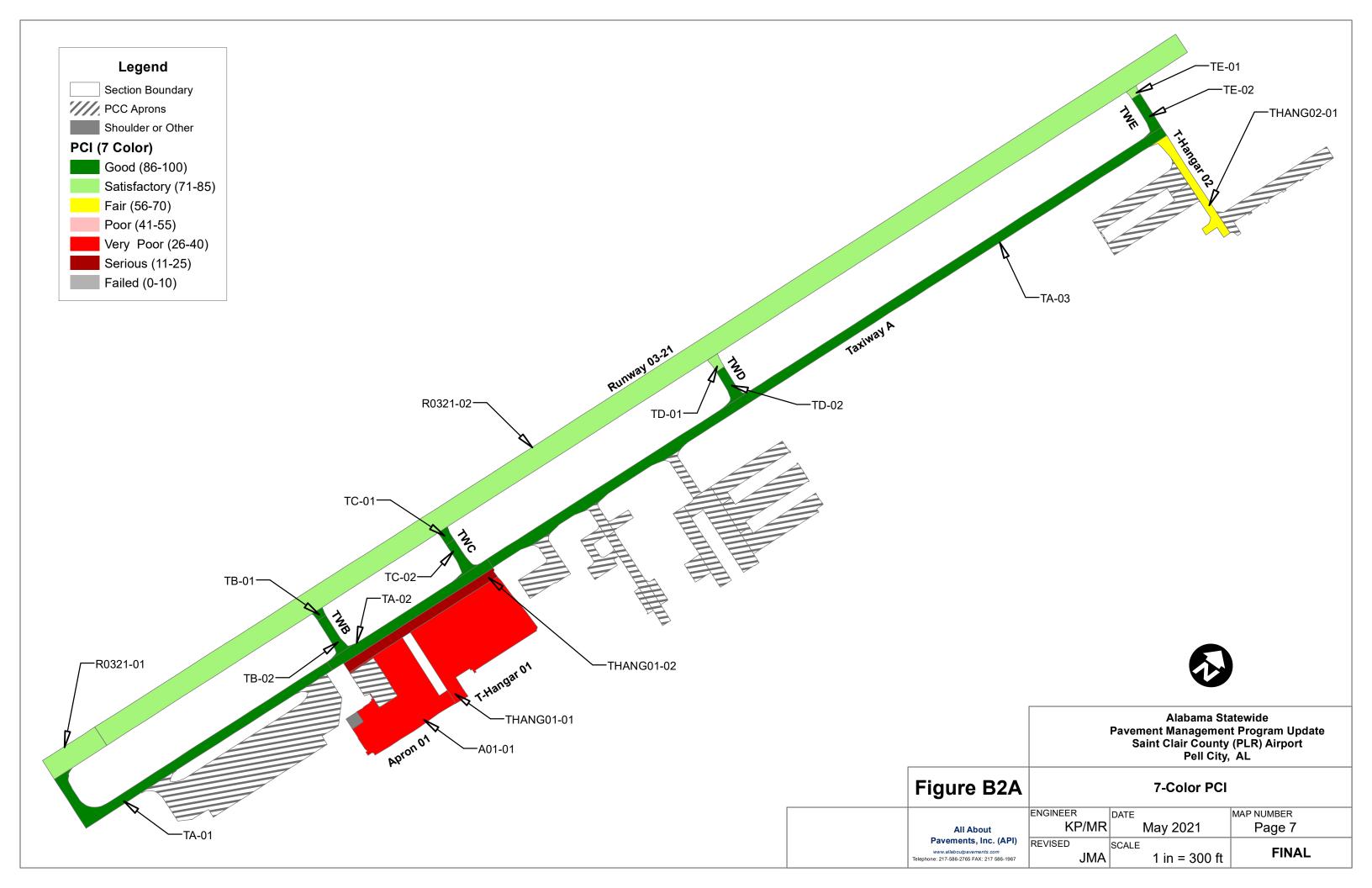


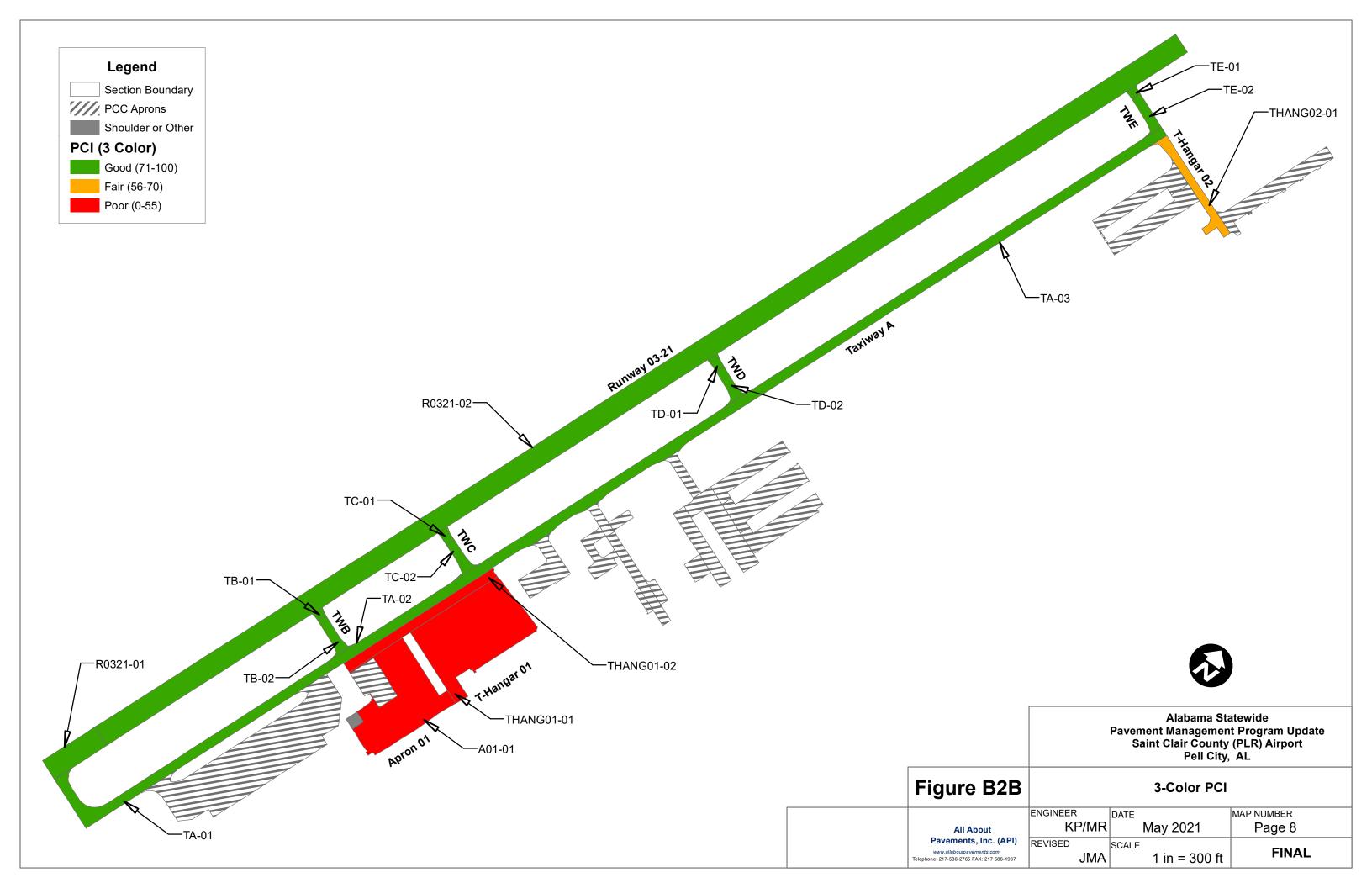


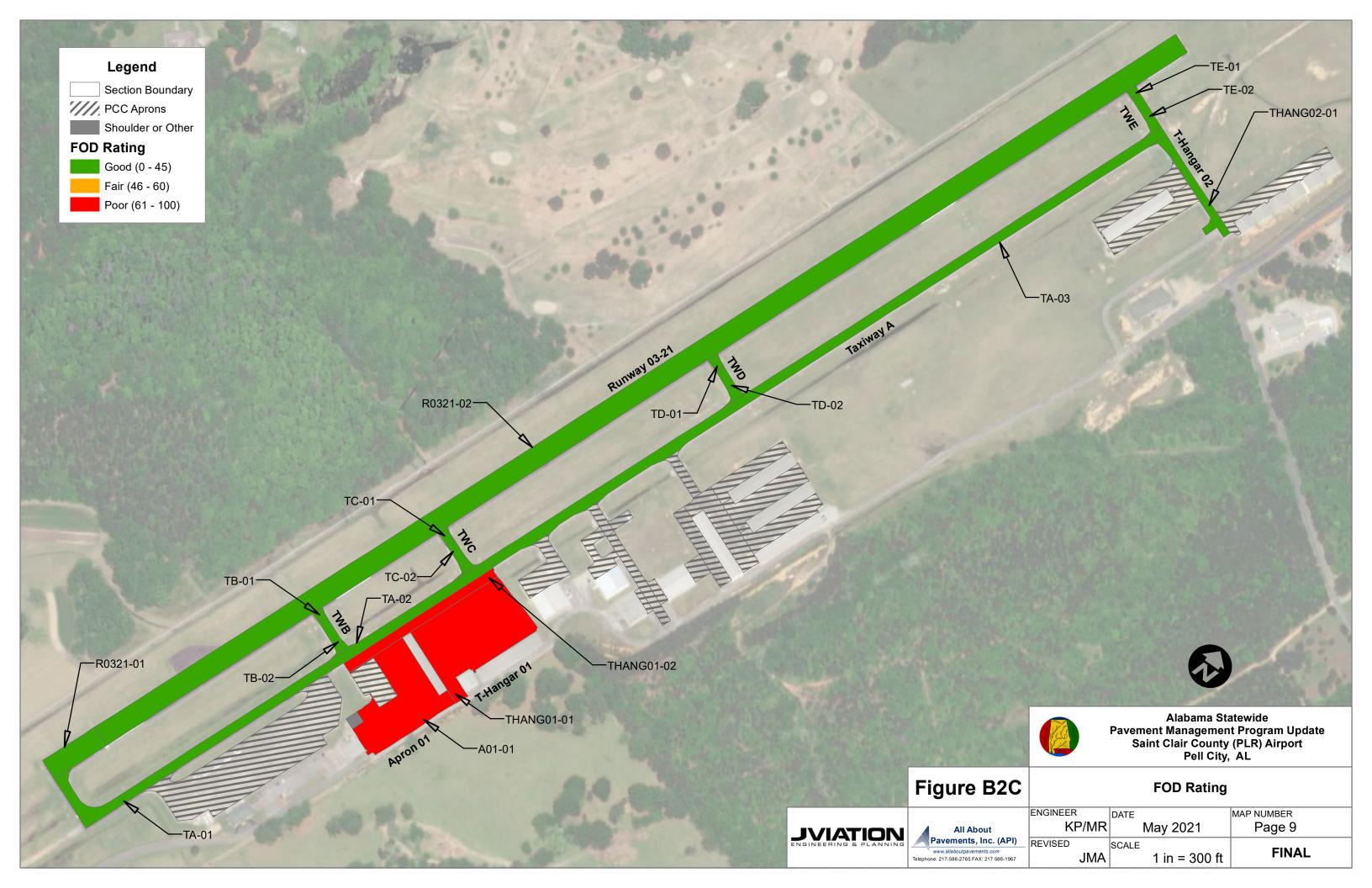


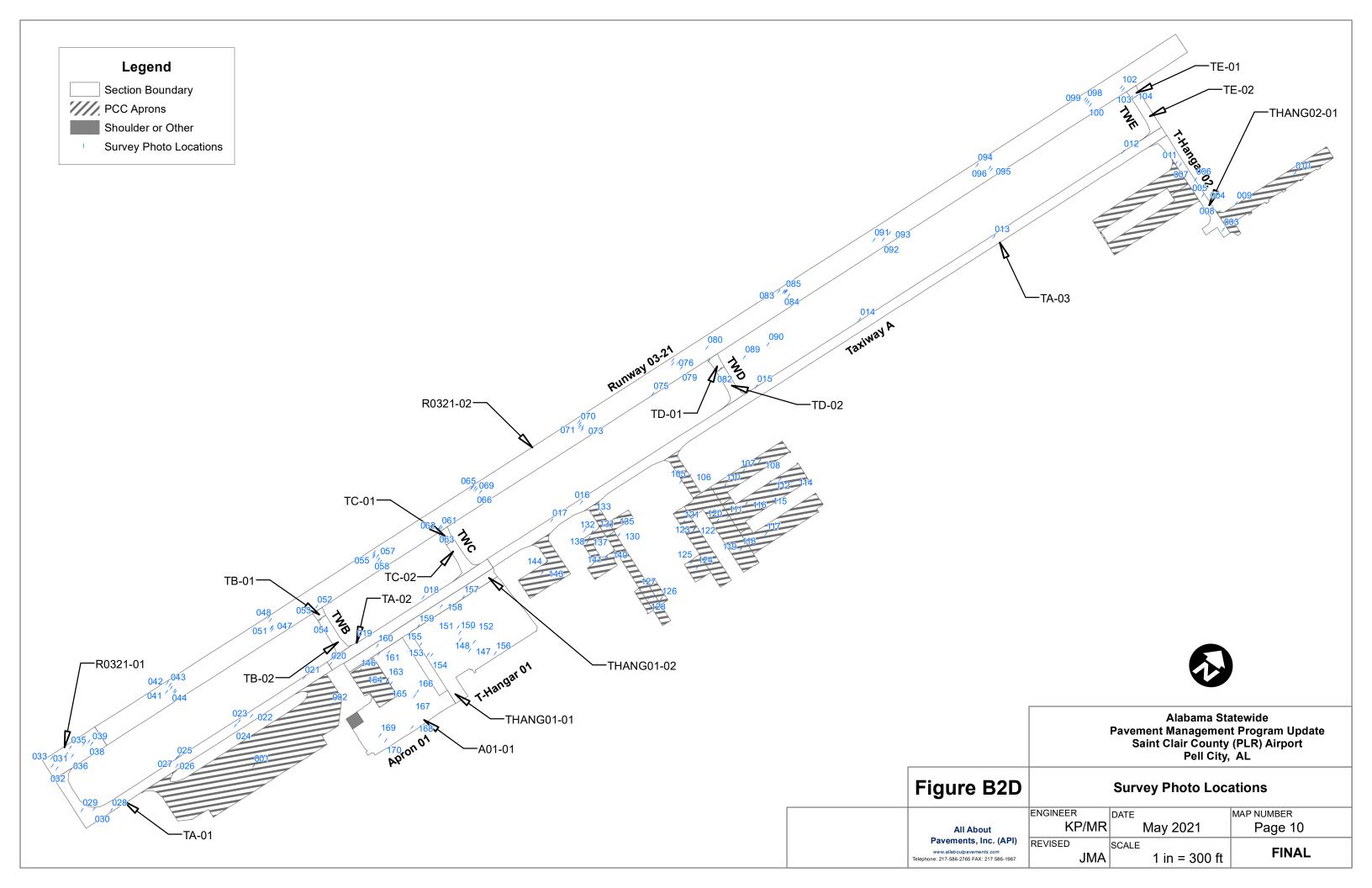


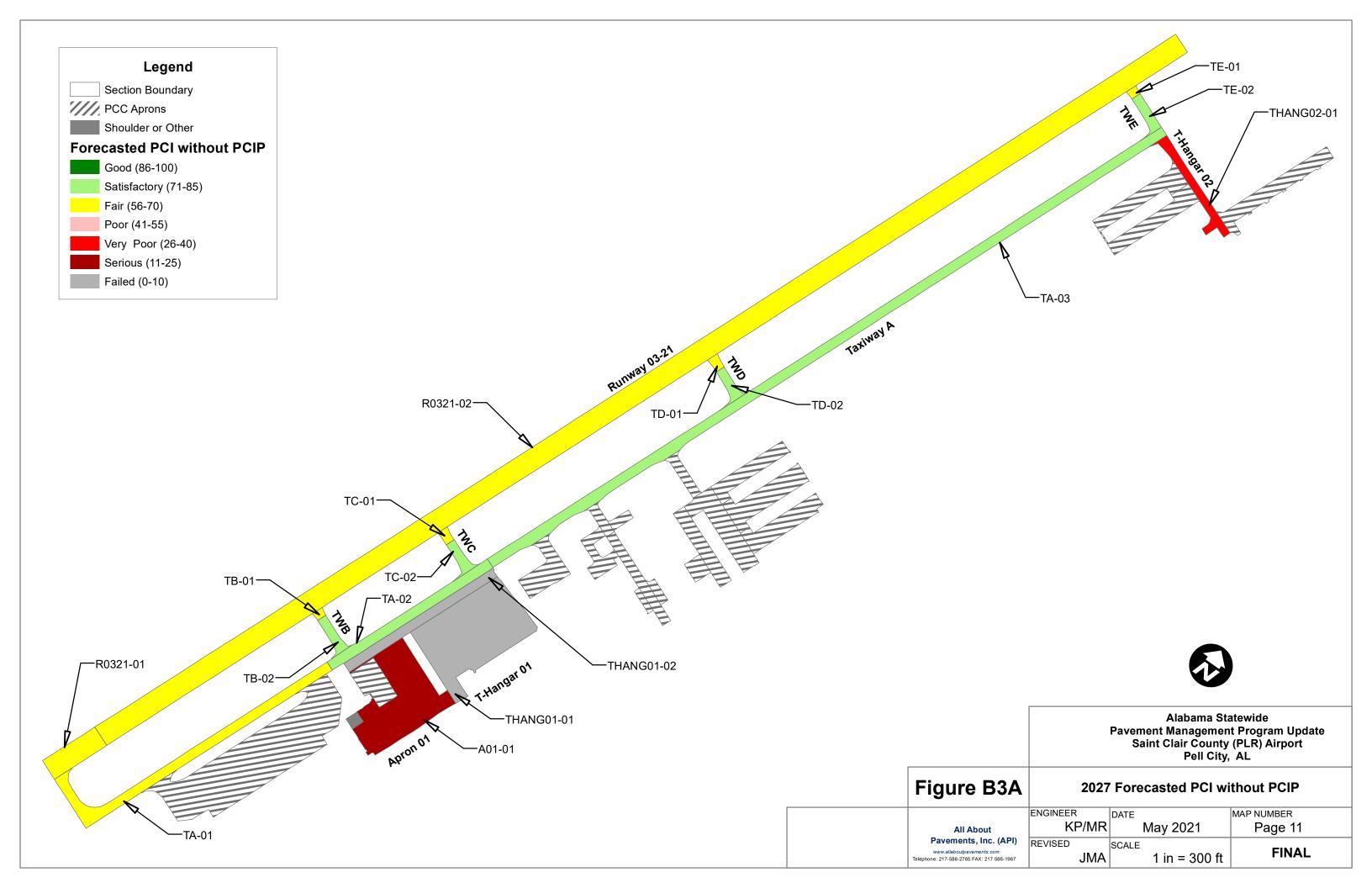


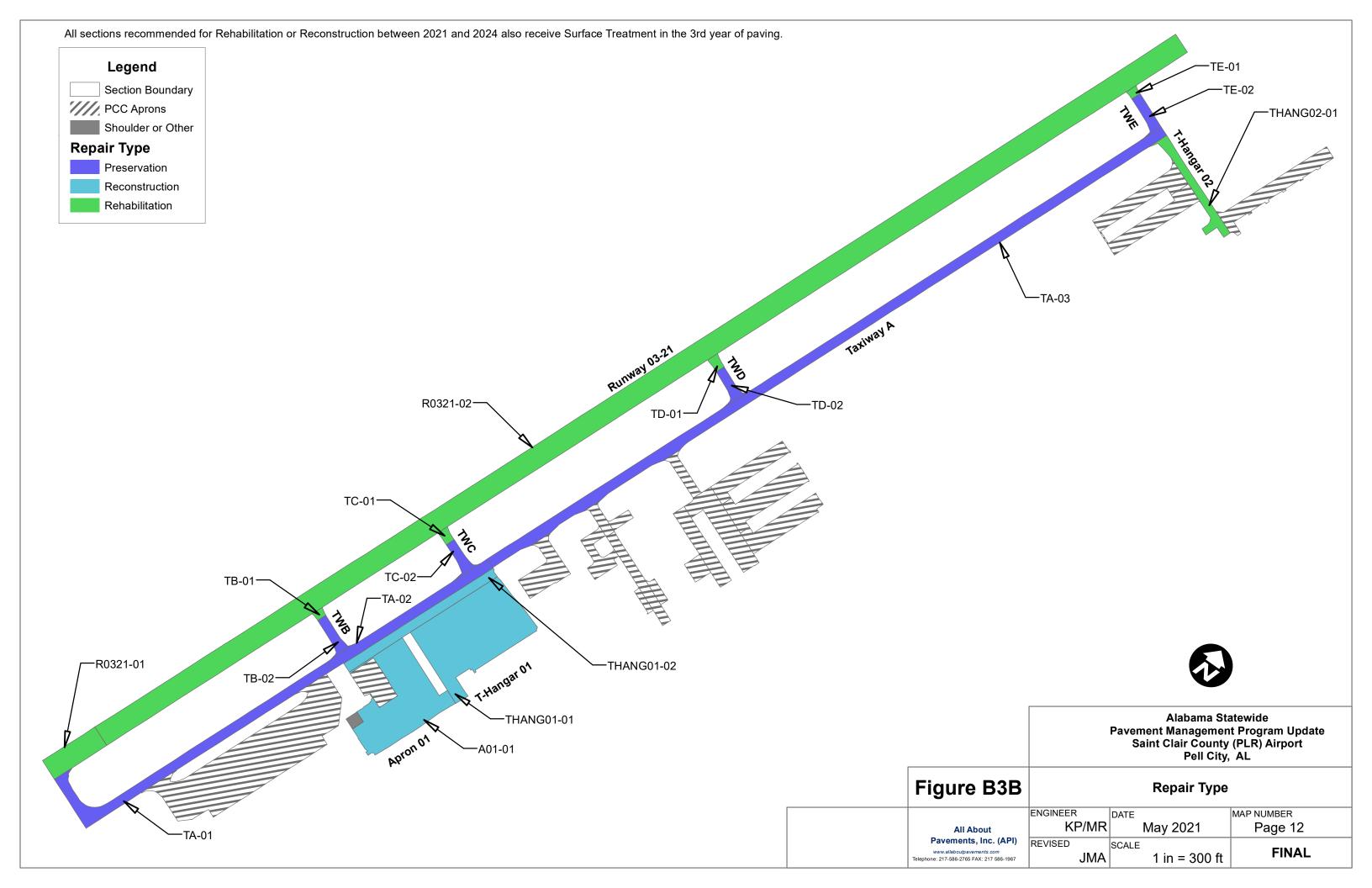


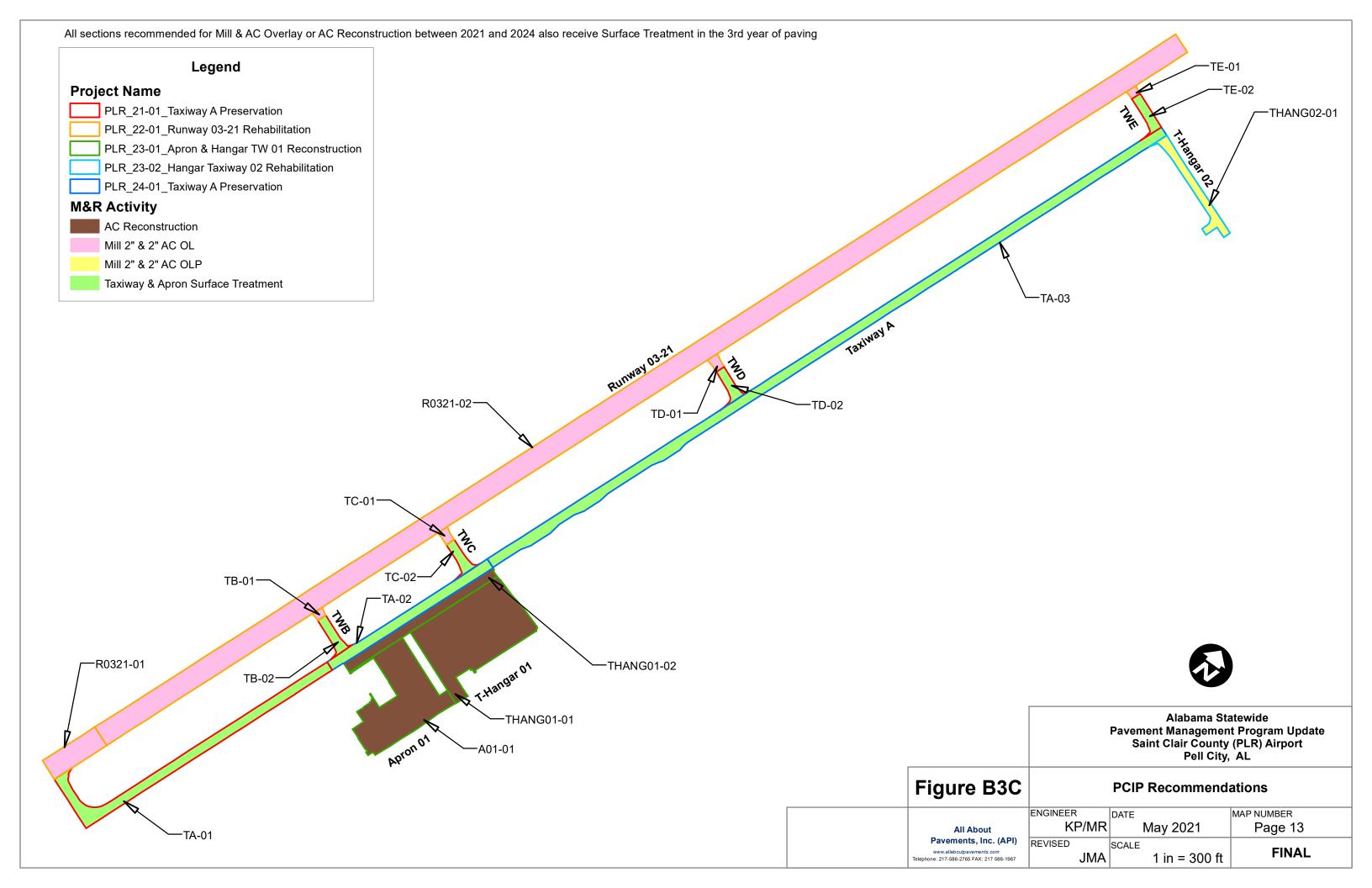














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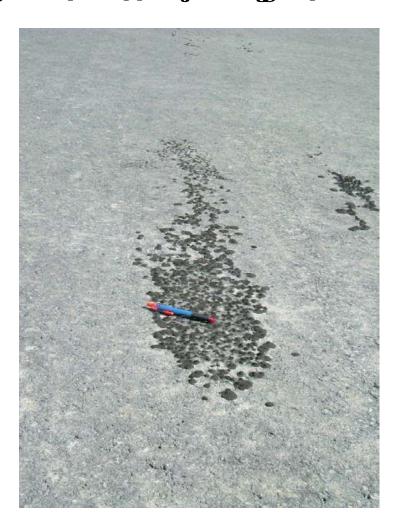


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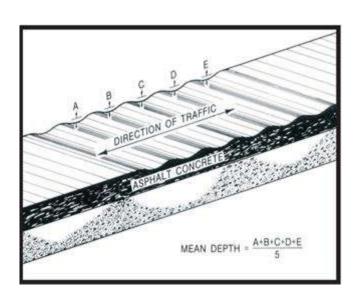
Corrugation is a series of closely spaced ridges and valleys (ripples) occurring at fairly regular intervals, usually less than 5 feet (1.5 meters) along the pavement. The ridges are perpendicular to the traffic direction. Traffic action combined with an unstable pavement surface or base usually causes this type of distress.

Severity Levels









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- @ck!BcUIdb/
