

Alabama Statewide Airport Pavement Management Program Update



Weedon Field (EUF)

Final Report

February 2022



Submitted to

Alabama Aeronautics Bureau

Submitted by



All About Pavements, Inc (API)
www.allaboutpavements.com

Pavement Management – Evaluation – Testing – Design

**ALABAMA STATEWIDE AIRPORT PAVEMENT MANAGEMENT
PROGRAM UPDATE**

Weedon Field, Eufaula (EUF)

FINAL REPORT

Prepared For:

Alabama Aeronautics Bureau
1409 Coliseum Blvd.
Montgomery, AL 36110

Prepared By:

ALL ABOUT PAVEMENTS, INC.
205 Ramblewood Drive
Chatham, Illinois 62629

February 2022

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Executive Summary

The Jviation Inc. team, which included All About Pavements, Inc., (API) was awarded a contract by the Alabama Department of Transportation's Aeronautics Bureau (ALDOT) in 2018 to update the existing Alabama Statewide Airport Pavement Management Program (APMP). The scope of this project includes the airside pavement network at Weedon Field (EUF).

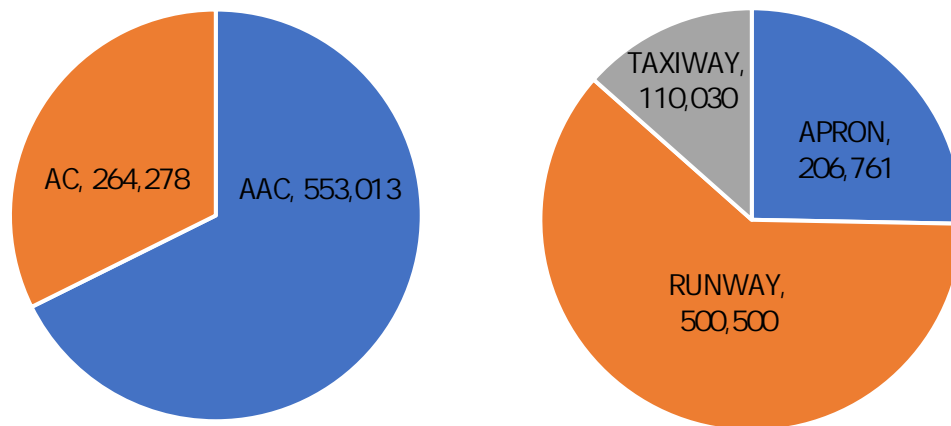
The following APMP tasks were completed to achieve the project objectives at EUF:

- Ø Update the PAVER work history with records review information provided by ALDOT
- Ø Conduct a visual pavement condition survey of the airfield pavements
- Ø Update the PAVER database with inventory and condition data
- Ø Update Maintenance and Rehabilitation (M&R) policies and unit costs
- Ø Develop a 7 Year Pavement Capital Improvement Program (PCIP) with associated cost estimates

ES.1 Pavement Inventory

There are 6 branches and 11 sections within EUF's pavement network with a total surface area of approximately 0.82 million square feet (sf). Figure ES 1 shows the distribution of the pavement network by surface type and branch use.

Figure ES-1: Pavement Area (sf) by Surface Type and Branch Use



ES.2 Pavement Condition

Visual pavement inspections were conducted in November 2019 using the Pavement Condition Index (PCI) method as specified in ASTM D5340 12 and FAA AC 150/5380 6C. The PCI is a numerical rating scale from 0 to 100 that provides a measure of the pavement's functional surface condition. The overall

area weighted network PCI (AW PCI) for the EUF pavement network is 94, representing a “Good” condition. The network area weighted pavement age (AW Age) is 5 years.

Table ES 1 is a listing of the section PCI values and ratings.

Table ES-1: EUF Section PCI Values and Ratings.

Branch ID	Name	Section ID	Surface	Area, sf	PCI	PCI Category
A01	Apron 01	01	AC	64,203	57	Fair
A01	Apron 01	02	AC	70,720	100	Good
A01	Apron 01	03	AC	71,838	100	Good
R1836	Runway 18 36	01	AAC	500,500	99	Good
TC01	Taxiway Connector 01	01	AAC	8,461	98	Good
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THANGO1	Taxiway Hangar 01	01	AC	31,324	66	Fair
THANGO1	Taxiway Hangar 01	02	AC	3,936	100	Good
THANGO1	Taxiway Hangar 01	03	AC	13,817	100	Good
TTRW18	Taxiway Turnaround RW18	01	AAC	35,263	96	Good
TTRW36	Taxiway Turnaround RW36	01	AAC	8,789	97	Good

ES.3 Pavement Maintenance and Repair Funding Levels

The PAVER database was updated with 2019 condition data, maintenance and repair (M&R) policies, and unit costs; which were then used to evaluate the effect of multiple funding levels on the overall future pavement condition. Figure ES 2 presents the forecasted EUF network PCI values for each funding level.

ES.4 Pavement Capital Improvement Program (PCIP)

The analysis output from the unlimited funding budget scenario was used as a starting point in developing the PCIP. For this scenario, sections were grouped into projects to allow for a logical construction sequence. Table ES 2 summarizes the 7 year PCIP, which has an estimated total cost of approximately \$1 million. These recommendations are based on a network level evaluation. Project level evaluations should be conducted prior to developing design and bid package documents.

In addition to the major rehabilitation needs that are identified in the PCIP, PAVER was used to develop maintenance activities to repair specific PCI distresses in Year 1. The estimated costs for these maintenance activities are \$5,981 as summarized in Table ES 3.

Figure ES-2: M&R Funding Levels.

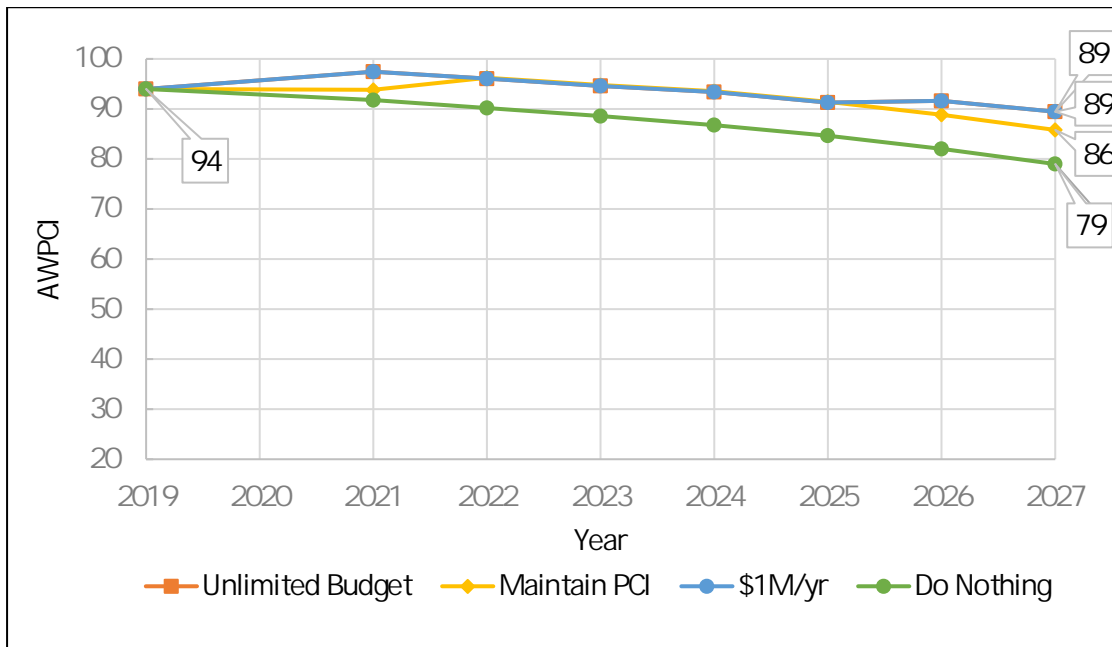


Table ES-2: Summary of Pavement Capital Improvement Program.

Project Year	CIP Project	Total Project Cost	Total Project Area, sf	AWPCI Before	AWPCI After
2021	EUf_21 01_Apron Rehabilitation	\$486,618	103,967	55	100
2024	EUf_24 01_Apron Surface Treatment	\$136,961	215,201	92	96
2026	EUf_26 01_Runway 18 36 Preservation	\$376,274	553,013	88	93
Total		\$999,853			

Table ES-3: Summary of Localized Maintenance Plan.

Policy	Work Description	Work Quantity	Work Unit	Work Cost
Preventive	Crack Sealing AC	1,270	Ft	\$5,016
	Patching AC Full Depth	37	SqFt	\$925
Safety	Crack Sealing AC	10	Ft	\$39
Total				\$5,981

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1 Introduction

1.1. Overview

The Alabama Department of Transportation's Aeronautics Bureau (ALDOT) is responsible for preserving and enhancing Alabama's air transportation system, which consists of 74 general aviation airports throughout the State. ALDOT implemented an Airport Pavement Management Program (APMP) in 2008 using the PAVER system. ALDOT awarded a project in 2018 to Aviation Inc. (Aviation) to update the System Plan and conduct an Economic Analysis for the Alabama airports. The scope of work also included an update of the APMP for 59 general aviation airports, which was conducted by All About Pavements, Inc., (API), a Aviation team member.

With this update of the APMP, the Alabama airports continue to be eligible for FAA funding for major pavement rehabilitation work under the Airport Improvement Program (AIP) since an APMP meets the pavement maintenance management requirements described in Appendix A of AC 150/5380 6C.

This report discusses the evaluation of the airside pavements at Weedon Field (EUF), the current and forecasted pavement condition, and the development of the Pavement Capital Improvement Program (PCIP).

1.2. Work Scope

The goals of the Alabama Statewide Airport Pavement Management Update program are as follows:

- Ø Conduct a visual pavement inspection of the asphalt surfaced pavements for 59 of the 74 general aviation airports in Alabama.
- Ø Based on the visual inspection analysis results, develop a 7 year PCIP for each airport.

The scope of work is as shown below:

- Ø Conduct a Records Review
- Ø Update Pavement Network Definition
- Ø Conduct Pavement Condition Surveys
- Ø Update and customize existing APMP PAVER database
- Ø Develop PCIP and associated project cost estimates
- Ø Prepare Draft and Final Reports
- Ø Develop a web based viewer for reporting APMP data

As required in the Scope of Work, a detailed pavement condition survey was not conducted for any Portland Cement Concrete (PCC) aprons and PCC taxiways longer than 2,000 ft. Instead, a condition rating of "Good", "Fair", or "Poor" was assigned based on the overall pavement condition.

The deliverable products include a PAVER 7.0 database, individual airport evaluation reports, a statewide summary report, and the web viewer. The EUF report will be one of the 59 individual airport reports that will be available on ALDOT's website.

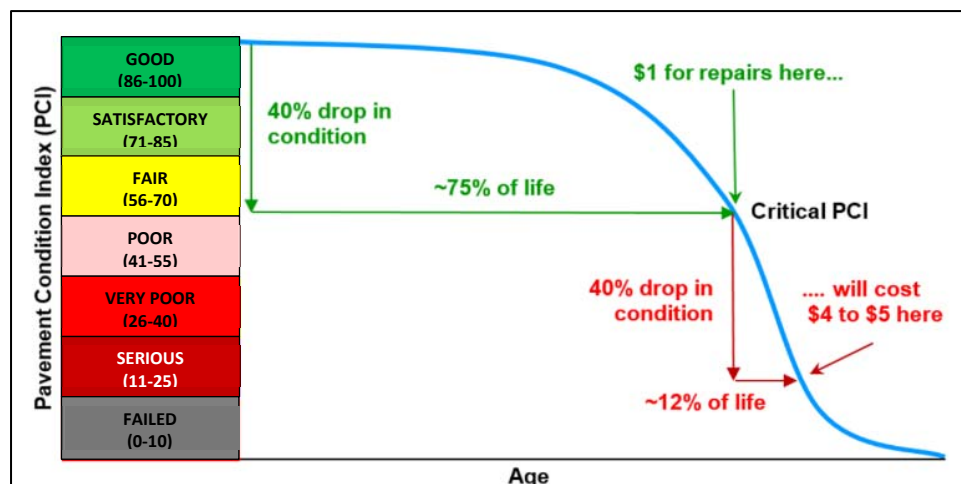
1.3. Pavement Management Concept

An APMP provides an integrated framework for comprehensive evaluation and decision making for managing airfield pavements. The essential components of an effective APMP provide for an objective evaluation of the condition of existing pavements, identification of short term and long range major rehabilitation work, necessary improvements in the pavement structural capacity, and the recurring maintenance work that should be completed each year. The APMP will also provide a budget for each of these types of pavement construction.

Historically, most organizations have made maintenance decisions based on past experience, without the benefit of documented data or analysis. This practice does not encourage life cycle cost analysis, nor the evaluation of cost effectiveness of alternate scenarios, and can lead to the inefficient use of funds. With limited allocated funding for Maintenance and Repair (M&R) Program projects, a defined procedure for setting priorities and schedules that will maximize the funds available is more important than ever.

In examining the lifespan of a 20 year pavement, a "Good" to "Fair" condition rating may last only 5 to 15 years. After that point, the rate of deterioration of pavements accelerates sharply as the age of the pavement increases, and within five years, the pavement may deteriorate to the point of failure. In order to extend pavement life, maintenance and repairs need to be scheduled and performed before the pavement surface declines to a "fair" condition. The point at which rehabilitation can be done before the steep decline occurs is called the "critical PCI", and is generally considered to occur when the Pavement Condition Index (PCI) is between 60 and 70 for general aviation airports. If the work is done before deterioration accelerates, the cost of rehabilitation can be reduced as shown in Figure 1.1.

Figure 1.1: Pavement Management Concept.



2 Airfield Pavement Inventory

2.1. Introduction

EUF is a General Aviation (GA) airport located approximately 3 miles north of Eufaula. The airport is owned and operated by the City of Eufaula. Figure 2.1 shows an aerial image of the airport.

Figure 2.1: Weedon Field.



(Source: Google Earth)

2.2. Pavement Inventory

EUF consists of one runway, a parallel taxiway and an apron. The total pavement area is approximately 0.82 million square feet. Pavement surfaces at EUF include Asphalt Concrete (AC) and Asphalt Overlay on AC (AAC). A complete listing of the pavement sections is included in Appendix A. Runway 02 20 is 5,005 ft. long and 100 ft. wide.

A records search was undertaken to identify any preservation or rehabilitation work that has occurred at EUF since the last APMP update in 2009. The following records that were provided by ALDOT were reviewed, and the PAVER database was updated with work history information:

- ØÁ Runway 18 36 Rehabilitation, 2017
- ØÁ Apron Rehabilitation, 2020

2.3. Climatic Conditions

Table 3.1 provides a summary of the climatic data for the geographic region that includes EUF. As the table shows, the pavements at EUF are not exposed to any freeze thaw cycles. The mean air

temperature for January ranges from an average low of 35 degrees °F to an average high of 57 degrees °F. The average annual rainfall at EUF is near 52 inches.