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- < | \ ? fYtUWhYdUW</p>



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5[[fi]UYd: jg jh jg Wig XViñ YhUYXhi ZjvVith jwjdg To: jg YXU [fi]UY g dYghhk \Yb Wg Yi Ua jhUjdbic ZUdij Ya Yhifij YUgh Uh Yddijdbic ZU [fi] UY Yi Yi Yh YUgh Uh jg Yh Yij Yiniga U`ch YYYUYbc ici [\cf Uh i`Uf U [fi] UYd If jwg jc dicj] XY [cc Xg] XY gg Jb XY Y 2 jg Yb Xwc Zh jg indy c Zyg fi Ugc jb Yj Wiy Xik \Yb h Yhi a Wf cb Ug] XY gg Jb XWU jh ji Yg jg ck cf \Ug Xic dh X gj b Zj Wiy in Xica ch y jci gi Uju g'

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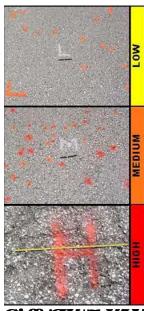
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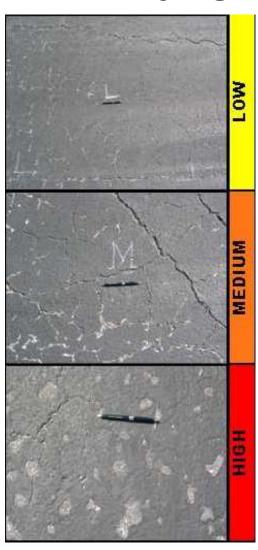
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- Wik Yb) UXXX THE A legic U [fy UY W gY g g Yezh Ub & MYH iz Zh Y Y La lb X g i UY n H X i g i UY a YYH UF U b `ck g j Y llmi U Y lc i Zh Y Y g jiliy cf bc: C8 'dd YH JU'