Table 2.1: Average Annual Temperatures and Rainfall for EUF.

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
High Temp (°F)	57	62	70	76	83	89	91	90	86	77	68	60
Low Temp (°F)	35	38	45	49	58	66	70	69	64	51	43	37
Precip. (in)	5.4	4.6	6.4	3.9	3.7	4.2	5.0	3.5	3.4	2.9	4.2	4.7

Source: www.intellicast.com

2.4. Pavement Network Definition

A key element in developing an APMP system is defining the pavement network, which is the process of dividing an agency's pavements into a hierarchical order that facilitates inspection and M&R planning. The EUF network (e.g. all airside pavements) is then divided into branches, which are a readily identifiable part of the pavement system and have distinct functions. For airports, branches typically consist of individual runways, taxiways and aprons. Figure B1A in Appendix B shows the branches at EUF.

Once branches have been defined, pavement evaluation and analysis techniques require the airfield pavement system to be broken up into discrete sections. A pavement "section" is the smallest management unit that is used when considering the application and selection of maintenance and rehabilitation (M&R) treatments, and is defined in Section 2.1.8 of ASTM D 5340 12 as

A complete list of the pavement inventory and the corresponding section designations are included in Appendix A. Figure B1B presents the section layout.

To facilitate the visual survey of the airside pavement, each section is further subdivided into conveniently defined sub section areas, or sample units. Similar sizing is critical as studies have found that maintaining the size of the sample units to within 40 percent of the established norm may reduce the standard error of the average PCI values. To meet that criteria, ASTM recommends that sample units for asphalt pavements be 5,000 square feet ($\pm 2,000$).

Table 2.2 was used as a guideline in developing sampling rates that reflect typical rates that are used for other large pavement networks. In general, this sampling rate will not provide a 95% confidence level with a standard error of 5 PCI points. A higher level of sampling is recommended before a project level rehabilitation design is developed for a pavement section or facility.

Sample units that include a one time occurrence of a distress (i.e. a large patch) or an unusual severity or quantity of a distress seen elsewhere, were designated as "additional" sample units as described in

the ASTM D5340 PCI procedure. This allows the PCI to be calculated without extrapolating the aberrant distress throughout the section as a whole. In Appendix B, Figure B1C shows the sample unit layout for EUF.

Table 2.2: PCI Sampling Rate for AC Surfaces.

Total Samples	Samples to Inspect
1	1
2	2
3- 6	3
7 - 13	4
14- 39	5
> 39	15 percent, but less than 12

2.5. Inventory Summary

There are 6 branches (facilities) at EUF that include 11 pavement sections and a total area of approximately 0.82 million square feet of paved surfaces, as shown in Table 2.3.

Table 2.3: EUF Pavement Branches.

Branch ID	Branch Name	Branch Use	Area, sf	Number of Sections
A01	Apron 01	APRON	206,761	3
R1836	Runway 18 36	RUNWAY	500,500	1
TC01	Taxiway Connector 01	TAXIWAY	16,901	2
THANG01	Taxiway Hangar 01	TAXIWAY	49,077	3
TTRW18	Taxiway Turnaround RW18	TAXIWAY	35,263	1
TTRW36	Taxiway Turnaround RW36	TAXIWAY	8,789	1
Total			817,291	11

Table 2.4 shows the distribution of airfield pavement by age with the area weighted age being 5 years for all airside pavements at EUF.

Table 2.4: EUF Pavement Age.

Age (Years)	Number of Sections	Percent of Area	Area, sf
0- 5	8	87	713,324
6- 10	0	0	0
11 - 15	0	0	0
16- 20	2	5	39,764
> 20	1	8	64,203

Figure 2.2 shows the distribution by surface type. Figure 2.3 presents the distribution by pavement use (e.g. runway, taxiway, and apron).

Figure 2.2: EUF Pavement Area by Surface Type.

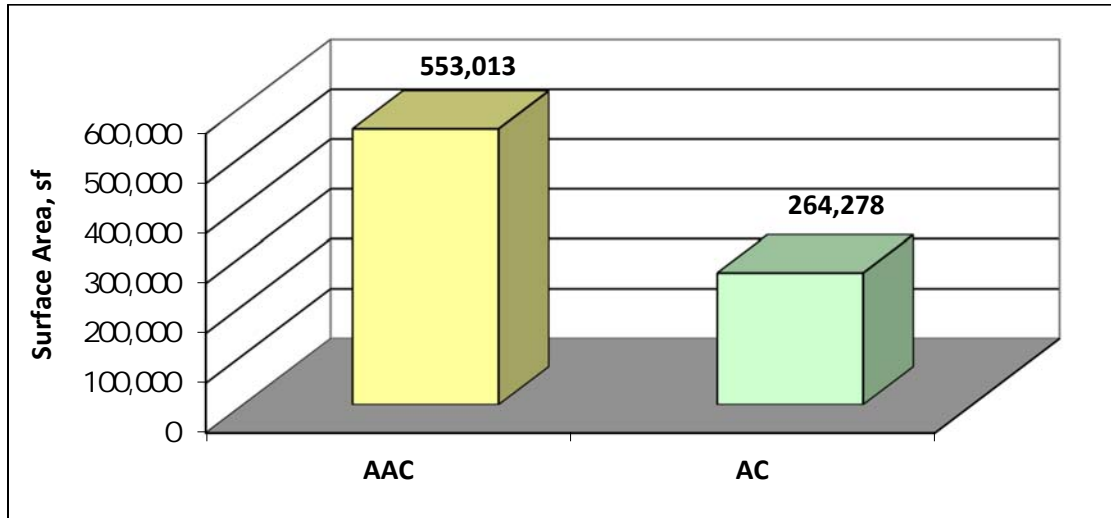
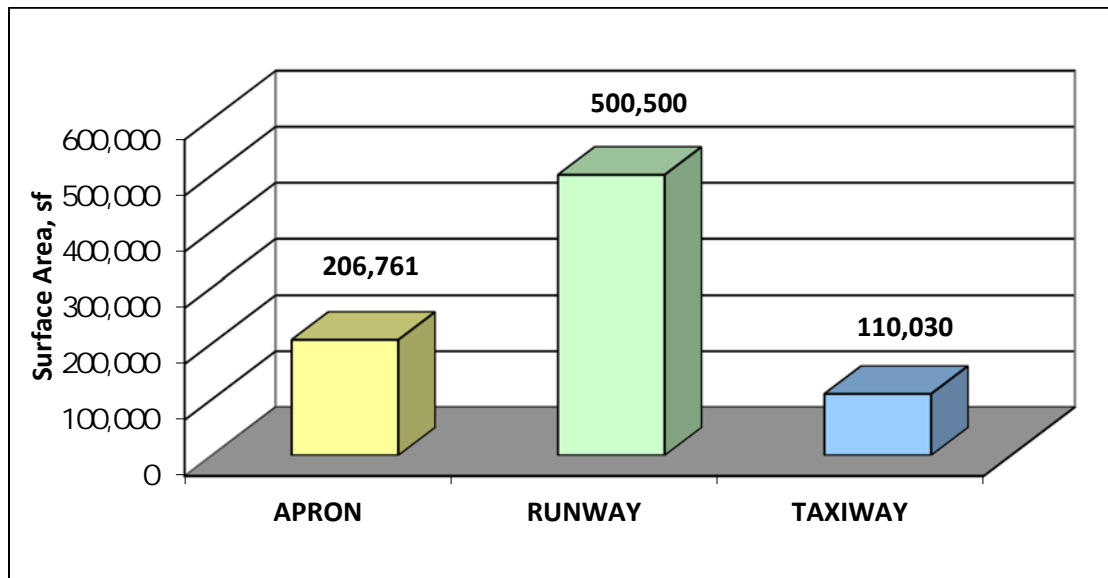


Figure 2.3: EUF Pavement Area by Branch Use.



Maps B1D, B1E, and B1F show the pavement type, branch use, and pavement age, respectively.

3 Pavement Condition

3.1. Introduction

A visual PCI survey of the airside pavements at EUF was conducted in order to assist in the development of a realistic PCIP. The PCI survey measures and records pavement distresses that exist within each of the inspected sample units. This survey was conducted in November 2019 by a 2 person team. The survey was performed in accordance with the methods described in ASTM D 5340 12 and FAA AC 150/5380 7B, using the sampling rates from Chapter 2 of this API report.

During the pavement survey, Quality Control (QC) and data verification were performed on both the individual distresses and the calculated section PCI values. QC included the following activities:

- Ø Review of distress quantities to identify data entry errors (100% review at the sample unit level). General guidance was used from ASTM D5340 12, section 13, which addresses the precision of distress quantities that are recorded during PCI surveys.
- Ø Duplicate surveys were performed to ensure consistency between each of the inspectors in a 2 person PCI survey team.

3.2. Pavement Condition Rating Methodology

The PCI is a measure of the pavement's functional surface condition. It provides insight into the causes of each distress, and whether the distress is primarily caused by load, climatic conditions, and other material related deficiencies. The PCI is a numerical rating (on a scale of 0 to 100) that is based on the type, severity and quantity of each distress that is found in an inspected sample unit.

The PCI survey results are displayed using seven categories and ratings in accordance with the ASTM, but can also be presented using a simplified 3 category rating system for use in comparing with other distress related indices, as shown in Table 3.1.

Table 3.1: Pavement Condition Index Rating Scale.

	Simplified PCI Color Legend	ASTM PCI Color Legend	PCI Range	PCI Ratings and Definition
GOOD	[Dark Green]	[Dark Green]	86-100	<u>GOOD</u> : Pavement has minor or no distresses and should require only routine maintenance.
		[Light Green]	71-85	<u>SATISFACTORY</u> : Pavement has scattered low severity distresses that should require only routine maintenance.
FAIR	[Yellow]	[Yellow]	56-70	<u>FAIR</u> : Pavement has a combination of generally low and medium severity distresses. Near term maintenance and repair needs may range from routine to major.
POOR	[Red]	[Light Pink]	41-55	<u>POOR</u> : Pavement has low, medium, and high severity distresses that probably cause some operational problems. Near term M&R needs range from routine to major. requirement for
		[Red]	26-40	<u>VERY POOR</u> : Pavement has predominantly medium and high severity distresses that cause considerable maintenance & operational problems. Near term M&R needs will be major.
		[Dark Red]	11-25	<u>SERIOUS</u> : Pavement has mainly high severity distresses that cause operational restrictions; immediate repairs are needed.
		[Grey]	0-10	<u>FAILED</u> : Pavement deterioration has progressed to the point that safe aircraft operations are no longer possible; complete reconstruction is required.

3.3. Distress Types

The ASTM D5340 standard considers 17 distresses, which tend to fall into one of the following four cause categories:

- Ø Load related: AC distresses include alligator cracking, corrugation, depression, polished aggregate, rutting and slippage cracking; PCC distresses include corner breaks, longitudinal cracking, divided slabs, polished aggregate, pumping and joint spalling.
- Ø Climate and durability related: AC distresses include bleeding, block cracking, joint reflection cracking, longitudinal and transverse (L&T) cracking, swelling, raveling, and weathering; PCC distresses include blow ups, "D" cracking, longitudinal cracking, pop outs, pumping, scaling, shrinkage cracks, and joint and corner spalling.
- Ø Moisture & Drainage related: AC distresses include alligator cracking, depressions, potholes and swelling; PCC distresses include corner breaks, divided slabs and pumping.
- Ø Other factors: Oil spillage, jet blast erosion, bleeding, patching and concrete slab joint faulting.

As described above, distress may have more than one cause. For example, depressions may be caused by incorrect compaction during construction, or by subgrade softening due to environmental factors. In addition, a distress may be initiated by one cause but may progress to a distress of higher severity by another cause. Therefore, engineering judgment is critical in analyzing the actual causes of the distress.

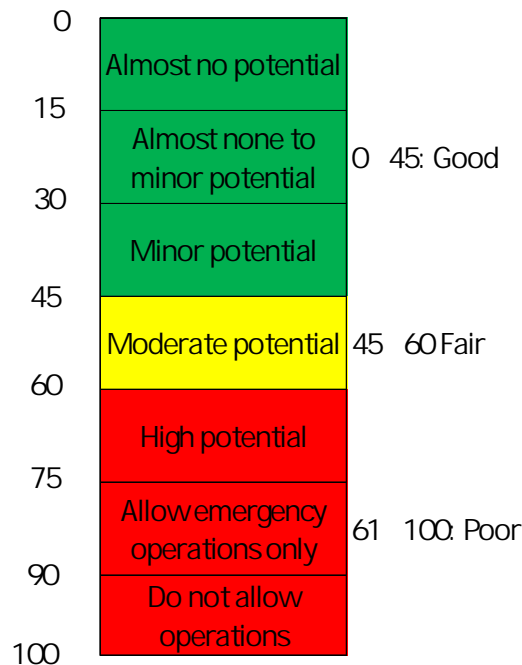
Distress descriptions provided in Appendix C were taken from the "PCI Field Manual," developed by the U.S. Army Construction Engineering Research Lab (CERL), latest edition. Appendix C provides a detailed explanation of each type of AC and PCC surface distress.

3.4. Additional PCI-based Indices

The distress data used to compute PCI can also be used to calculate additional indices that are helpful in understanding the condition of the pavement and developing PCIP recommendations. One additional index that was computed is the Foreign Object Damage (FOD) potential index.

The FOD index was developed by the US Air Force and is described in detail in the US Army Corp of Engineers Engineering Technical Letter (ETL) 04 09, Pavement Engineering Assessment (EA) Standards. Loose objects on an airfield pavement surface resulting from pavement distresses can be detrimental to aircraft engines, specifically engines that are low to the ground. The objects are ingested into the engines causing costly damage and presenting a safety hazard. Not all pavement distresses create a FOD potential. Therefore, an additional index was identified that uses the results of the PCI distress survey. As shown in Figure 3.1, the scale ranges from 0 to 100 with 0 being no FOD potential. Note that the FOD index uses a simplified three color scale.

Figure 3.1: FOD Potential Rating Scale.



3.5. PCI Survey Results

The airside pavements at EUF include 11 sections with 168 sample units. The sample number of sample units that were surveyed in the field is 38, which is 23 percent of the total samples. Data from the inspected sample units were input into the PAVER database and a resultant PCI for each section was computed.

Figure 3.2 presents the area weighted PCI by use and the overall airside network.

Figure 3.2: Pavement Condition by Branch Use.

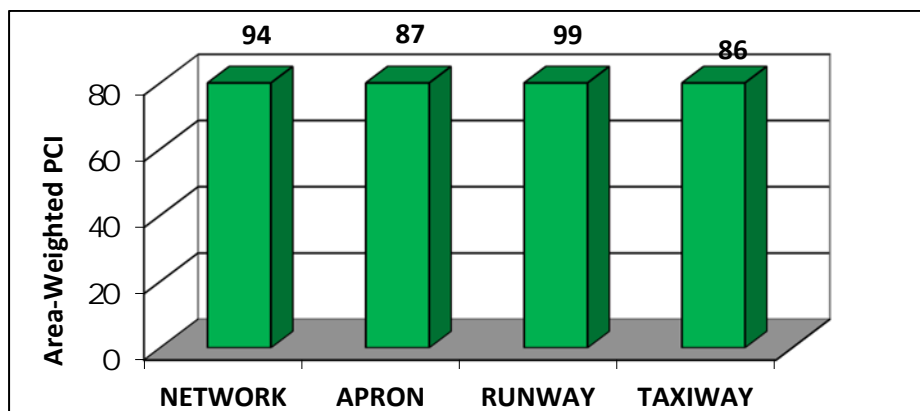


Figure 3.3 shows the distribution of the EUF pavement network by condition. None of the network is in "Poor" or worse condition.

Figure 3.3: Pavement Condition by Percent of Area.

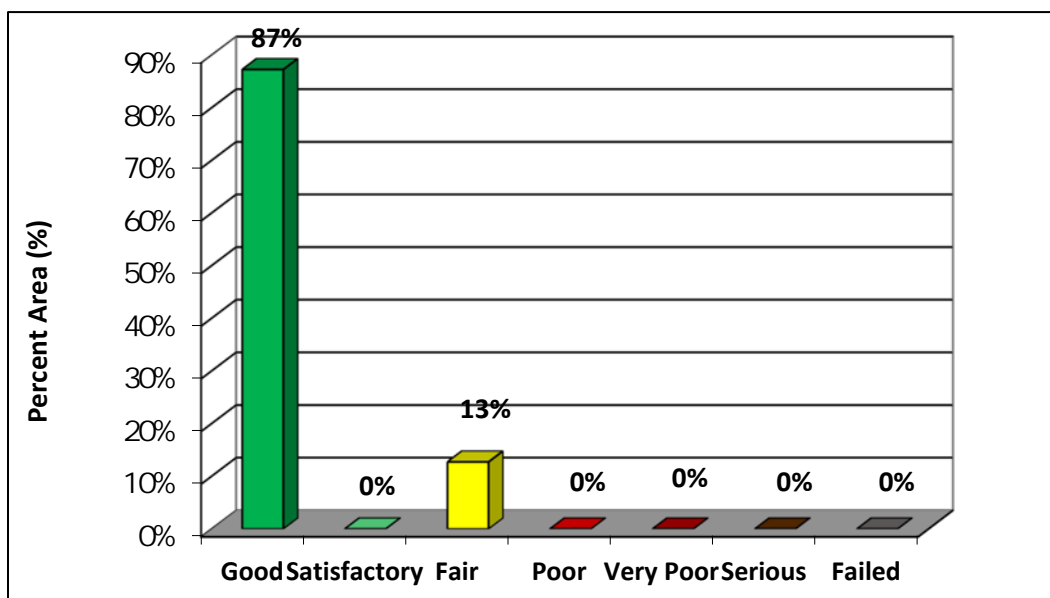


Table 3.2 is a listing of the section PCI.

Table 3.2: Section PCI.

Branch ID	Name	Section ID	Surface	Area, sf	PCI	PCI Category	FOD
A01	Apron 01	01	AC	64,203	57	Fair	58
A01	Apron 01	02	AC	70,720	100	Good	0
A01	Apron 01	03	AC	71,838	100	Good	0
R1836	Runway 18 36	01	AAC	500,500	99	Good	10
TC01	Taxiway Connector 01	01	AAC	8,461	98	Good	11
TC01	Taxiway Connector 01	02	AC	8,440	60	Fair	54
THANGO1	Taxiway Hangar 01	01	AC	31,324	66	Fair	48
THANGO1	Taxiway Hangar 01	02	AC	3,936	100	Good	0
THANGO1	Taxiway Hangar 01	03	AC	13,817	100	Good	0
TTRW18	Taxiway Turnaround RW18	01	AAC	35,263	96	Good	13
TTRW36	Taxiway Turnaround RW36	01	AAC	8,789	97	Good	12

Figure B2A and B2B in Appendix B are maps of the section PCI in 7 and 3 scale categories, respectively. Figure B2C is a map of the FOD rating. Appendix D contains a detailed report of the PCI values and distress type, quantity, and severity data for each sample unit that was surveyed in a section. Appendix E is a summary report of the extrapolated distress data at the section level.

Appendix F contains current section and branch PCI data and forecasted section PCI values. FOD values by section and branch are also presented. Figure B2D in Appendix B shows the locations of the photos that were taken during the survey. Photos are included in Appendix J.

3.6. PCC Pavements

As stated earlier, the project scope did not include a detailed pavement condition survey for any Portland Cement Concrete (PCC) aprons. For these pavements, a rating of "Good", "Fair", or "Poor" was assigned based on the overall pavement condition. Figure 3.4 shows the condition of the PCC aprons at EUF.

Figure 3.4: PCC Apron Condition Rating.



4 Pavement Capital Improvement Program

4.1. Introduction

PCI data were collected and entered into the PAVER database. In addition, the database customization included the following components, which are described in detail in this chapter.

1. Performance Modeling
2. Maintenance & Repair (M&R) Triggers (Critical PCI)
3. M&R Policies
4. Unit Costs

Once the database was customized, it was used to run budget analysis scenarios and develop a 7 year PCIP.

4.2. Performance Modeling

To determine long term M&R needs, a APMP must be able to predict future pavement condition. Future pavement condition is predicted using equation models that are generated from current and historical PCI data. Equation models are developed by grouping pavements based on similar performance characteristics such as region, construction history, surface type, traffic, priority and use. Mathematical techniques such as straight line extrapolation and regression that include boundary and outlier filters are used to develop models that provide the best fit equation for the pavement condition data. PAVER's Prediction Modeling module was used to develop pavement performance models that are commonly referred to as 'Family Curves'.

Prediction models are used at the section level to compute future conditions based on the typical performance of the pavement sections that are included in each model. Future condition is computed by defining its position relative to the prediction model. The section prediction curve, or equation, is drawn through the current PCI age point for each specific section. Since the shifted curve will run parallel to the computed prediction model, the predicted condition can be computed for any future age. Figure 4.1 is an illustration of this process.

Prediction models provide an effective way to compute future pavement performance based on past and current conditions, and pavement maintenance and rehabilitation practices. As new PCI inspection surveys are conducted, these models should be updated accordingly. In the case of the Alabama statewide airport pavement network, the best fit family curves were developed for each region by grouping pavements according to branch use (e.g. runway, taxiway) and surface type (e.g. AC, AAC, and APC). The family curves for ALDOT were developed based on branch use and are presented in Figure 4.2

Figure 4.1: PCI Forecasting.

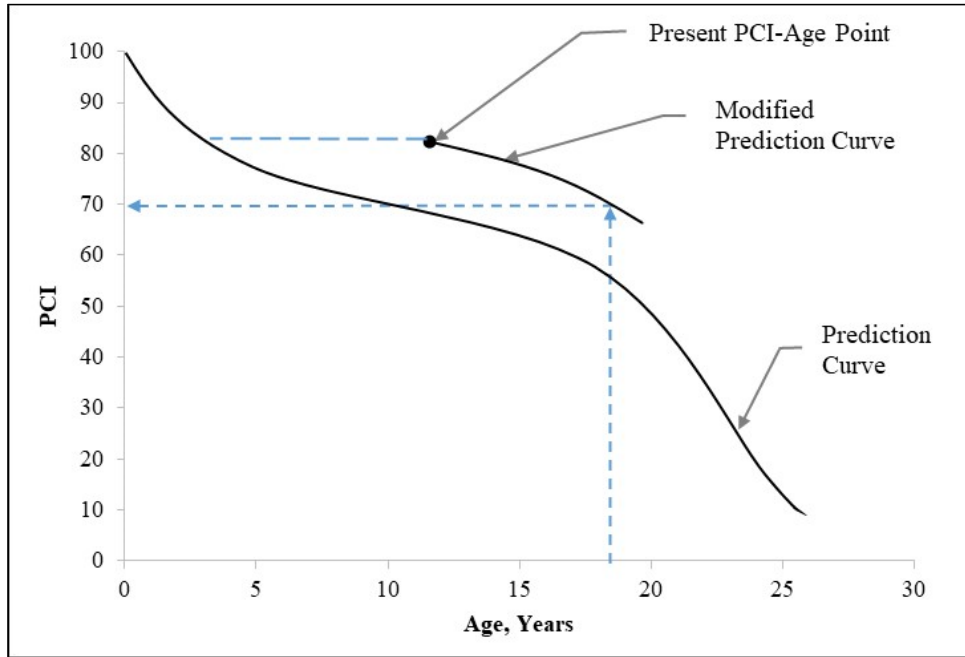
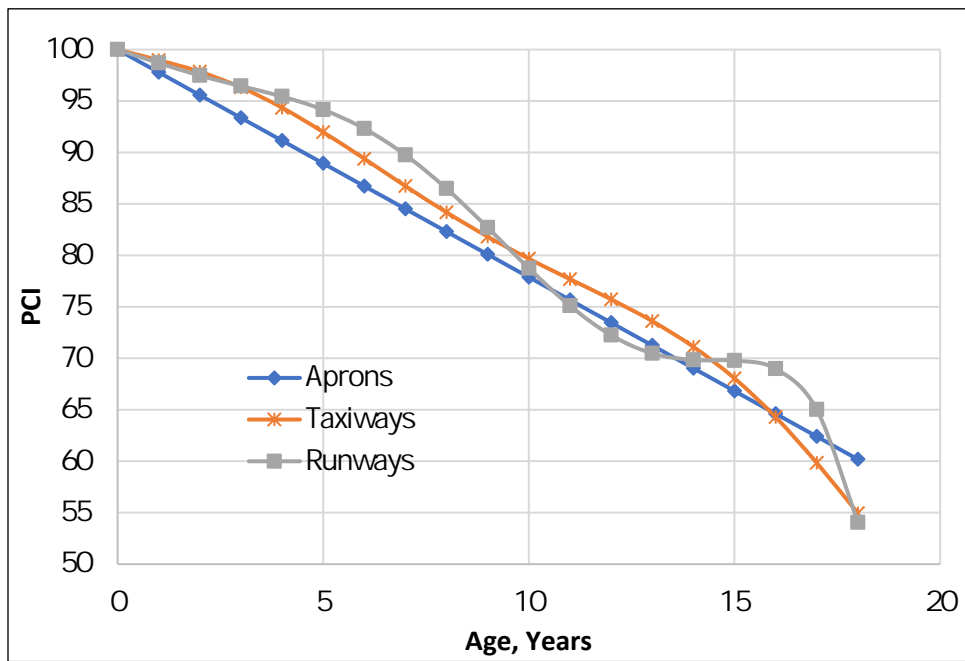


Figure 4.2: Family Curves.



4.3. Critical PCI Values

The Critical PCI value is defined as “ $h_{\#}$ $h_{\#}$ ” This definition is incorporated into PAVER in defining and measuring the critical PCI values. These values, or M&R triggers, are assigned for each prediction model. As such, the critical PCI values are directly related to the branch use.

These critical PCI levels are selected based on several factors including a review of performance models; experience; other airport triggers; and acknowledge that time is required for funding approval and design. Note that preventive maintenance is recommended, and it should generally be performed above the critical PCI (trigger) values and Major M&R is generally performed below them. The critical PCI (CP) values were set at 70 for runways and taxiways, and 65 for other pavements.

4.4. M&R Policies and Unit Costs

M&R policies refer to the activities that are applied at different condition levels to maintain and repair a pavement section.

Maintenance activities are localized activities which are typically assigned in the first year of the M&R plan based on the observed distresses. Safety (stopgap) maintenance addresses distresses that would affect operational safety if left unrepaired and is applied to pavements below the critical PCI. Preventive maintenance activities are aimed at slowing the rate of deterioration through consistent maintenance of existing pavements and are generally applied to pavements above the critical PCI. Appendix G presents the policies for preventive and safety maintenance.

Repair activities are conducted for larger areas, typically at the section level and are assigned based on the critical PCI. Repair activities broadly consist of three categories: preservation, rehabilitation, and reconstruction. Pavement preservation involves activities like surface treatments that are used to extend pavement service life and to delay more expensive rehabilitation work. These are applied when the pavement is in relatively good condition and does not exhibit any structural distress. Rehabilitation activities are used to repair pavements below or around the critical PCI and typically include mill and overlay. Reconstruction is recommended when the pavement has deteriorated to a level where rehabilitation is no longer cost effective.

Table 4.1 lists the pavement activity types, the individual activities within each type, and their associated 2020 unit costs. A more detailed description of the M&R activities and the development of the M&R unit costs is presented in Appendix H.

In accordance with ALDOT’s focus on preservation, surface treatment is applied to all resurfaced and reconstructed runways, taxiways, and aprons three years after construction work is complete. Taxilanes and T Hangar pavements are excluded from this requirement. This policy is applicable for projects in the PCIP between 2021 and 2024. For cost estimating, this surface treatment is assumed to have the same cost as the runway surface treatment.

Table 4.1: M&R Activities and Unit Costs.

Activity Type	PCI	Activity	Cost/sf
Maintenance	Note 1	Seal Cracks – AC (\$/lf)	\$3.95
		AC Full Depth Patching	\$25.05
		AC Partial Depth Patching	\$16.28
Preservation	75 90	Runway Surface Treatment	\$0.57
		Taxiway and Apron Surface Treatment	\$0.85
Rehabilitation	> CP	2" AC OL ²	\$3.54
	55 CP	Mill 2" & 2" AC OL	\$3.90
	45 55	Mill 2" & 2" AC OLP (With Pre Overlay Repairs)	\$4.82
Reconstruction	0 45	AC Reconstruction	\$8.25

¹ Preventive > CP; Safety (Stopgap) < CP

² For sections with structural distress and PCI > CP

4.5. Pavement CIP Development

The PAVER database, updated with condition data and customized with condition performance priorities, policies, and costs; was used to evaluate the effect of multiple funding levels on the overall future pavement condition. This output was further used to develop the PCIP. Figure 4.3 illustrates the process that PAVER uses in the funding analysis.