- A VAJi a 'gAj Y[ImicVAAfg|ZUbnicbYcZh YgYVAbAJI]cbg'Y |gbnf4E;bUgei UfYrMfX filei UfYa YAAffYfYgHiUjj YUfYZh Ybi a VAfcZAAUgYU | fY| UYddf|WYga |gg|b| '
- A |gVIIkYB'88/IBX(\$' file A |gg|b| U | fY|UYVVgYgggVIIkYB'88IBX\%dYVII'iZ hYYIU a |bXggi UYrHfXfiggi UYa YYHFIFYU'=ba YAji a 'gaj Yf|miUj Y|b| ZhYYY|g' gca Y: C8'dYHHU'
- < [[\'g] Y]mcWMg[ZUmdYcZhYg\WbY[dbgY] [db fl&bUgi UYnfX flgi UYa YMfYYDgHUj YUYZhYhia VYcZwUgyU[fY UYdff]Wga [g]h 'e lgig Yf (\$' fl&A [g]h U[fY UYW]gMg[gacfYhUb%cMvHizhYY Ua]bXX gi UYnfXflgi UYa YMfUfYU=b\][\'gy Y]miU Y]h zhYY[g][b]AWH C8' drYHU'</p>

Boly hledeUblk XdrycedbWhY889+ gifj Ym



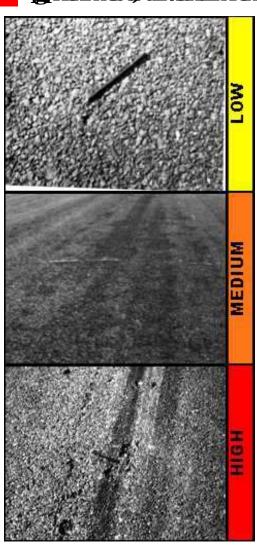
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- -bU%gei UYZcdff#%gei UYa YhfifYfh@HiUj YgladYzhYhiaWfcZ U [fY|UYd]Wga]gg|d [gcjYf(\$UN#cfhYhiaWfcZa]gg|d U [fY|UYWgYfg [g] fYINfhUs&cMWHcZhYUYU"