The following M&R funding levels were used for the EUF pavement network to help establish the 7 Year PCIP. Figure 4.4 presents the network area weighted average PCI for each of the following funding scenarios at the end of the analysis period:

- Ø Unlimited Funding: Unlimited funding is available for all pavement needs. The PCI changes to 89 by 2027.
- Ø Maintain PCI: Maintain existing PCI of 94.
- Ø Constrained Funding: This scenario constrains the funding to \$1 million each year (total of \$7 million). The PCI decreases to 86 in 2027.
- Ø Do Nothing: Performing no M&R would reduce the network PCI from 94 to 79 by 2027.

Figure 4.3: Budget Analysis Process.

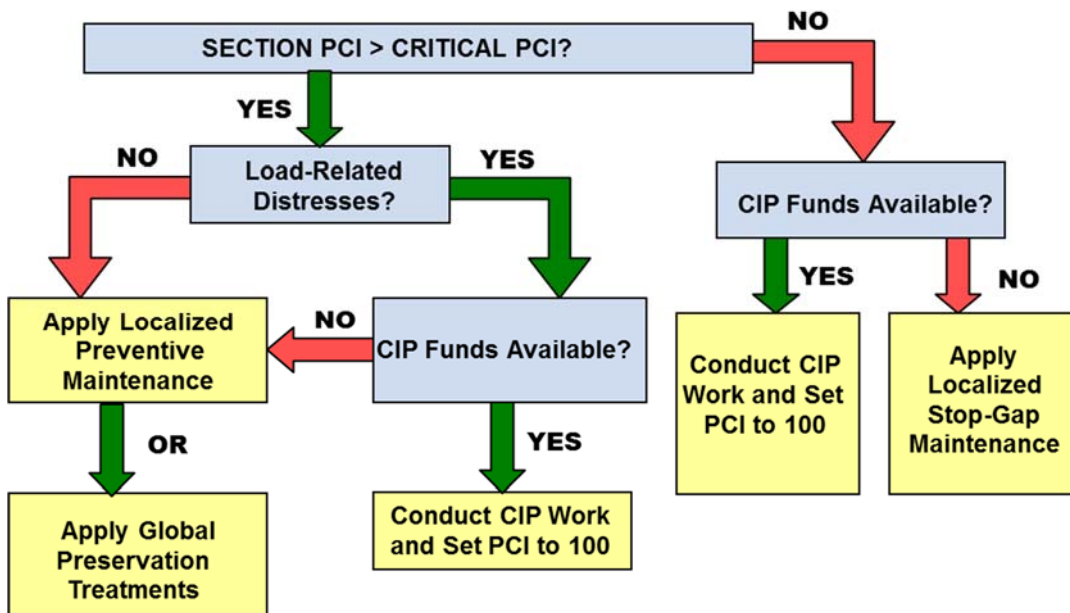


Figure 4.4: M&R Funding Levels.

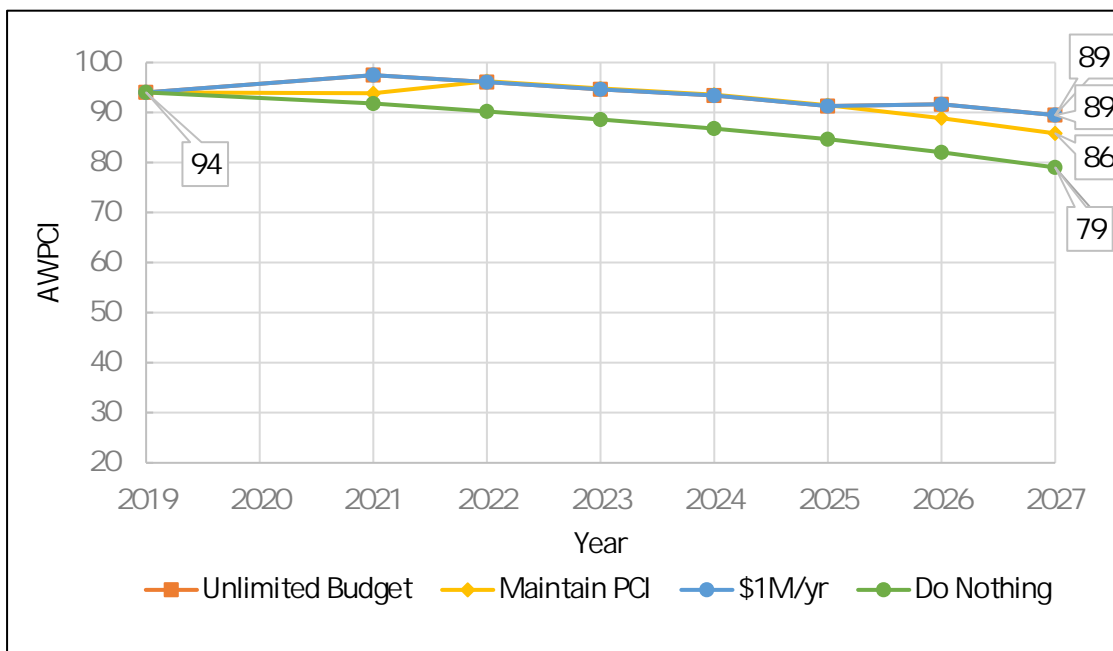


Table 4.2 summarizes the annual funding required for the above analyses. For the unlimited analysis, all pavement needs are funded in the year they are required. Therefore, the unfunded costs are zero. The total funded amount over the 7 year period is approximately \$0.9 million. For the annual funding level of \$1 million per year, funding is prioritized based on the prioritization matrix. When the needs exceed the funding for any year, the remaining sections are transferred to the succeeding year and the amount

for these activities are represented as “unfunded”. There are no “unfunded” repairs in 2027 for this funding level.

Table 4.2: Summary of M&R Funding Level Analyses.

Year	Unlimited	Maintain PCI	Constrained \$1M/year	Do Nothing
2021	\$452,000	\$166,000	\$452,000	\$0
2022	\$3,000	\$313,000	\$3,000	\$0
2023	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$0
2024	\$55,000	\$55,000	\$55,000	\$0
2025	\$8,000	\$8,000	\$8,000	\$0
2026	\$342,000	\$11,000	\$342,000	\$0
2027	\$11,000	\$14,000	\$11,000	\$0
Total	\$876,000	\$572,000	\$876,000	\$0
2027 Backlog	-	\$341,000	-	\$1,429,000

Map B3A in Appendix B presents the 2027 forecasted PCI by section when the M&R activities recommended in the CIP are not conducted.

4.6. Pavement Capital Improvement Program

The unlimited funding analysis contains rehabilitation activities for sections from the same branch spread out over the seven year period, which is not always operationally feasible to construct. The analysis output was treated as a starting point in developing the CIP. Sections were often integrated together to account for construction feasibility and other factors, resulting in larger projects which were more realistic. In addition, each project could contain sections whose condition did not trigger rehabilitation but were included to provide a logical plan which would avoid creating “islands” of newer pavement within a particular feature. For example, if the PAVER analysis showed rehabilitation was required for eight out of 10 sections on a runway, the entire runway would be recommended for rehabilitation to provide a continuous new pavement surface.

Table 4.3 shows the projects and the associated costs for the recommended 7 year PCIP. Table 4.4 is a more detailed view of the PCIP. This table lists the individual pavement section, section level M&R work, section repair cost, surface area and the PCI before the M&R is applied. The costs that are presented represent an annual escalation rate of 3% for the unit costs. The total 7 year PCIP cost is approximately \$1 million. Map B3B shows the recommended repair types, while Map B3C presents the recommended projects and activities in the PCIP. Appendix I1 presents a summary of the recommended activities and cost by year for each section at EUF.

Table 4.3: Summary of 7-Year PCIP by Project.

Project Year	CIP Project	Total Project Cost	Total Project Area, sf	AWPCI Before	AWPCI After
2021	EUJ_21 01_Apron Rehabilitation	\$486,618	103,967	55	100
2024	EUJ_24 01_Apron Surface Treatment	\$136,961	215,201	92	96
2026	EUJ_26 01_Runway 18 36 Preservation	\$376,274	553,013	88	93
Total		\$999,853			

Table 4.4: Summary of 7-Year PCIP by Project and Section.

Branch	Section	Area, sf	PCI Before Rehab	Activity	Activity Type	Cost
EUJ_21-01_Apron Rehabilitation						\$486,618
A01	01	64,203	54	Mill 2" & 2" AC OLP	Rehabilitation	\$318,746
TC01	02	8,440	54	Mill 2" & 2" AC OLP	Rehabilitation	\$41,902
THANG01	01	31,324	61	Mill 2" & 2" AC OL	Rehabilitation	\$125,970
EUJ_24-01_Apron Surface Treatment						\$136,961
A01	01	64,203		Surface Treatment	Preservation	\$40,861
A01	02	70,720	92	Surface Treatment	Preservation	\$45,008
A01	03	71,838	92	Surface Treatment	Preservation	\$45,720
TC01	02	8,440		Surface Treatment	Preservation	\$5,371
EUJ_26-01_Runway 18-36 Preservation						\$376,274
R1836	01	500,500	90	Runway Surface Treatment	Preservation	\$337,933
TC01	01	8,461	84	Taxiway & Apron Surface Treatment	Preservation	\$8,598
TTRW18	01	35,263	81	Runway Surface Treatment	Preservation	\$23,809
TTRW36	01	8,789	82	Runway Surface Treatment	Preservation	\$5,934
Total						\$999,853

The FAA, under the Airport Improvement Program (AIP) provides approximately 90 percent of eligible costs for planning and development of public use airports included in the NPIAS as grants. The remaining 10 percent of costs are shared between ALDOT and the airport sponsor. The following is the distribution of the 7 yr PCIP cost of \$1 million for EUJ:

- Ø FAA (90%): \$0.9 million
- Ø ALDOT (5%): \$0.05 million
- Ø Airport Sponsor (5%): \$0.05 million

The recommendations within the PCIP are based on a network level study and should be used for planning purposes only. A detailed project level assessment should be conducted for each project to determine the appropriate repair activities and develop more accurate cost estimates.

Table 4.5 summarizes the maintenance activities that are recommended for Year 1 (2021). The estimated cost is approximately \$5,981. A complete listing of the maintenance activities by section is presented in Appendix I2. This may be used as a basis for establishing an annual maintenance budget for the EUF pavements.

Table 4.5: Summary of Year-1 Maintenance Plan.

Policy	Work Description	Work Quantity	Work Unit	Work Cost
Preventive	Crack Sealing AC	1,270	Ft	\$5,016
	Patching AC Full Depth	37	SqFt	\$925
Safety	Crack Sealing AC	10	Ft	\$39
Total				\$5,981

APPENDIX A
INVENTORY



Appendix A
Pavement Inventory Report
Weedon Field (EUF)

Branch ID	Name	Branch Use	Section ID	Rank ¹	Length (ft)	Width (ft)	Area (sf)	LCD ²	Surface ³
A01	Apron 01 Eufaula	APRON	02	S	355	200	70,720	6/1/2020	AC
A01	Apron 01 Eufaula	APRON	03	S	415	200	71,838	6/3/2020	AC
A01	Apron 01 Eufaula	APRON	01	S	380	174	64,203	7/1/1999	AC
R1836	Runway 18-36 Eufaula	RUNWAY	01	P	5,005	100	500,500	3/1/2017	AAC
TC01	Taxiway Connector 01 Eufaula	TAXIWAY	02	S	227	35	8,440	11/17/2002	AC
TC01	Taxiway Connector 01 Eufaula	TAXIWAY	01	S	190	35	8,461	3/1/2017	AAC
THANG01	Taxiway Hangar 01 Eufaula	TAXIWAY	03	T	338	42	13,817	6/3/2020	AC
THANG01	Taxiway Hangar 01 Eufaula	TAXIWAY	02	T	328	12	3,936	6/3/2020	AC
THANG01	Taxiway Hangar 01 Eufaula	TAXIWAY	01	T	369	70	31,324	4/10/2004	AC
TTRW18	Taxiway Turnaround RW18	TAXIWAY	01	P	722	35	35,263	3/1/2017	AAC
TTRW36	Taxiway Turnaround RW36	TAXIWAY	01	P	164	64	8,789	3/1/2017	AAC

¹ P = Primary pavement, S = Secondary pavement, T = Tertiary pavement

² LCD = Last construction date. The date of the last major pavement rehabilitation (e.g. AC overlay)

³ AC = Asphalt Cement Concrete, AAC = Asphalt Overlay AC, PCC = Portland cement Concrete, APC = Asphalt Overlay PCC

APPENDIX B

PMP Maps

B1: Inventory Maps

B1A: Branch Identification

B1B: Section Identification

B1C: Sample Unit Layout

B1D: Pavement Type

B1E: Branch Use

B1F: Pavement Age

B2: Surface Condition Maps

B2A: 7-Color PCI

B2B: 3-Color PCI

B2C: FOD Rating

B2D: Survey Photo Locations

B3: Pavement Capital Improvement Plan (PCIP) Maps

B3A: 2027 Forecasted PCI without PCIP

B3B: M&R Needs

B3C: PCIP Recommendations

Legend

Section Boundary

PCC Aprons

Branch Identification

- Apron 01 Eufaula
- Runway 18-36 Eufaula
- Taxiway Connector 01 Eufaula
- Taxiway Hangar 01 Eufaula
- Taxiway Turnaround RW18 Eufaula
- Taxiway Turnaround RW36 Eufaula

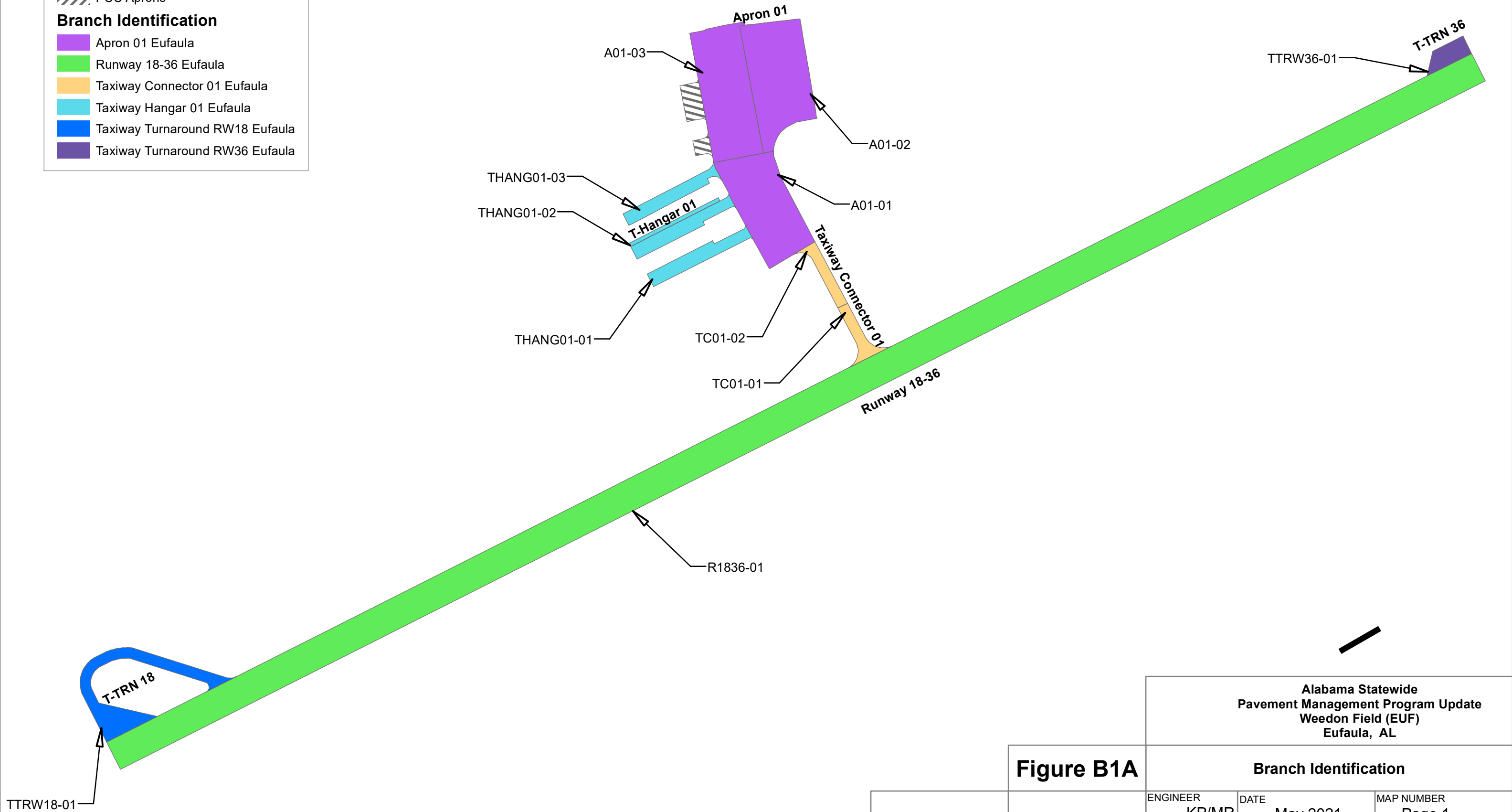


Figure B1A

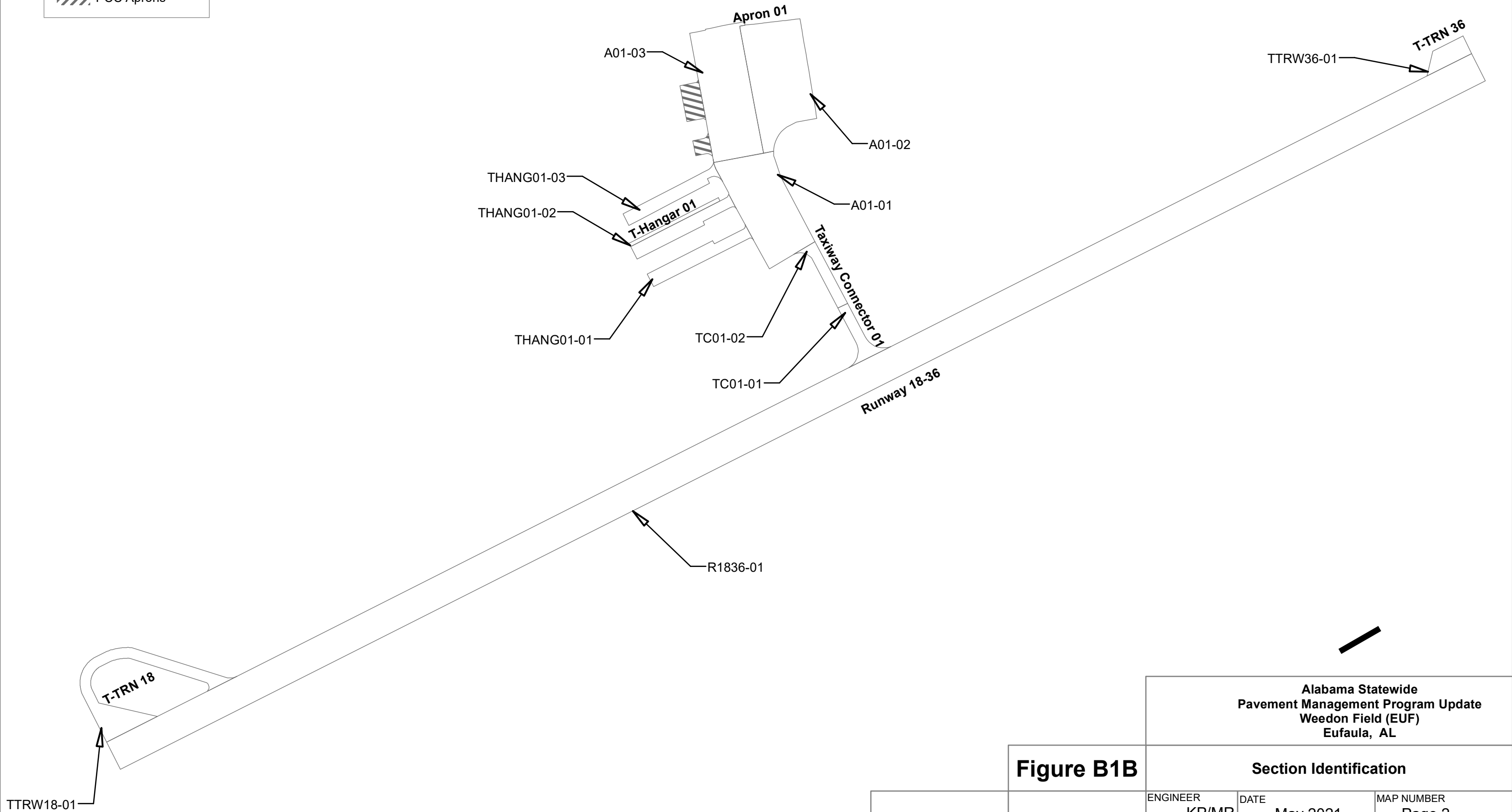
Alabama Statewide Pavement Management Program Update Weedon Field (EUF) Eufaula, AL		
Branch Identification		
ENGINEER KP/MR	DATE May 2021	MAP NUMBER Page 1
REVISED JMA	SCALE 1 in = 300 ft	FINAL

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Legend

□ Section Boundary

▨ PCC Aprons



Alabama Statewide
Pavement Management Program Update
Weedon Field (EUF)
Eufaula, AL

Figure B1B

Section Identification

ENGINEER KP/MR	DATE May 2021	MAP NUMBER Page 2
	REVISOR JMA	SCALE 1 in = 300 ft

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Legend

- Section Boundary
- PCC Aprons

Sample Unit Layout

- SU Boundary
- Inspected

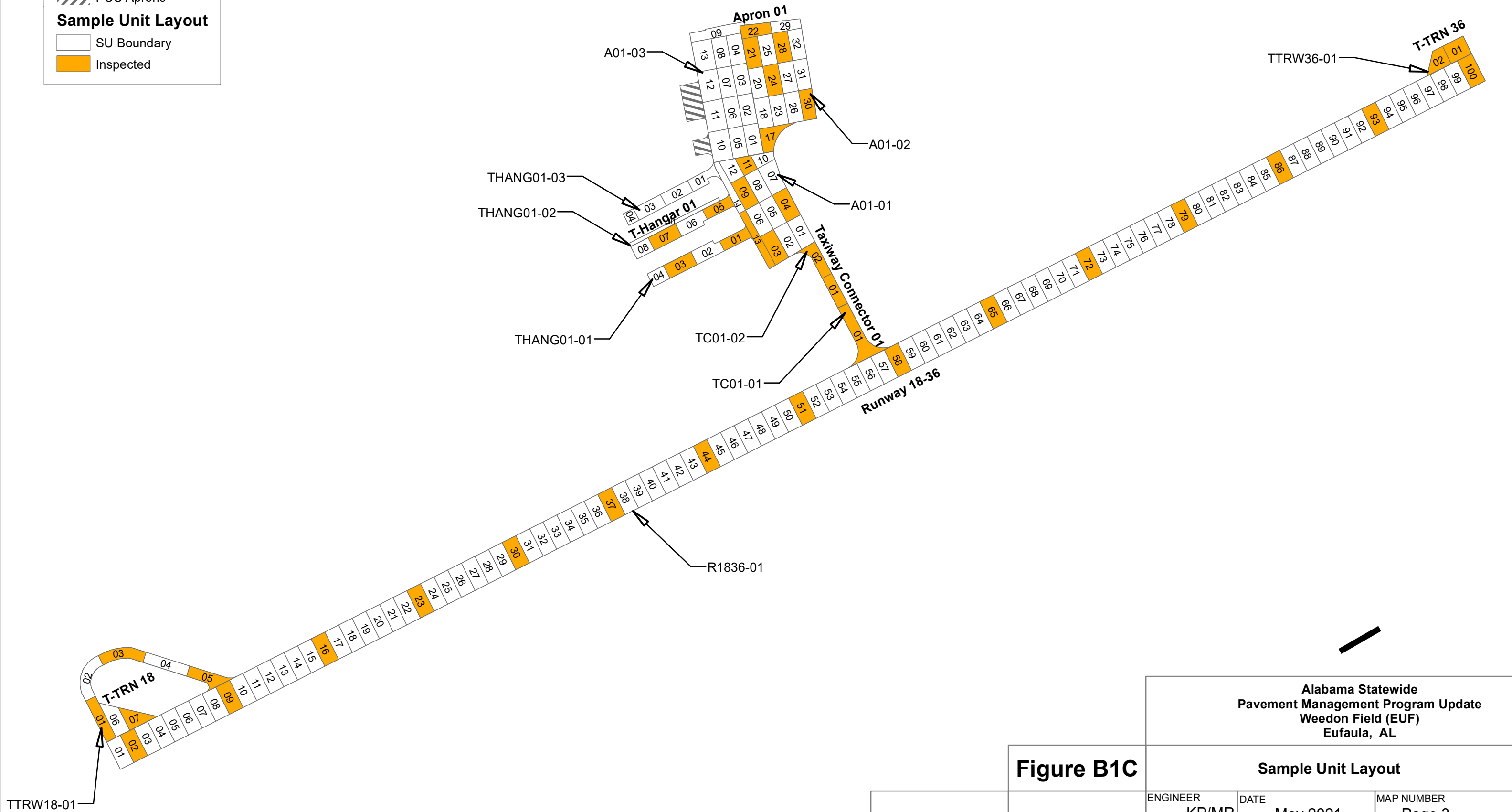


Figure B1C

<p>Alabama Statewide Pavement Management Program Update Weedon Field (EUF) Eufaula, AL</p>		
<p>Sample Unit Layout</p>		
ENGINEER KP/MR	DATE May 2021	MAP NUMBER Page 3
REVISOR JMA	SCALE 1 in = 300 ft	FINAL

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Legend

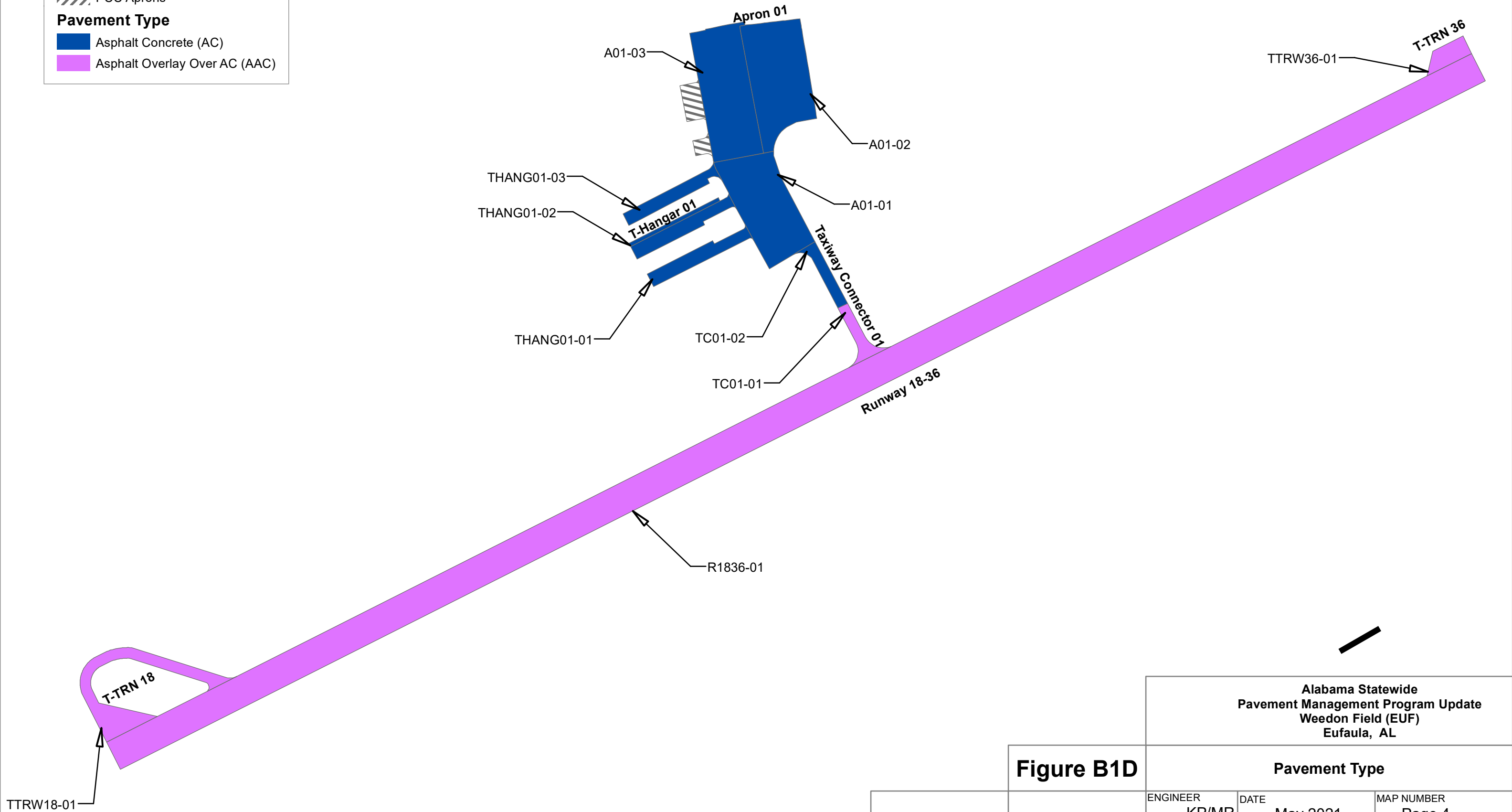
Section Boundary

PCC Aprons

Pavement Type

Asphalt Concrete (AC)