%" Fi Hb 137Ł

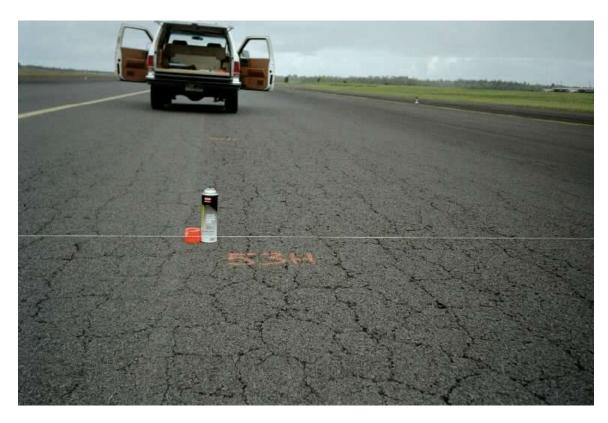
5 filigUgifAWXXfYgglcb]bhYk\YY'dIh/\cky YZ]baUm]bgUbWgfilgUf bc]jWUYcbmIZHfUfUjbADZk\YbhYk\YY'dIhgUfYJ`YXk]h kUMf''IJj YaYih id]ZiaUmcWifUcb[hYgXXgcZhYfilifFillip]gYiagZicaUdhfaUbHrXXffaUjcb' |bUmcZhYdj YaYihUMgcfg'V.[fUXZig'UmWigXVmWigc]XUJcbcf`UMU' acj YaYihzZhYaUMJUgXiYlc111ZjWcUXg''Q[bjZWJifillip] Wb`YXXlc'aUcf gli WifUZ]ifYcZhYdj YaYih

G YINGALDX COST INVAL

- @ck! YeehU | bW|bXYth/
- A YAJia ? Wilk YYb UXX/JbW/bXXch/
- < |[\!\Y\Y\Y\Y\Y\]bX\\]bX\\\]bX\\\]bX\\\]bX\\\]</pre>

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- @dk!BcWdb/
- AWia!diwuwifgYun
- < [\'!duwbwefgYun
 </pre>



: **[[ifY7**[!]."57**Fill**b["

%'''G]ddL[Y7fUM]b| 157L

Globil YMUNGIFY NOW THE CONTROL OF THE STATE OF THE STATE

Gy YING No degrees of severity are defined. It is sufficient to indicate that a slippage

FYLIFD: ME

- 8cbch]b[/
- ♦ Danuca XXX day



: **][ifY7% G]dt[[Y7fU<u>N</u>]**b["

%"CkY by 1571

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5 gkY lgWlfUMifriXVnibi dklfXVi [YJbhYdlj Ya Yhligig fAUW 5 gkY a Um cWlfg Udniej Y Uga U Uf Ucf UgU ch Yz [fUX U k Uj Y 9]h Y hinh czgk Y Wb VY UWła dlb YXVnig fAUW MCU b ["5 gkY [gi gi U m W gX Vnic gł U Mcz b bh Y gi V fUX cf Vnigk Y]h [gc] ž Vi h Uga U gk Y Wb Uga cwlif cb h Ygi fAUW cz Ub Ugh Uh cj Y Unilij Y DV 7 z Ligu Ygi Yi z Z UV ck! i d]b h Y DV 7 g UV"



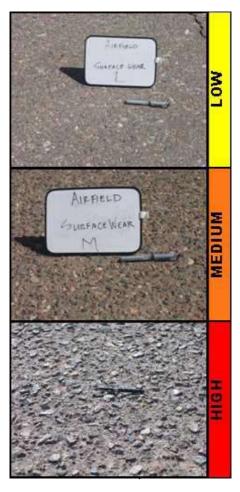
%"K**\\h\Y|b| 157**Ł

8YgAldid

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Gj Y hier y Yg

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- @cggicZaphYU[fY|UYaUnii 1gbcijkNkVYUbXXX;YgicZkNkfgYU[fY|UY\UjYVYbi A Yldcgixidhe%fkjXhYddjYgigixNicZhYvNkfgYU[fY|UYXiYhehYcggi cZaphYU[fY|UYaUnii"
- 9XYgcZNAUgYU[fYUY\YYYbYIdcgX[fYUYfYUb% k]XhYdzhYd[Ygh | gXYCZhYVAUgYU[fYUY'HYY]gWbgXYUYYcggcZJbYU[fYUYaUA] "YXJH 1cddYHJU'cfgaYcggcZNAUgYU[fYUY"



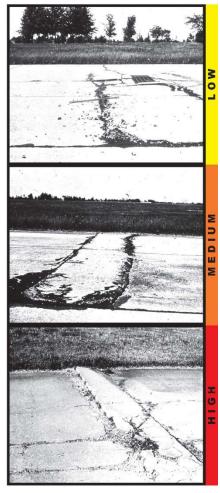
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GjY hie jyg

- 6i Wjb[cfgUMfb[\UgbdiYbXYXhYdIjYaYhijbcdfUjjYzUXdbnUg][\h LacibicZici[\bXgY] [dg'
- A 6i Wjb of guingb \ Lightifn \ Yarah Ydj Ya Yhijbodhuj Yzvi hLig bjawbii Laci biozfoi [\bigy] jdg"
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CHYPY:

- @ck! 7fUM\GYNYbe'gU'bl 'cfa befgU'bl 'fbcZfy| bcVNYAUY
 flC8fcHYJUE-Zbcbfilled, it has a mean width less than approximately 1#
 inch (3 millimeters); a filled crack can be of any width, but the filler material
 aighybglgukfinksyljcb'H yunukkybnyutby unu
 cbc'gbchtuwx
- A Y ia ? One of the following conditions exists: (1) filled or non filled cfuylg acxilly right years: CS driffu/fit bed filled crack has a mean width between 1/8 inch (3 millimeters) and 1 inch (25 millimeters); (3) a filled crack is not spalled or only lightly spalled, but the filler is in unsatisfactory while filthy (1) why years and 1 inch (25 millimeters); (3) a filled crack is not spalled or only lightly spalled, but the filler is in unsatisfactory while filthy (1) while filler is in unsatisfactory while filler is in unsatisfactory while fill the coefficient of the filler is in unsatisfactory while filler
- In the following conditions exists: (1) filled or non filled crack is severely spalled, causing definite FOD potential; (2) a non filled crack hague a block in the following conditions exists: (1) filled or non filled crack is severely spalled, causing definite FOD potential; (2) a non filled crack hague a block in the following conditions exists: (1) filled or non filled crack is severely spalled, causing definite FOD potential; (2) a non filled crack hague a block in the following conditions exists: (1) filled or non filled crack is severely spalled, causing definite FOD potential; (2) a non filled crack hague a block in the following conditions exists: (1) filled or non filled crack is severely spalled, causing definite FOD potential; (2) a non filled crack hague a block in the following conditions exists: (1) filled or non filled crack hague.

FYUfcdicbg

- @dk! BcUlldbcfglUVlWd
- A YMia ! AUVIVV
- < [[\!] glU\lfU\gruthnU\lambda\```</p>
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XYA dIW

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%" 7fWg "@dj]h XbUZHUg YgYUX8]U dbU fD77Ł

CY YHY

- A YAji a ! %i bi2j "YXVIIV\@VIIkYb\%Sic %|bWk|XYk|In bc Zi Y|b| cf gU |b| cf & Zj "YXVIIV\@cZUbnik|Xh Zi Y|b| "Y@hUb\# "|bWcf a YAji a ' g\j Y|lnigU |b| /

FYLlfedichg

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- AWia!guvwg



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88'8i fW]]Im7fU<u>V</u>gfD77Ł

8YAJdJdb

GjYJhi@jYg

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GYTHY

- @ck!]b[YbYU'ni[ccX\vbY]i|cbhfci[\ci lfhYg\v]i|cb" C\UUbigd\f&fa]b[`kY`k]h cb'nUa]bcfUaci bicZUbicZhYU\cj Yhni\cicZX\aU Yd\vartet\f\u00e4bia
- A Wija !]b[YbMU nixLjf WibMJ]dbhfci [\ci lih YgNJjcbžk]h cbYcfacfYcZ UnivZh YU\cj YhndigcZNià U YcfYgNJicWiMJ]b[le UacMUYXI[fY]" CNUUHbYY@jaa WJUYfYtUWa YHk]h]b&nNfg

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& ChUTINWID 74.

has been removed and replaced by a filler
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ZNHUX Uf YHJY) gei UYZNH! @Uf Yd I WYG

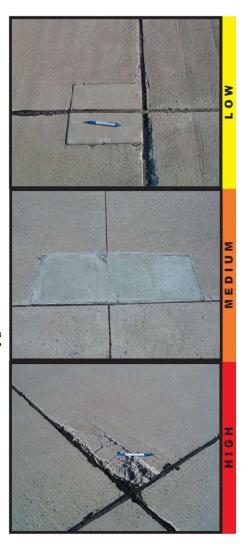
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CYTHY

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FYLIf cdldbg

- @ck **Ë8cBch]b**[/
- A Wajia! FY/TUW/dIW/cffY/TUW/hY
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&" @Lf| YDJFWfD77L

Patching is the same as defined ZfUga U'dIW'
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ZYH5 i I; Imili i gudIWh Uh UgfYi UWYh Y
cf|[] bu'dj Ya YHWWI gYcZd UYA YH cZ
i bax[fci bax I;] Jiyg H Ygj Y Jimiy YgcZui I; Jimi
WHIYH Ygja YUgh cgYZffY i 'U'dIW] | ."