Asphalt Overlay Over AC (AAC)



Alabama Statewide
Pavement Management Program Update
Weedon Field (EUF)
Eufaula, AL

Figure B1D

Pavement Type

TTRW18-01

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KP/MR
REVISED
JMA

DATE
May 2021
SCALE
1 in = 300 ft

MAP NUMBER
Page 4
FINAL

Legend

- Section Boundary
- PCC Aprons
- Branch Use**
- APRON
- RUNWAY
- TAXIWAY

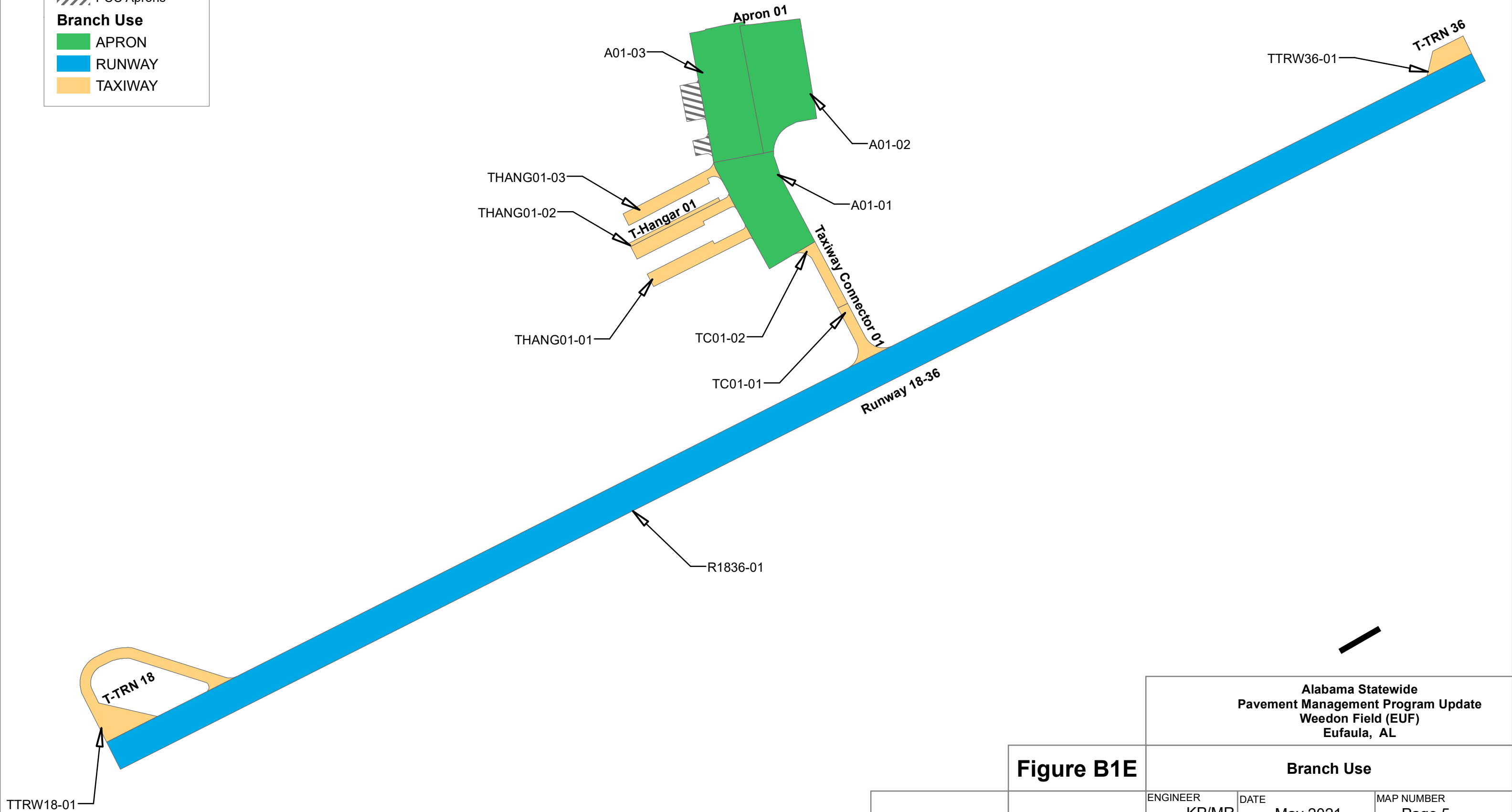


Figure B1E

**Alabama Statewide
Pavement Management Program Update
Weedon Field (EUF)
Eufaula, AL**

Branch Use		
ENGINEER KP/MR	DATE May 2021	MAP NUMBER Page 5
REVISED JMA	SCALE 1 in = 300 ft	FINAL

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TTRW18-01

Legend

Section Boundary

PCC Aprons

Pavement Age (Yrs)

- 0 - 10
- 11 - 15
- 16 - 25
- 26 - 50
- >50

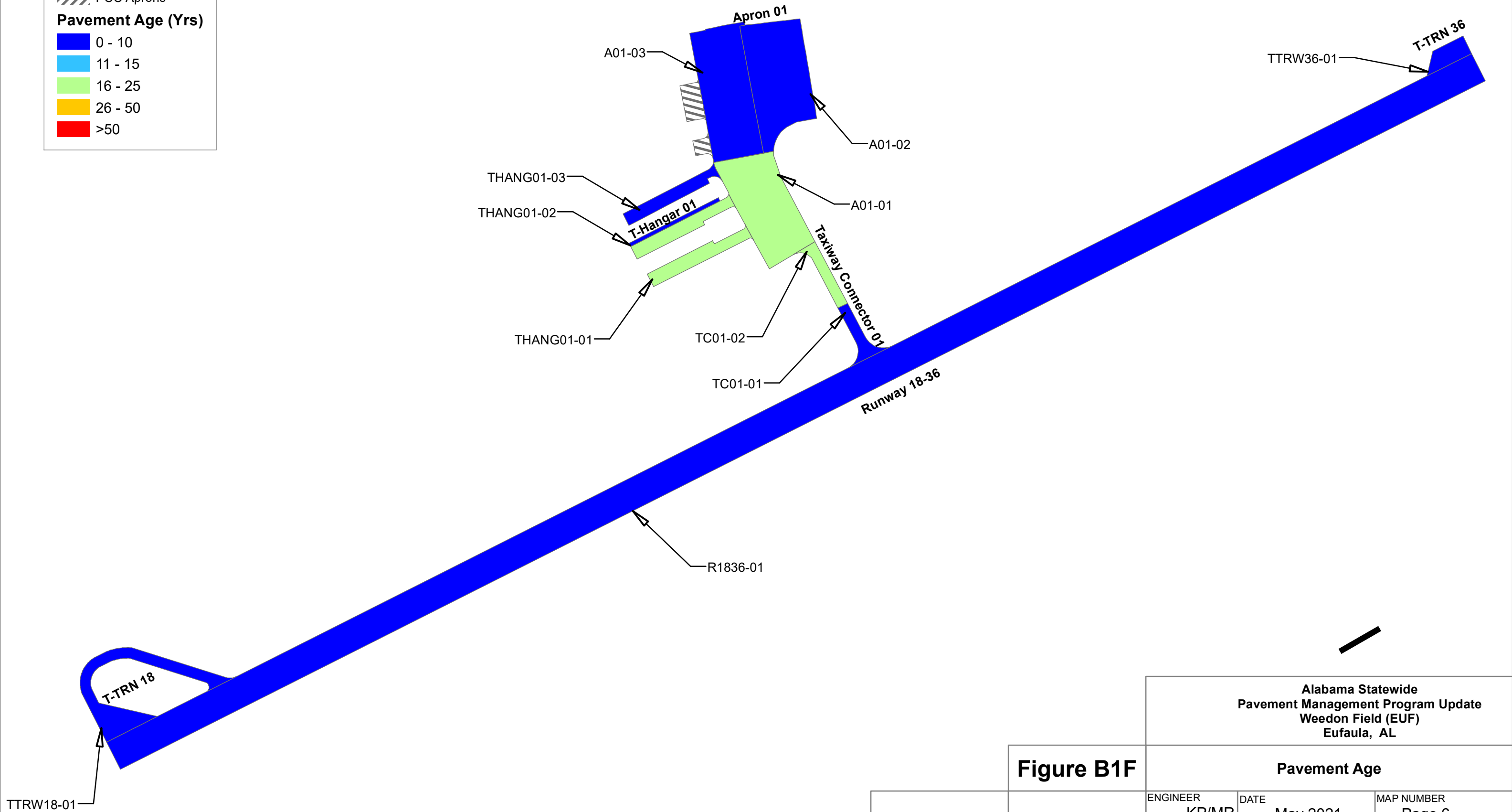


Figure B1F

Alabama Statewide
Pavement Management Program Update
Weedon Field (EUF)
Eufaula, AL

Pavement Age

ENGINEER KP/MR	DATE May 2021	MAP NUMBER Page 6
REVISED JMA	SCALE 1 in = 300 ft	FINAL

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TTRW18-01

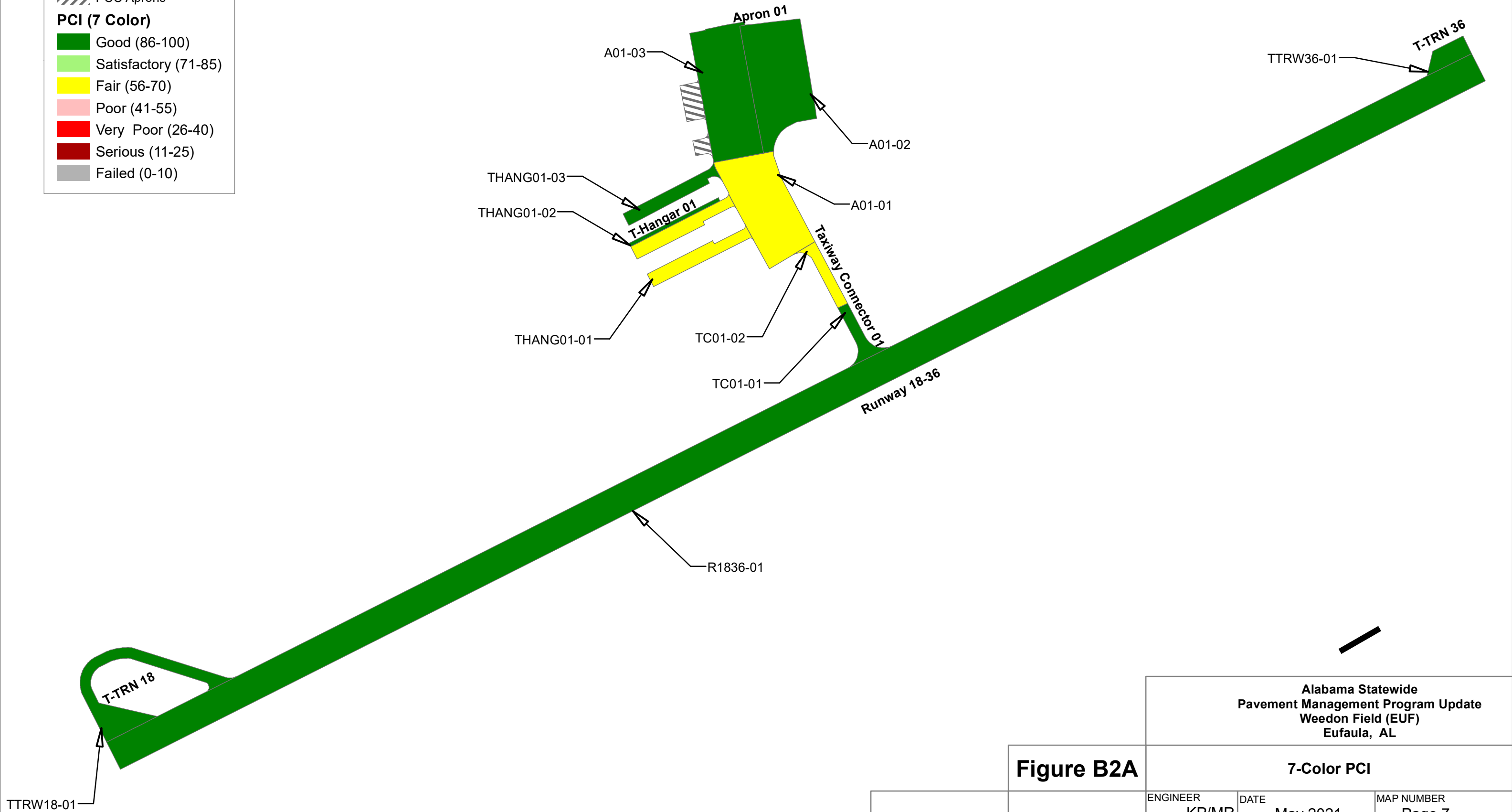
Legend

Section Boundary

PCC Aprons

PCI (7 Color)

- Good (86-100)
- Satisfactory (71-85)
- Fair (56-70)
- Poor (41-55)
- Very Poor (26-40)
- Serious (11-25)
- Failed (0-10)



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Pavement Management Program Update
Weedon Field (EUF)
Eufaula, AL