CHYPE

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- < [[\!] DUW\ LightfictUnicity for your of the control of t

FYUfcdldg

- @ck **Ë8cBch]b**[/
- A YAJia ! FYdUWdUWcfYdUWhYgU/
- ◆ < || \ ËFYtUWdIWcfYtUMhYgU'



: || ifY7%. 'D77@f| YDIW

&" Dodi leftD77Ł

CHYPY

No degrees of severity are defined for popouts. < cky Yzdychi leja i glwy lybej y wzryh yntrywi lywydyg lyzy y ly ydddi liwyglnia i glil wyx uhld la uynhfydddi leidf gei uyntryc y fhyyhlfygwuru



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8 yaldd

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GjYfhi@jYg

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&" GW]b[11077Ł

A LINEWH CONTINUE TO THE PARTY OF THE PARTY

CHYPE

- @ck? 7ftijb[cfatilvitvy]b[Yl jajej Yfg[bj/whigtvtfyth Ygfatw]gb [ccxwhyijcbk]h bcgw]b["H Ywitvydumbai gliyykY xz/bxxtbx Ytgrifw] bjrxx
- A Wiji a ? GU/lejdWWcj Y Uddid Ja UYm)ı 'cf 'YgjcZh YgjfZWk]h 'ga Y : C8'ddWHU/



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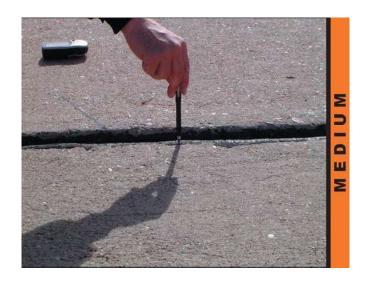
CH YING

Severity levels are defined by the difference in elevation across the fault and the

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A	% Ë% \$J\$W	%82 %JbW
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FYILIFCdldbg

- @ck!BcWicb/
- AYAjia Ë; fjbAjb [Ucb hY'c]bla



&"GUHYXGWHD77Ł

HYDNIN WWELFYWWENUMY I HEZI FOR CYC WEWW EXCE YOUN I WEF IN SELECTION I WE WIND AND THE WEIF OF THE SELECTION OF THE SELECTIO

CHYPY:

- @ck? Slab is broken into four or five pieces with the vast majority of the cracks for Y,) chryffic ck!@iY|hh
- ◆ A Mia ! (1) Slab is broken into four or five pieces with over 15 percent of the WWgZa Mia gj Mhitc\][\!gj MhitWgZcffffgWgVc_Voffffg] cfacffd Wgkh cj Y,) chfwlizh YwweZck!/

FYLlfcdldg

- @ck ËCJU 7fUV
- ◆ AYAjia!:i "XXch dlwcffYdlwhyglv



&"Gfb_UY7fUWfD77Ł

GAFID U YMICUGUYA UF IDYMICUGH UTIFYI GʻUmidomUzik ZMRICH UXXX bch M PHXILMI ggAYMHIY gʻUMH YMIFYZ FA YXXI FILI TAYQINIH UXMIFILI ICZAY WHANIYU XI GʻUMIX bchil PHXA bici [\ "AYXXIA" iCZAY gʻU"

GJYFFY

No degrees of severity are defined. It is sufficient to indicate that shrinkage cracks exist.

FYUfcdidg

• 8cBch]b[



'S'>c]bhiGdUgfiD77L

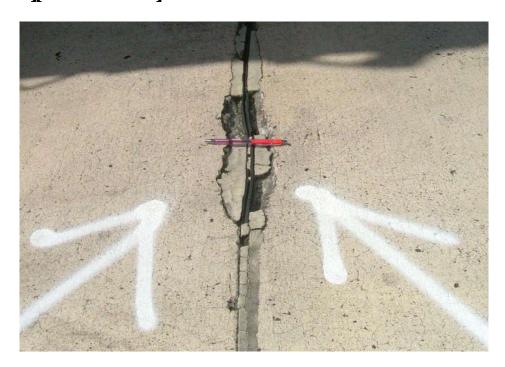
zeldigU ld lghYAghN fUlcbcZhYgWX Ygklh b&ZNicZhYgXvCZhY'cldi'i
5 "cldigU i g U mxcYgbchN NbXj YflW mhfci [\ hYgWzVi lildYgNghY'cldi'h
UbUl 'Y' 'GU ld i fig 'lgZica 'N Wggj YgNgygUhY'cldiWWWi gXVinliZhUlcb'
cZbWacfYggVYaUNJUgcf1024WcUg' K YU WbWYUhY'cldifUi gXVin
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CH AHA

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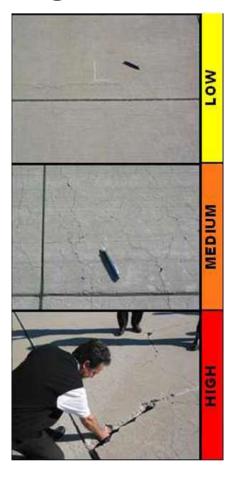
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5f YU)ž')	@	b[h.	%	+:h		K]Mh.		'):h			
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@[glilbg]	'8UY %#8	8488 %	I	HVCLad	¥g d	&			GfY	X %						
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@[g]ibgl	'8UY %#8	8488 %	ŀ	HVCLad	Yg 9	%			GfjY	anx °	%						
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@[glilbg]	'8UY %#8	8489 %	н	lUCLad Yg	%			GfY	X %					
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@[djihg]	'8UY %	88#89 %		ннис	Làd¥g	&			GijY	ńX '	%						
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5f Y U &ž,(Ceh @Yb[h.	*), :h	KJWA.	') :h		
GU/g	GW@ Y b[h.	:h GWI	KĮMA.	:h	>c]bli@\b[h.	:h
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5f Y L	%%	€%Œ h	@b [h	. %28 \$:h	KJWh.	*) : h		
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APPENDIX F

PAVEMENT CONDITION REPORTS

F1: Section Forecasted Pavement Condition Rating

F2: Branch PCI Rating F3: Branch FOD Rating

Appendix F1 Forecasted Section PCI

St Clair County Airport (PLR)

Branch ID	Section ID			For	ecasted	PCI		
Branch ID	Section ID	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027
A01	01	25	23	21	19	16	14	12
R0321	01	74	71	70	70	70	68	62
R0321	02	72	70	70	70	69	64	56
TA	01	81	79	77	75	72	70	66
TA	02	94	92	89	87	84	82	80
TA	03	98	96	94	92	89	86	84
ТВ	01	82	80	78	76	74	72	69
ТВ	02	91	88	86	83	81	79	77
TC	01	81	79	77	75	72	70	66
TC	02	90	87	84	82	80	78	76
TD	01	78	76	74	72	69	66	61
TD	02	91	88	86	83	81	79	77
TE	01	77	75	73	71	68	64	59
TE	02	90	87	84	82	80	78	76
THANG01	01	18	15	11	8	4	0	0
THANG01	02	12	9	5	2	0	0	0
THANG02	01	62	57	52	48	45	42	39

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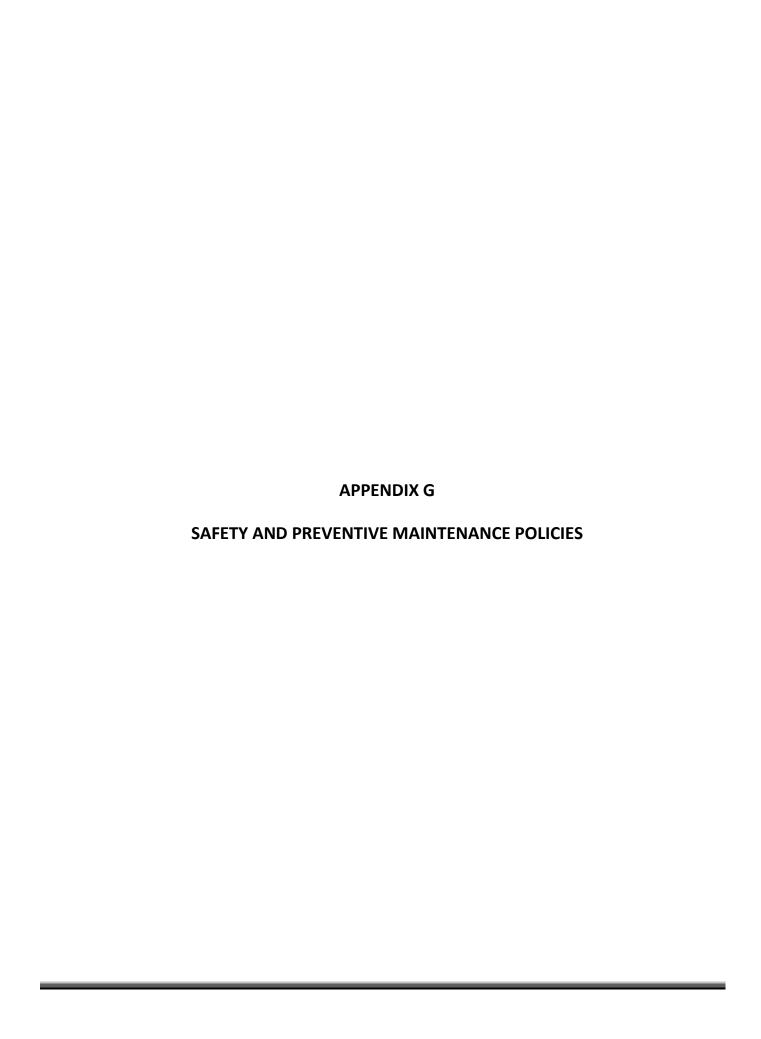
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Appendix G1 Localized Safety (Stopgap) Repair Policy

Distress	Distress Severity	Description	Code	Work Type	Work Unit
41	High	ALLIGATOR CR	PA-FD	Patching - AC Full-Depth	SqFt
43	High	BLOCK CR	CS-AC	Crack Sealing - AC	Ft
45	High	DEPRESSION	PA-FD	Patching - AC Full-Depth	SqFt
47	High	JT REF. CR	CS-AC	Crack Sealing - AC	Ft
48	High	L & T CR	CS-AC	Crack Sealing - AC	Ft
50	High	PATCHING	PA-FD	Patching - AC Full-Depth	SqFt
53	High	RUTTING	PA-FD	Patching - AC Full-Depth	SqFt
54	High	SHOVING	PA-PD	Patching - AC Partial-Depth	SqFt
55	NA	SLIPPAGE CR	PA-PD	Patching - AC Partial-Depth	SqFt
56	High	SWELLING	PA-FD	Patching - AC Full-Depth	SqFt
61	High	BLOW-UP	SL-PC	Slab Replacement - PCC	SqFt
61	Medium	BLOW-UP	PA-PF	Patching - PCC Full Depth	SqFt
62	High	CORNER BREAK	PA-PF	Patching - PCC Full Depth	SqFt
63	High	LINEAR CR	PA-PF	Patching - PCC Full Depth	SqFt
63	Medium	LINEAR CR	CS-PC	Crack Sealing - PCC	Ft
64	High	DURABIL. CR	SL-PC	Slab Replacement - PCC	SqFt
64	Medium	DURABIL. CR	PA-PF	Patching - PCC Full Depth	SqFt
66	High	SMALL PATCH	PA-PP	Patching - PCC Partial Depth	SqFt
67	High	LARGE PATCH	PA-PF	Patching - PCC Full Depth	SqFt
70	High	SCALING	SL-PC	Slab Replacement - PCC	SqFt
71	High	FAULTING	GR-PP	Grinding (Localized)	Ft
72	High	SHAT. SLAB	SL-PC	Slab Replacement - PCC	SqFt
74	High	JOINT SPALL	PA-PP	Patching - PCC Partial Depth	SqFt
75	High	CORNER SPALL	PA-PP	Patching - PCC Partial Depth	SqFt
76	High	ASR	SL-PC	Slab Replacement - PCC	SqFt

AppendixC2 LocalizedPreventiveRepairRdicy

Distress	Distress	Description	Code	Work Type	Work
	Severity			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Unit
41	Medium	ALLIGATOR CR	PA-AD	Patching - AC Full-Depth	SqFt
41	High	ALLIGATOR CR	PA-AD	Patching - AC Full-Depth	SqFt
42	N/A	BLEEDING	PA-AS	Patching - AC Partial-Depth	SqFt
43	High	BLOCK CR	PA-AD	Patching - AC Full-Depth	SqFt
43	Medium	BLOCK CR	CS-AC	Crack Sealing - AC	Ft
44	Low	CORRUGATION	PA-AS	Patching - AC Partial-Depth	SqFt
44	High	CORRUGATION	PA-AS	Patching - AC Partial-Depth	SqFt
44	Medium	CORRUGATION	PA-AS	Patching - AC Partial-Depth	SqFt
45	Medium	DEPRESSION	PA-AD	Patching - AC Full-Depth	SqFt
45	Low	DEPRESSION	PA-AD	Patching - AC Full-Depth	SqFt
45	High	DEPRESSION	PA-AD	Patching - AC Full-Depth	SqFt
47	High	JT REF. CR	CS-AC	Crack Sealing - AC	Ft
47	Medium	JT REF. CR	CS-AC	Crack Sealing - AC	Ft
48	High	L & T CR	CS-AC	Crack Sealing - AC	Ft
48	Medium	L & T CR	CS-AC	Crack Sealing - AC	Ft
49	N/A	OIL SPILLAGE	PA-AD	Patching - AC Full-Depth	SqFt
50	High	PATCHING	PA-AD	Patching - AC Full-Depth	SqFt
50	Medium	PATCHING	PA-AD	Patching - AC Full-Depth	SqFt
52	High	RAVELING	PA-AS	Patching - AC Partial-Depth	SqFt
53	High	RUTTING	PA-AD	Patching - AC Full-Depth	SqFt
53	Low	RUTTING	PA-AD	Patching - AC Full-Depth	SqFt
53	Medium	RUTTING	PA-AD	Patching - AC Full-Depth	SqFt
55	N/A	SLIPPAGE CR	PA-AD	Patching - AC Full-Depth	SqFt
56	Low	SWELLING	PA-AD	Patching - AC Full-Depth	SqFt
56	Medium	SWELLING	PA-AD	Patching - AC Full-Depth	SqFt
61	Low	BLOW-UP	PA-PF	Patching - PCC Full Depth	SqFt
61	Medium	BLOW-UP	PA-PF	Patching - PCC Full Depth	SqFt
61	High	BLOW-UP	PA-PF	Patching - PCC Full Depth	SqFt
62	Medium	CORNER BREAK	PA-PF	Patching - PCC Full Depth	SqFt
62	High	CORNER BREAK	PA-PF	Patching - PCC Full Depth	SqFt
62	Low	CORNER BREAK	CS-PC	Crack Sealing - PCC	Ft
63	Medium	LINEAR CR	CS-PC	Crack Sealing - PCC	Ft
63	High	LINEAR CR	PA-PP	Patching - PCC Partial Depth	SqFt
64	Medium	DURABIL. CR	PA-PF	Patching - PCC Full Depth	SqFt
64	High	DURABIL. CR	SL-PC	Slab Replacement - PCC	SqFt
65	High	JT SEAL DMG	JS-LC	Joint Seal (Localized)	Ft
65	Medium	JT SEAL DMG	JS-LC	Joint Seal (Localized)	Ft
66	High	SMALL PATCH	PA-PP	Patching - PCC Partial Depth	SqFt
66	Medium	SMALL PATCH	PA-PP	Patching - PCC Partial Depth	SqFt
67	Medium	LARGE PATCH	PA-PF	Patching - PCC Full Depth	SqFt

AppendixC2 LocalizedPreventiveRepairRdicy

Distress	Distress Severity	Description	Code	Work Type	Work Unit
67	High	LARGE PATCH	PA-PF	Patching - PCC Full Depth	SqFt
69	N/A	PUMPING	JS-LC	Joint Seal (Localized)	Ft
70	Medium	SCALING	PA-PP	Patching - PCC Partial Depth	SqFt
70	High	SCALING	SL-PC	Slab Replacement - PCC	SqFt
71	High	FAULTING	GR-PP	Grinding (Localized)	Ft
71	Medium	FAULTING	GR-PP	Grinding (Localized)	Ft
72	Medium	SHAT. SLAB	SL-PC	Slab Replacement - PCC	SqFt
72	High	SHAT. SLAB	SL-PC	Slab Replacement - PCC	SqFt
74	High	JOINT SPALL	PA-PP	Patching - PCC Partial Depth	SqFt
74	Medium	JOINT SPALL	PA-PP	Patching - PCC Partial Depth	SqFt
75	Medium	CORNER SPALL	PA-PP	Patching - PCC Partial Depth	SqFt
75	High	CORNER SPALL	PA-PP	Patching - PCC Partial Depth	SqFt
76	Medium	ASR	SL-PC	Slab Replacement - PCC	SqFt
76	High	ASR	SL-PC	Slab Replacement - PCC	SqFt

APPENDIX H

M&R UNIT COSTS

H1: M&R Unit Costs

H2: Component Costs for Repair

H3: Airport Category

Maintenance and Repair (M&R) Unit Costs

The M&R costs developed for the ALDOT PMP include costs for maintenance, preservation, and repair activities and are described below.

Unit Costs Source Data

The source for the M&R costs data is RSMeans, which has data for 14 locations throughout Alabama, as identified by the yellow highlighted boxes in Figure 1. The cost data is presented in terms of individual line items like asphalt wearing course, aggregate base etc., which were consolidated to develop the activity costs described below.

The cost data show a distinct difference in costs between locations north and south of Birmingham, especially for the higher value items like the asphalt layers. Therefore, the unit costs were developed accordingly for the airports north and south of Birmingham, as identified in Figure 1. Appendix H2 presents the component costs used in developing the M&R costs.

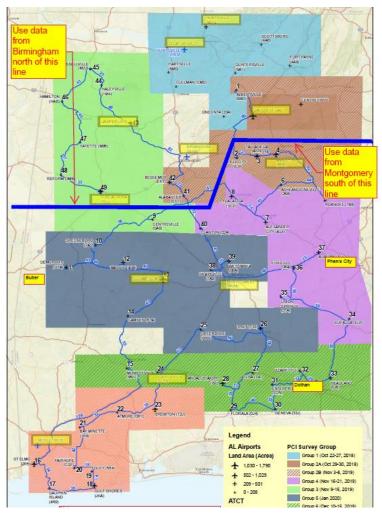


Figure 1: RSMeans Unit Costs Locations.

Maintenance & Repair (M&R) Activities

Maintenance activities are localized activities which are typically assigned in the first year of the M&R plan based on the observed distresses.

Repair activities are further subdivided into preservation, rehabilitation, and reconstruction. Repair activities are conducted for larger areas, typically at the section level and are assigned based on the Critical Pavement Condition Index, denoted as CP in Table 1. The CP is based on the section's rank or importance within the overall network and typically ranges from 55 to 70. The CP was set at 70 for the ALDOT runway pavements and 65 for the other pavements.

Activity Type	PCI	Activity
Dracer ration CD		Runway Surface Treatment
Preservation	> CP	Taxiway and Apron Surface Treatment
	> CP	2" AC OL ¹
Rehabilitation	55 - CP	Mill 2" & 2" AC OL
	45 - 55	Mill 2" & 3" AC OL
Reconstruction	0 - 45	Reconstruct with AC

Table 1: Repair Activities.

The depths for the milling and overlay (AC OL) in Table 1 were established by creating a balance between removal of surficial distress and providing additional pavement structural capacity. All overlay options include full-depth patching to repair localized distresses.

From the FAA 5010 records, the Alabama airport network includes a wide range of allowable aircraft loads. The airports were divided into three categories of allowable aircraft loads based on requirements for minimum pavement thickness and the use of a P-401 surface layer. The categories are based on the aircraft maximum gross takeoff weight (MGTOW) and include: less than 12,500 lbs, 12,500 to 30,000 lbs, and 30,000 to 100,000 lbs. Appendix H3 presents the category for each airport.

For any sections requiring reconstruction, the pavement sections were established primarily in accordance with the requirements in Table 3 of the FAA's Advisory Circular 150/5320-6F. The pavement sections used for developing the cost estimates are:

```
    ≥ 12,500 lbs
    4" P-403 (State HMA Mix) + 6" P-209 Base
    ≥ 12,500 - 30,000 lbs
    4" P-403 (State HMA Mix) + 8" P-209 Base
    ≥ 30,000 - 100,000 lbs
    5" P-401 + 10" P-209 Base
```

It is important to note that while the FAA requires a stabilized base for those pavements that support aircraft operations with MGTOWs that are greater than 100,000 lbs, the number of such operations is minimal for those airports shown in Appendix H3. As a result, the cost of a stabilized base is excluded in the development of the unit costs for ALDOT's PMP update. However, based on the Engineer's future design and aircraft fleet mix development, project-level construction work could include the use of a stabilized base at that time.

¹For Sections with Structural Distress and PCI greater than Critical PCI

M&R Unit Costs

Paving projects typically include additional project costs like mobilization, design, construction administration and inspections, and drainage improvements. A summary of non-direct pavement construction line items has been included in the unit costs in Tables 5 and 6 as described below. These non-direct items are expressed as a percentage of the total component costs for each activity.

These non-direct pavement construction items were developed from API's extensive experience with APMP project cost estimation. These percentages may vary for Alabama airport construction projects; however, since the direct pavement scope of work is estimated in a network-level evaluation, these conservative estimates serve as a good starting point for the development of realistic total project costs and annual APMP budgets for ALDOT. For repair activities such as Mill & Overlay, which typically do not include significant drainage work, the corresponding multiplier was reduced by 50 percent. The nondirect cost factors are presented in Table 2.

Fastar	Function of	Estimate			
Factor	Function of	Preservation	Rehabilitation	Reconstruction	
Mobilization	All costs, less design	10%	10%	10%	
Drainage	Paving costs	_	4%	8%	
Improvements	raving costs	_	470	670	
Contingency	All costs, less mobilization and design	10%	20%	20%	
Design & CM	All costs, less mobilization and design	15%	20%	20%	

Table 2: Cost Factors.

The M&R unit costs for maintenance, preservation, and repair activities were developed from the RSMeans cost data and are presented in the following section.

Maintenance

The maintenance activities include crack seal, and full and partial-depth patching. The unit costs are presented in Table 3.

Table 3: Unit Costs for Maintenance.

Activity	Unit Cost	Unit
Seal Cracks - AC	\$3.95	lf
AC Full-Depth Patching	\$25.05	sf
AC Partial-Dept Patching	\$16.28	sf
Seal Cracks – PCC	\$6.00	lf
PCC Full-Depth Patching	\$35.00	sf
PCC Partial-Depth Patching	\$175.00	sf
Jt. Seal	\$8.00	If
Slab Replacement	\$20.00	sf

Preservation

The unit costs for the surface treatments are presented in Table 4. They include sealing of cracks and application of pavement markings.