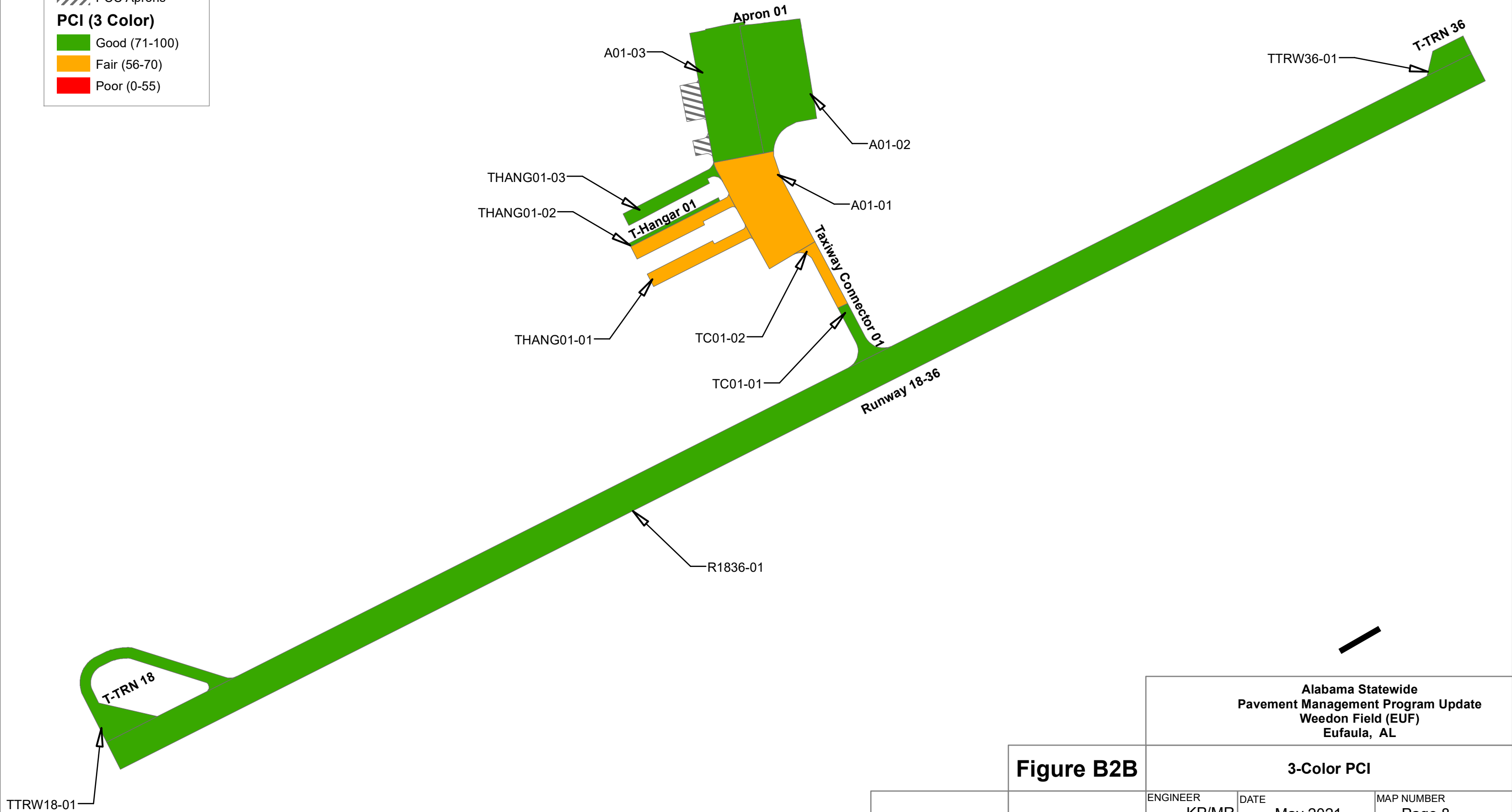
Figure B2A

7-Color PCI		
ENGINEER KP/MR	DATE May 2021	MAP NUMBER Page 7
REVISED JMA	SCALE 1 in = 300 ft	FINAL

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Legend

- Section Boundary
- PCC Aprons
- PCI (3 Color)**
- Good (71-100)
- Fair (56-70)
- Poor (0-55)








Alabama Statewide
Pavement Management Program Update
Weedon Field (EUF)
Eufaula, AL

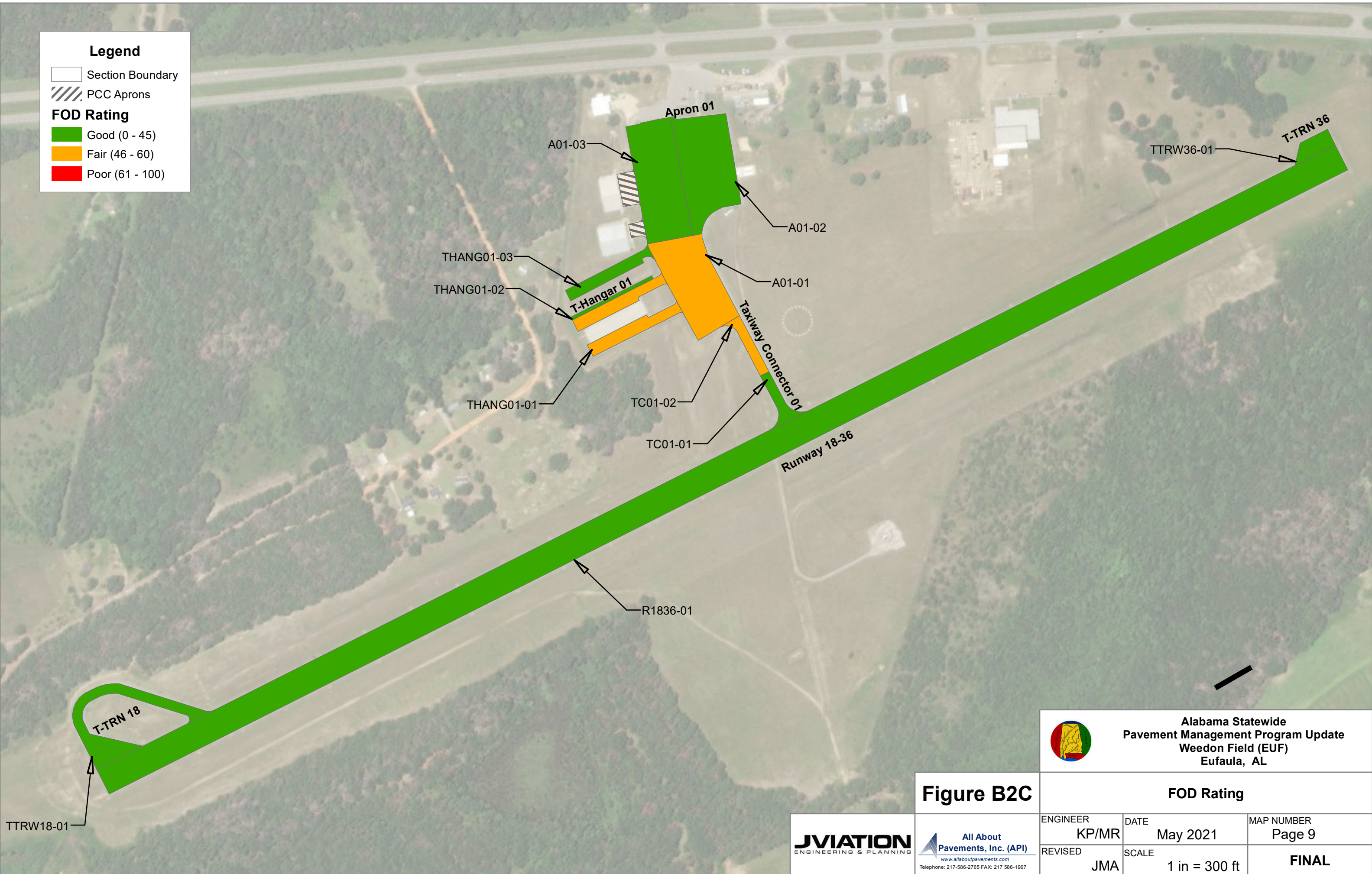
Figure B2B

3-Color PCI

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		REVISED JMA	SCALE 1 in = 300 ft	FINAL

Legend

-  Section Boundary
-  PCC Aprons
- FOD Rating**
-  Good (0 - 45)
-  Fair (46 - 60)
-  Poor (61 - 100)




**Alabama Statewide
Pavement Management Program Update
Weedon Field (EUF)
Eufaula, AL**

Figure B2C

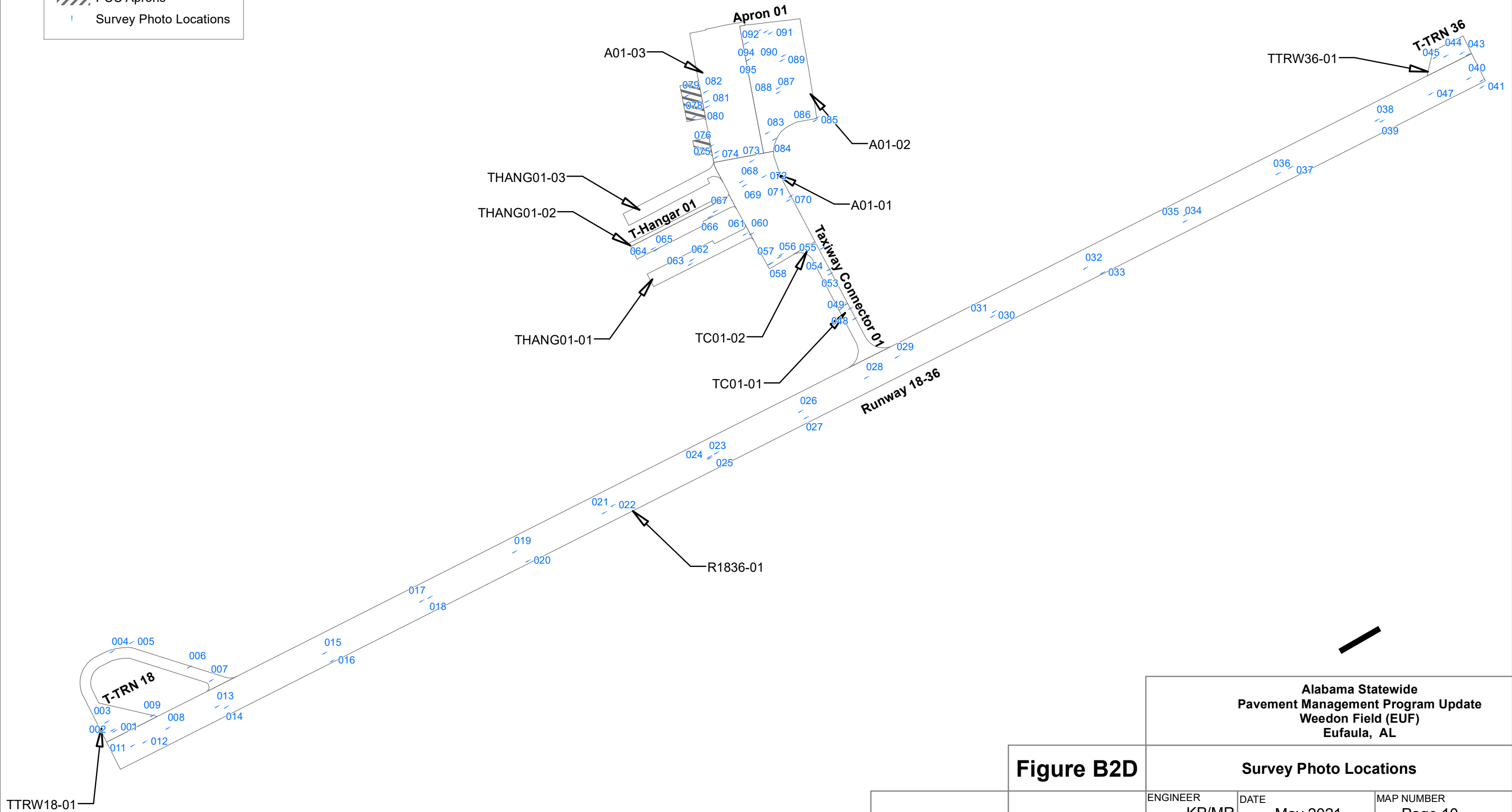
FOD Rating		
ENGINEER KP/MR	DATE May 2021	MAP NUMBER Page 9
REVISED JMA	SCALE 1 in = 300 ft	FINAL


JVIATION
 ENGINEERING & PLANNING


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Legend

- Section Boundary
- PCC Aprons
- Survey Photo Locations



**Alabama Statewide
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Weedon Field (EUF)
Eufaula, AL**

Figure B2D

Survey Photo Locations

TTRW18-01

TTRW36-01

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ENGINEER KP/MR	DATE May 2021	MAP NUMBER Page 10
REVISED JMA	SCALE 1 in = 300 ft	FINAL

Legend

Section Boundary

PCC Aprons

Forecasted PCI without PCIP

- Good (86-100)
- Satisfactory (71-85)
- Fair (56-70)
- Poor (41-55)
- Very Poor (26-40)
- Serious (11-25)
- Failed (0-10)

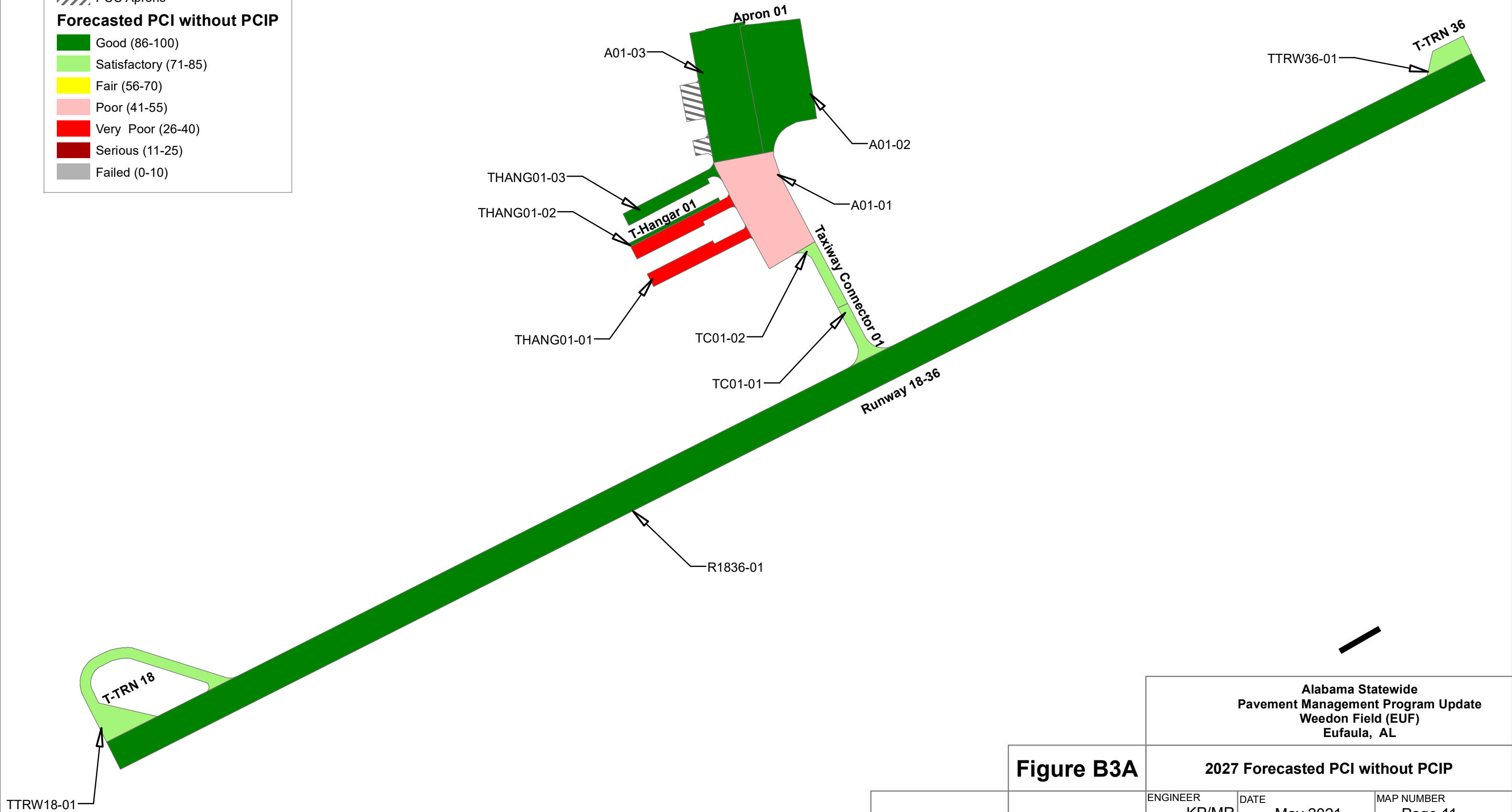


Figure B3A

Alabama Statewide
Pavement Management Program Update
Weedon Field (EUF)
Eufaula, AL

2027 Forecasted PCI without PCIP

ENGINEER KP/MR	DATE May 2021	MAP NUMBER Page 11
REVISED JMA	SCALE 1 in = 300 ft	FINAL

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TTRW18-01

TTRW36-01

T-TRN 36

Apron 01

A01-03

A01-02

THANG01-03

THANG01-02

T-Hangar 01

A01-01

THANG01-01

TC01-02

Taxiway Connector 01

TC01-01

Runway 18-36

R1836-01

T-TRN 18

All sections recommended for Rehabilitation or Reconstruction between 2021 and 2024 also receive Surface Treatment in the 3rd year of paving.