Table 4: Unit Costs for Preservation Activities.

Activity	Unit Cost	Unit
Runway Surface Treatment	\$0.57	sf
Taxiway and Apron Surface Treatment	\$0.88	sf

Rehabilitation and Reconstruction

As discussed previously, repair activities are also divided into rehabilitation and reconstruction. The unit costs for airport repair for the Northern Region (Birmingham Area) and Southern Region (Montgomery Area) are shown in Tables 5 and 6, respectively.

Table 5: Unit Costs for Repair Activities, Northern Region.

Activity Type	Activity	MGTOW, thousand lbs			
	Activity	≤ 12.5	12.5-30	30-100	
2" AC OL		\$3.	78	\$4.19	
Rehabilitation	Mill 2" & 2" AC OL	\$4.15		\$4.56	
	Mill 2" & 3" AC OL	\$5.18		\$5.79	
Reconstruction	AC Reconstruction	\$8.40	\$9.10	\$10.91	

Table 6: Unit Costs for Repair Activities, Southern Region.

Activity Type	Antivity	MGTOW, thousand lbs					
Activity Type	Activity	≤ 12.5 12.5-30		30-100			
	2" AC OL	\$3.	\$3.91				
Rehabilitation	Mill 2" & 2" AC OL	\$3.	\$4.27				
	Mill 2" & 3" AC OL	\$4.	82	\$5.37			
Reconstruction	AC Reconstruction	\$7.63	\$8.25	\$9.87			

Appendix H2 Component Costs for Repair

Activity Type	Unit	Birmingham (Northern)	Montgomery (Southern)	Comments
Milling 1" to 3"	SY	\$2.08	\$2.01	
Pavement Demolition	SY	\$6.34	\$6.12	
Haulage - For Demolition & AC	CY	\$6.08	\$5.87	
Haulage for 12" Thick Demolition	SY	\$2.03	\$1.96	
Haulage for 2" Thick AC Paving	SY	\$0.34	\$0.33	
Haulage for 3" Thick AC Paving	SY	\$0.51	\$0.49	
Haulage for 4" Thick AC Paving	SY	\$0.68	\$0.65	
AC Wearing Course	Ton	\$97.42	\$86.90	
AC Binder Course	Ton	\$87.80	\$78.17	
P401 - For airports with >60 kip aircraft	Ton	\$116.90	\$104.28	Assumed P401 cost to be 20% greater than AC Wearing Course
6" Aggregate Base (P208)	SY	\$10.17	\$9.12	
8" Aggregate Base (P208)	SY	\$13.29	\$11.89	
6" P209 Aggregate Base	SY	\$12.20	\$10.94	Assumed P209 cost to be 20% greater than P208
8" P209 Aggregate Base	SY	\$15.95	\$14.27	Assumed P209 cost to be 20% greater than P208
10" P209 Aggregate Base	SY	\$19.94	\$17.84	Direct multiplier for 10" from 8"
4" P154 Aggregate Base	SY	\$5.42	\$4.86	Assumed P154 cost to be 20% lower than P208
6" P154 Aggregate Base	SY	\$8.14	\$7.30	Assumed P154 cost to be 20% lower than P208
Pavement Markings	sf	\$1.48	\$1.39	

Appendix H3
Airport Category

Danier	City	FAAID	Max Gross	Weight (Tho	ousand lbs)	NATUR CVA	Catanami
Region	City	FAA ID	S	D	2D	Max GW	Category
	Reform	3M8	12.5	-	-	12.5	<= 12,500
	Fayette	M95	15.0	ı	ı	15.0	12,500-30,000
	Hamilton	HAB	15.0	ı	-	15.0	12,500-30,000
	Scottsboro	4A6	15.0	-	-	15.0	12,500-30,000
	Alabaster	EET	16.0	ı	ı	16.0	12,500-30,000
	Centre-Piedmont	PYP	16.0	ı	ı	16.0	12,500-30,000
	Fort Payne	4A9	16.0	-	-	16.0	12,500-30,000
	Haleyville	1M4	20.0	-	-	20.0	12,500-30,000
	Hartselle	5M0	20.0	ı	ı	20.0	12,500-30,000
Birmingham	Guntersville	8A1	24.0	1	1	24.0	12,500-30,000
Birriningnam	Cullman	CMD	30.0			30.0	12,500-30,000
	Russellville	M22	30.0	1	-	30.0	12,500-30,000
	Jasper	JFX	50.0	1	1	50.0	> 30,000
	Oneonta	20A	20.0	35.0	55.0	55.0	> 30,000
	Bessemer	EKY	60.0	60.0	-	60.0	> 30,000
	Albertville	8A0	60.0	90.0	130.0	130.0	> 30,000
	Madison	MDQ	60.0	75.0	140.0	140.0	> 30,000
	Decatur	DCU	75.0	125.0	150.0	150.0	> 30,000
	Tuscaloosa	TCL	61.0	87.0	168.0	168.0	> 30,000
	Gadsen	GAD	90.0	115.0	195.0	195.0	> 30,000
	Florala	0J4	-	-	-	-	<= 12,500
	Elba	14J	4.0	-	-	4.0	<= 12,500
	Headland	0J6	12.0	-	-	12.0	<= 12,500
	Roanoke	7A5	12.0	-	-	12.0	<= 12,500
	Greenville	PRN	15.0	-	-	15.0	12,500-30,000
	Union Springs	07A	15.0	-	-	15.0	12,500-30,000
	Wetumpka	08A	15.0	-	-	15.0	12,500-30,000
	Atmore	OR1	16.0	-	-	16.0	12,500-30,000
	Clanton	02A	16.0	-	-	16.0	12,500-30,000
	Eufaula	EUF	16.0	-	-	16.0	12,500-30,000
Montgomery	Geneva	33J	16.0	-	-	16.0	12,500-30,000
	Greensboro	7A0	16.0	-	-	16.0	12,500-30,000
	Centreville	0A8	18.0	-	-	18.0	12,500-30,000
	Ashland-Lineville	26A	20.0	-	-	20.0	12,500-30,000
	Sylacauga	SCD	20.0	-	-	20.0	12,500-30,000
	St. Elmo	2R5	23.0	-	-	23.0	12,500-30,000
	Ozark	71J	-	25.0	-	25.0	12,500-30,000
	Camden	61A	27.0	-	-	27.0	12,500-30,000
	Bay Minette	1R8	28.0	-	-	28.0	12,500-30,000
	Foley	5R4	28.0	-	-	28.0	12,500-30,000
	Tuskegee	06A	28.5	-	-	28.5	12,500-30,000

Appendix H3
Airport Category

Dogion	City	FAA ID	Max Gross	Weight (Tho	ousand lbs)	NAOV CVA	Catagory	
Region	City	FAA ID	S	D	2D	Max GW	Category	
	Alexander City	ALX	30.0	-	-	30.0	12,500-30,000	
	Dauphin Island	4R9	30.0	1	1	30.0	12,500-30,000	
	Pell City	PLR	30.0	-	1	30.0	12,500-30,000	
	Prattville	1A9	30.0	-	1	30.0	12,500-30,000	
	Enterprise	EDN	-	-	-	-	> 30,000	
	Evergreen	GZH	30.0	50.0	-	50.0	> 30,000	
	Marion	A08	30.0	50.0	-	50.0	> 30,000	
	Selma	SEM	33.0	54.0	-	54.0	> 30,000	
Montgomory	Fairhope	CQF	36.0	58.0	-	58.0	> 30,000	
Montgomery	Brewton	12J	40.0	60.0	-	60.0	> 30,000	
	Demopolis	DYA	30.0	38.0	60.0	60.0	> 30,000	
	Monroeville	MVC	70.0	-	-	70.0	> 30,000	
	Auburn-Opelika	AUO	45.0	75.0	-	75.0	> 30,000	
	Talladega	ASN	30.0	65.0	95.0	95.0	> 30,000	
	Gulf Shores	JKA	80.0	100.0	-	100.0	> 30,000	
	Troy	TOI	24.0	80.0	140.0	140.0	> 30,000	
	Anniston	ANB	28.0	43.5	260.0	260.0	> 30,000	
	Andalusia-OPP	79J	98.0	160.0	275.0	275.0	> 30,000	

APPENDIX I

PAVEMENT CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM

I1: PCIP Summary

I2: Year 1 Maintenance Plan

Branch & Section	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027
A01-01	StopGap \$17161.57 Before:25.14 After:25.14	StopGap \$18356.56 Before:22.93 After:22.93	Required Project Major Below Critical \$674858.36 Before:20.72 After:100	Preventive \$184.57 Before:97.79 After:97.79	Preventive \$380.99 Before:95.57 After:95.57	Preventive + Required Project Global MR \$51464.47 Before:93.36 After:97.79	Preventive \$403.36 Before:95.58 After:95.58
R0321-01	Preventive \$479.83 Before:73.93 After:73.93	Required Project Major Above Critical \$76176 Before:71.45 After:100	Preventive \$25.93 Before:98.7 After:98.7	Preventive \$51.74 Before:97.48 After:97.48	Preventive + Required Project Global MR \$12219.03 Before:96.45 After:98.7	Preventive \$54.89 Before:97.48 After:97.48	Preventive \$79.6 Before:96.45 After:96.45
R0321-02	Preventive \$10655.5 Before:71.95 After:71.95	l '	Preventive \$537.95 Before:98.7 After:98.7	Preventive \$1073.3 Before:97.48 After:97.48	Preventive + Required Project Global MR \$253465.28 Before:96.45 After:98.7	Preventive \$1138.66 Before:97.48 After:97.48	Preventive \$1651.27 Before:96.45 After:96.45
TA-01	Preventive + Required Project Global MR \$42314.09 Before:80.77 After:88.12	Preventive \$717.86 Before:85.5 After:85.5	Preventive \$865.49 Before:83.03 After:83.03	Preventive \$1009.87 Before:80.77 After:80.77	Preventive \$1145.41 Before:78.71 After:78.71	Preventive \$1278.55 Before:76.76 After:76.76	Preventive \$1421.78 Before:74.75 After:74.75

Branch & Section	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027
TA-02		Before:91.79	Preventive \$317.49 Before:89.19 After:89.19	Preventive + Required Project Global MR \$26415.64 Before:86.54 After:94.18	Preventive \$255.8 Before:91.79 After:91.79	Preventive \$347.22 Before:89.18 After:89.18	Preventive \$445.09 Before:86.54 After:86.54
TA-03		Before:95.98	Preventive \$726.46 Before:93.92 After:93.92	Preventive + Required Project Global MR \$106812.8 Before:91.5 After:97.58	Preventive \$510.34 Before:95.97 After:95.97	Preventive \$796.19 Before:93.9 After:93.9	Preventive \$1145.18 Before:91.48 After:91.48
TB-01	Preventive \$22.24 Before:82.46 After:82.46	' ·	Preventive \$1.37 Before:98.98 After:98.98	Preventive \$2.99 Before:97.85 After:97.85	Preventive + Required Project Global MR \$824.3 Before:96.33 After:98.98	Preventive \$3.17 Before:97.85 After:97.85	Preventive \$5.56 Before:96.33 After:96.33
TB-02	Global MR \$5099.44	Before:95.63	Preventive \$40.47 Before:93.49 After:93.49	Preventive \$57.52 Before:91.02 After:91.02	Preventive \$76.64 Before:88.38 After:88.38	Preventive \$96.85 Before:85.75 After:85.75	Preventive \$117.12 Before:83.26 After:83.26

Branch & Section	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027
		Required Project			Preventive +		
	Preventive \$38.98	Major Above Critical	Preventive \$2.19	Preventive \$4.77	Required Project	Preventive \$5.06	Preventive \$8.89
TC-01	Before:80.77	\$8213.76	Before:98.98	Before:97.85	Global MR \$1317.82	Before:97.85	Before:96.33
	After:80.77	Before:78.71	After:98.98	After:97.85	Before:96.33	After:97.85	After:96.33
		After:100			After:98.98		
	Preventive +						
	Required Project	Preventive \$29.69	Preventive \$43.74	Preventive \$60.09	Preventive \$77.81	Preventive \$95.99	Preventive \$114.08
TC-02	Global MR \$4644.19	Before:94.59	Before:92.26	Before:89.68	Before:87.03	Before:84.46	Before:82.07
	Before:89.68	After:94.59	After:92.26	After:89.68	After:87.03	After:84.46	After:82.07
	After:96.52						
		Required Project			Preventive +		
	Preventive \$45.82	Major Above Critical	Preventive \$2.3	Preventive \$5.01	Required Project	Preventive \$5.31	Preventive \$9.33
TD-01	Before:78.3	\$8615.34	Before:98.98	Before:97.85	Global MR \$1382.25	Before:97.85	Before:96.33
	After:78.3	Before:76.35	After:98.98	After:97.85	Before:96.33	After:97.85	After:96.33
		After:100			After:98.98		
	Preventive +						
	Required Project	Preventive \$23.63	Preventive \$36.22	Preventive \$51.48	Preventive \$68.59	Preventive \$86.68	Preventive \$104.83
TD-02	Global MR \$4564.15	Before:95.63	Before:93.49	Before:91.02	Before:88.38	Before:85.75	Before:83.26
	Before:91.02	After:95.63	After:93.49	After:91.02	After:88.38	After:85.75	After:83.26
	After:97.32						
		Required Project			Preventive +		
	Preventive \$30.19	Major Above Critical	Preventive \$1.46	Preventive \$3.19	Required Project	Preventive \$3.38	Preventive \$5.93
TE-01	Before:77.46	\$5481.36	Before:98.98	Before:97.85	Global MR \$879.43	Before:97.85	Before:96.33
	After:77.46	Before:75.49	After:98.98	After:97.85	Before:96.33	After:97.85	After:96.33
		After:100			After:98.98		

Branch & Section	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027
TE-02	Global MR \$5101.93	Preventive \$32.62 Before:94.59 After:94.59	Preventive \$48.05 Before:92.26 After:92.26	Preventive \$66.01 Before:89.68 After:89.68	Preventive \$85.48 Before:87.03 After:87.03	Preventive \$105.45 Before:84.46 After:84.46	Preventive \$125.33 Before:82.07 After:82.07
THANG01-01	Before:18.21	StopGap \$38865.37 Before:14.67 After:14.67	Required Project Major Below Critical \$913193.82 Before:11.12 After:100	Preventive \$115.11 Before:98.98 After:98.98	Preventive \$250.89 Before:97.85 After:97.85	Preventive \$440.51 Before:96.33 After:96.33	Preventive \$698.55 Before:94.35 After:94.35
THANG01-02		StopGap \$25581.28 Before:8.67 After:8.67	Required Project Major Below Critical \$214531.68 Before:5.12 After:100	Preventive \$27.04 Before:98.98 After:98.98	Preventive \$58.94 Before:97.85 After:97.85	Preventive \$103.49 Before:96.33 After:96.33	Preventive \$164.11 Before:94.35 After:94.35
THANG02-01	IRetore 61 /6	StopGap \$360.27 Before:57 After:57	Required Project Major Below Critical \$79366.2 Before:52.07 After:100	Preventive \$17.12 Before:98.98 After:98.98	Preventive \$37.32 Before:97.85 After:97.85	Preventive \$65.53 Before:96.33 After:96.33	Preventive \$103.91 Before:94.35 After:94.35

Appendix I2 Localized Maintenance Plan

Duran de ID	Section	Delian	Distress	Description	Carracita	Distress	Distress	Percent	Marila Danasiation	Work	Work	Unit	Marili Cast
Branch ID	ID	Policy	Code	Description	Severity	Qty	Unit	Distress	Work Description	Qty	Unit	Cost	Work Cost
A01	01	Safety	41	ALLIGATOR CR	Medium	27,705	SqFt	37.03	No Localized M & R	0		\$0.00	\$0
A01	01	Safety	43	BLOCK CR	Medium	5,569	SqFt	7.44	No Localized M & R	0		\$0.00	\$0
A01	01	Safety	45	DEPRESSION	Medium	418	SqFt	0.56	No Localized M & R	0		\$0.00	\$0
A01	01	Safety	50	PATCHING	Low	5,290	SqFt	7.07	No Localized M & R	0		\$0.00	\$0
A01	01	Safety	50	PATCHING	Medium	710	SqFt	0.95	No Localized M & R	0		\$0.00	\$0
A01	01	Safety	52	RAVELING	High	278	SqFt	0.37	No Localized M & R	0		\$0.00	\$0
A01	01	Safety	52	RAVELING	Medium	5,987	SqFt	8	No Localized M & R	0		\$0.00	\$0
R0321	01	Preventive	48	L & T CR	Low	1,185	Ft	6.44	No Localized M & R	0		\$0.00	\$0
R0321	02	Preventive	48	L & T CR	Low	30,693	Ft	8.04	No Localized M & R	0		\$0.00	\$0
R0321	02	Preventive	48	L & T CR	Medium	32	Ft	0.01	Crack Sealing - AC	32	Ft	\$3.95	\$126
TA	01	Preventive	48	L & T CR	Low	1,767	Ft	3.76	No Localized M & R	0		\$0.00	\$0
TA	01	Preventive	50	PATCHING	Low	735	SqFt	1.56	No Localized M & R	0		\$0.00	\$0
TA	01	Preventive	57	WEATHERING	Low	5,247	SqFt	11.16	No Localized M & R	0		\$0.00	\$0
TA	02	Preventive	48	L & T CR	Low	33	Ft	0.12	No Localized M & R	0		\$0.00	\$0
ТВ	01	Preventive	48	L & T CR	Low	49	Ft	3.95	No Localized M & R	0		\$0.00	\$0
ТВ	02	Preventive	48	L & T CR	Low	40	Ft	0.7	No Localized M & R	0		\$0.00	\$0
TC	01	Preventive	48	L & T CR	Low	95	Ft	4.79	No Localized M & R	0		\$0.00	\$0
TC	02	Preventive	48	L & T CR	Low	45	Ft	0.86	No Localized M & R	0		\$0.00	\$0
TD	01	Preventive	48	L & T CR	Low	125	Ft	6.01	No Localized M & R	0		\$0.00	\$0
TD	02	Preventive	48	L & T CR	Low	35	Ft	0.68	No Localized M & R	0		\$0.00	\$0
TE	01	Preventive	48	L & T CR	Low	85	Ft	6.42	No Localized M & R	0		\$0.00	\$0
TE	02	Preventive	48	L & T CR	Low	55	Ft	0.96	No Localized M & R	0		\$0.00	\$0
THANG01	01	Safety	41	ALLIGATOR CR	High	614	SqFt	0.61	Patching - AC Full-Depth	718	SqFt	\$25.05	\$17,991
THANG01	01	Safety	41	ALLIGATOR CR	Medium	23,349	SqFt	23.06	No Localized M & R	0		\$0.00	\$0
THANG01	01	Safety	43	BLOCK CR	Medium	30,723	SqFt	30.35	No Localized M & R	0		\$0.00	\$0
THANG01	01	Safety	50	PATCHING	High	82	SqFt	0.08	Patching - AC Full-Depth	123	SqFt	\$25.05	\$3,065
THANG01	01	Safety	50	PATCHING	Low	8,193	SqFt	8.09	No Localized M & R	0		\$0.00	\$0
THANG01	01	Safety	50	PATCHING	Medium	287	SqFt	0.28	No Localized M & R	0		\$0.00	\$0 \$0
THANG01	01	Safety	52	RAVELING	High	2,581	SqFt	2.55	No Localized M & R	0		\$0.00	\$0

Appendix I2 Localized Maintenance Plan

Pranch ID	Branch ID I Policy I	Distress	Description	Severity	Distress	Distress	Percent	Work Description	Work	Work	Unit	Work Cost	
BIAIICII ID	ID	Policy	Code	Description	Severity	Qty	Unit	Distress	Work Description	Qty	Unit	Cost	WOIR COST
THANG01	01	Safety	52	RAVELING	Medium	10,241	SqFt	10.12	No Localized M & R	0		\$0.00	\$0
THANG01	01	Safety	57	WEATHERING	Medium	6,144	SqFt	6.07	No Localized M & R	0		\$0.00	\$0
THANG01	02	Safety	43	BLOCK CR	Medium	21,619	SqFt	90.9	No Localized M & R	0		\$0.00	\$0
THANG01	02	Safety	50	PATCHING	Low	1,628	SqFt	6.84	No Localized M & R	0		\$0.00	\$0
THANG01	02	Safety	52	RAVELING	High	651	SqFt	2.74	No Localized M & R	0		\$0.00	\$0
THANG01	02	Safety	52	RAVELING	Medium	21,505	SqFt	90.42	No Localized M & R	0		\$0.00	\$0
THANG02	01	Preventive	48	L & T CR	Low	61	Ft	0.41	No Localized M & R	0		\$0.00	\$0
THANG02	01	Preventive	48	L & T CR	Medium	15	Ft	0.1	Crack Sealing - AC	15	Ft	\$3.95	\$59
THANG02	01	Preventive	50	PATCHING	Low	3,135	SqFt	20.82	No Localized M & R	0		\$0.00	\$0
THANG02	01	Preventive	57	WEATHERING	Medium	11,925	SqFt	79.18	No Localized M & R	0		\$0.00	\$0