Legend

Section Boundary

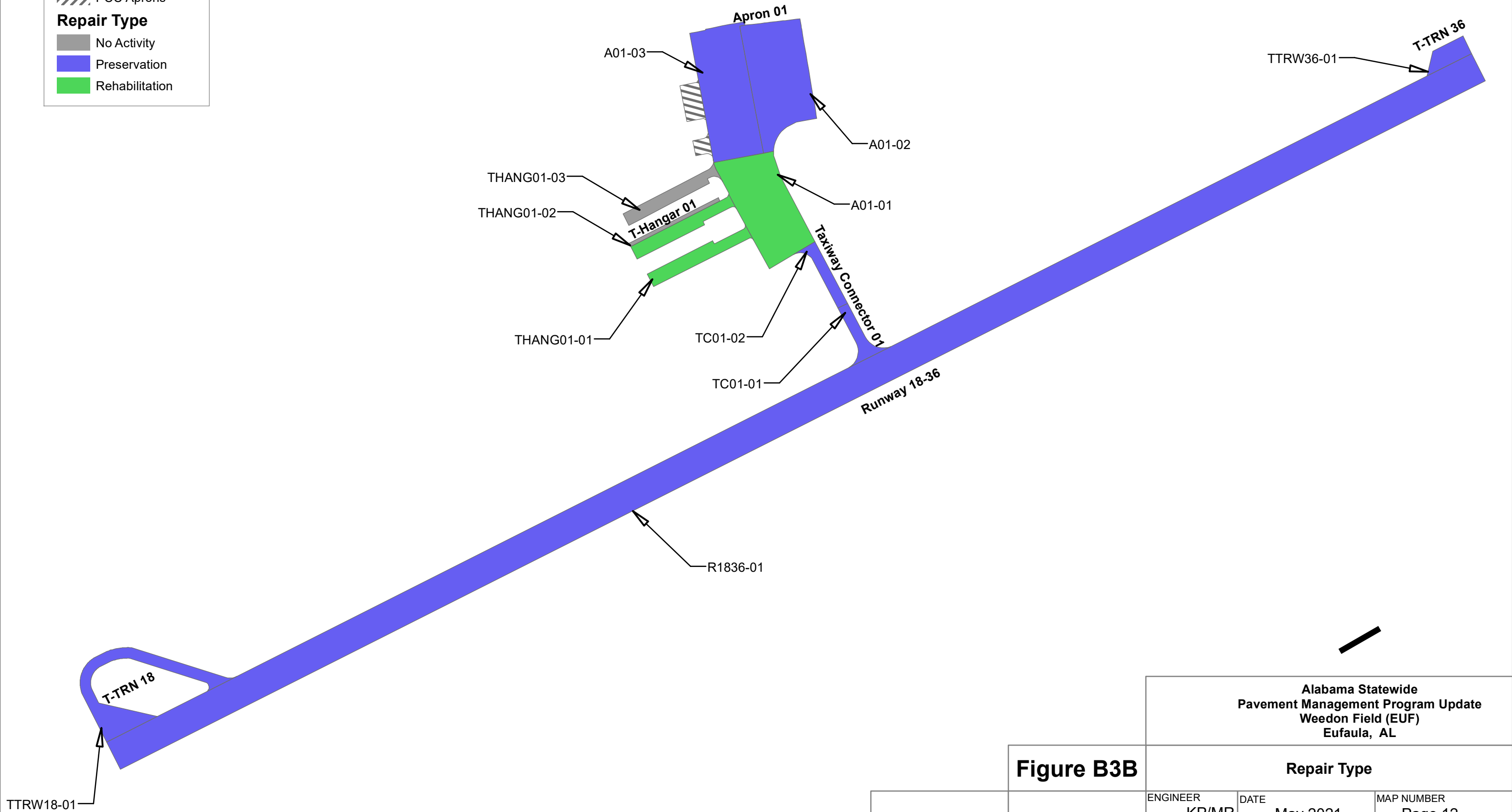
PCC Aprons

Repair Type

No Activity

Preservation

Rehabilitation



TTRW18-01

T-TRN 18

Apron 01

A01-03

A01-02

THANG01-03

THANG01-02

T-Hangar 01

A01-01

THANG01-01

TC01-02

Taxiway Connector 01

TC01-01

Runway 18-36

R1836-01

TTRW36-01

T-TRN 36

Figure B3B

Alabama Statewide
Pavement Management Program Update
Weedon Field (EUF)
Eufaula, AL

Repair Type

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	KP/MR	May 2021	Page 12
REVISED	SCALE	<p>FINAL</p>	
JMA	1 in = 300 ft		

All sections recommended for Mill & AC Overlay or AC Reconstruction between 2021 and 2024 also receive Surface Treatment in the 3rd year of paving

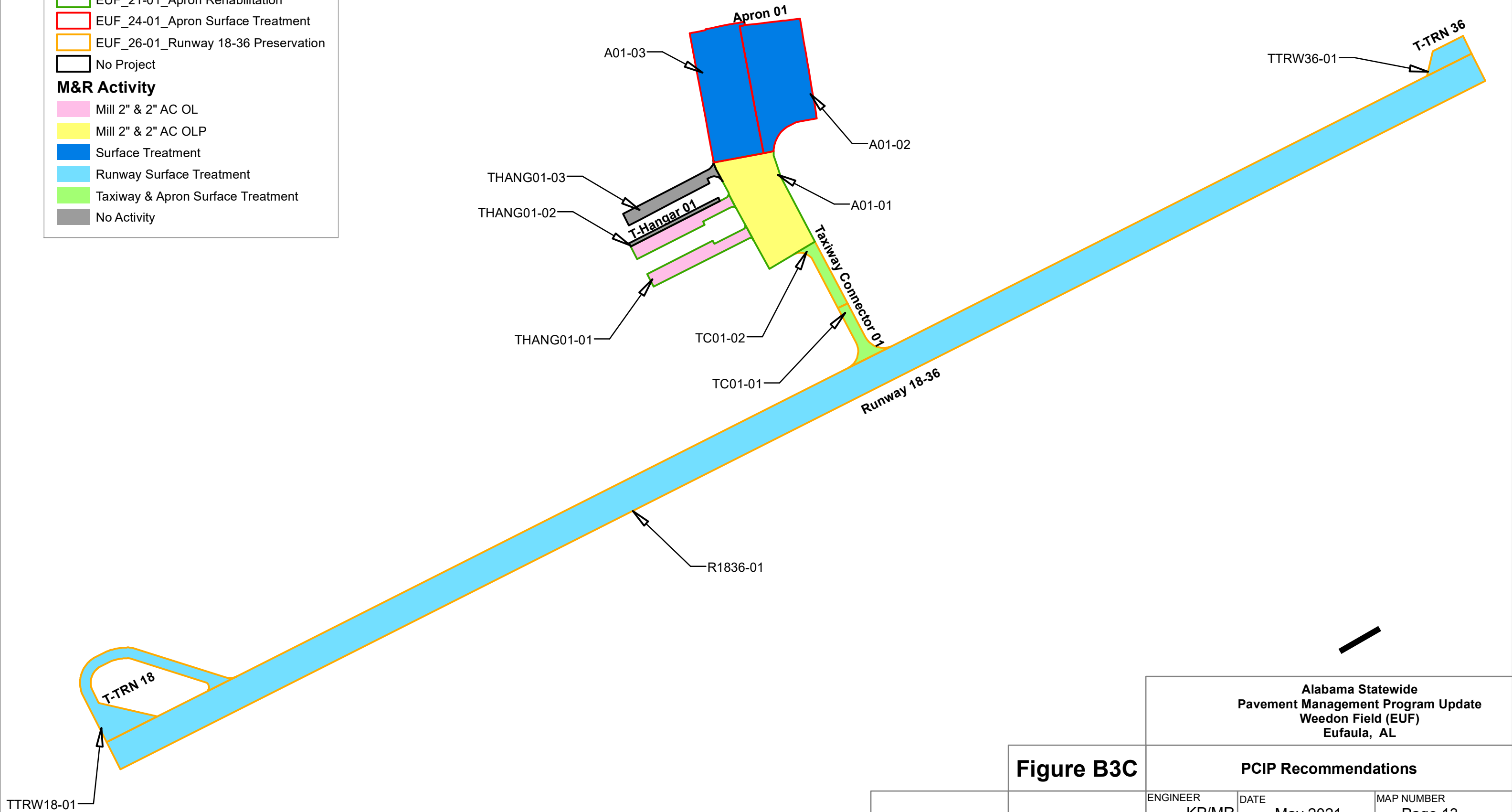
Legend

Project Name

- EUF_21-01_Apron Rehabilitation
- EUF_24-01_Apron Surface Treatment
- EUF_26-01_Runway 18-36 Preservation
- No Project

M&R Activity

- Mill 2" & 2" AC OL
- Mill 2" & 2" AC OLP
- Surface Treatment
- Runway Surface Treatment
- Taxiway & Apron Surface Treatment
- No Activity



**Alabama Statewide
Pavement Management Program Update
Weedon Field (EUF)
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Figure B3C

PCIP Recommendations

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	REVISED JMA	SCALE 1 in = 300 ft	FINAL

APPENDIX C

OVERVIEW OF PAVEMENT DISTRESSES



% 5~|| Ucf7fUWb| f57L

5~|| UcfVWWh| lgUg|YgcZ|HfVbBWh| VWgWgXVnZ|| iYZ|ifYcZhY
Ug|UHfWfYg|fWk\YfYhg|Yg|Yg|Uxg|U|g|\| \Ygi bWk\Y~cUg'HY
VWg|dc|U|Y|c|hYg|fW|b||U|ng|Ug|Ygc|Z|fU|Y|VWg'5ZfYfWfX
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Gj Yf|ng

- ◆ @k! aUxi dcZ|bz\Uf|_YVWg|i|b|h| 'd|f|U|Y|c|X|W|c|h|Y|k|h|b|b|Y
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- ◆ A Y|a !: i|f|h|Y|X|Y|Y|c|d|a|Y|h|Z|| \H|| UcfVWWh| H|c|U|d|U|b|f|c|f
b|k|c|f|'c|Z|W|g|h|U|a|U|h|Y|| \h|g|U|Y|X|A|Y|a|!g|j|Y|f|h|U|| UcfVWWh|'
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FYU|f|c|d|c|g

- ◆ @k! BcU|b|c|g|f|W|g|U|c|f|g|Y|U|h|Z|f~ck|g|j|Y|f|h|ng|ng|
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- ◆ <|| \! d|f|U|c|Z ~X|h'd|U|W|g|Y|U|h|c|f|W|b|g|i|W|



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GjYf|Ng

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d|h|U|U|'

FYUFD:Vg

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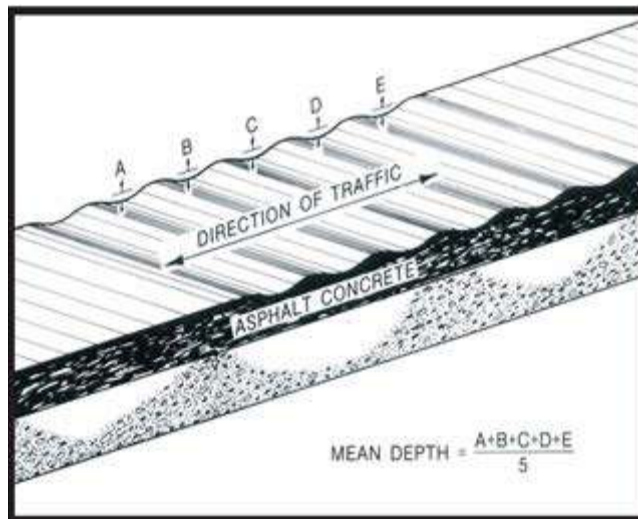
Corrugation

Description

Corrugation is a series of closely spaced ridges and valleys (ripples) occurring at fairly regular intervals, usually less than 5 feet (1.5 meters) along the pavement. The ridges are perpendicular to the traffic direction. Traffic action combined with an unstable pavement surface or base usually causes this type of distress.

Severity Levels

- @** Corrugation is a series of closely spaced ridges and valleys (ripples) occurring at fairly regular intervals, usually less than 5 feet (1.5 meters) along the pavement. The ridges are perpendicular to the traffic direction. Traffic action combined with an unstable pavement surface or base usually causes this type of distress.
- A** Corrugation is a series of closely spaced ridges and valleys (ripples) occurring at fairly regular intervals, usually less than 5 feet (1.5 meters) along the pavement. The ridges are perpendicular to the traffic direction. Traffic action combined with an unstable pavement surface or base usually causes this type of distress.
- <** Corrugation is a series of closely spaced ridges and valleys (ripples) occurring at fairly regular intervals, usually less than 5 feet (1.5 meters) along the pavement. The ridges are perpendicular to the traffic direction. Traffic action combined with an unstable pavement surface or base usually causes this type of distress.



)" SYFYgdcbi57L

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GjYfHg

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FYUfDe'VNg

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- ◆ A'W]a ! GU'ck'zd'U]U'cf'Z' ~ X'h' d'UW'
- ◆ < || \ ! GU'ck'zd'U]U'cf'Z' ~ X'h' d'UW'



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GjYfhi@jYg

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- ◆ Scbchj /
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- ◆ A Y]i a ! g]U]V]W]g]Y]U]f]h]Y]X]g]Y]g]g]]bh]Y]d]U]W]c]f]f]d]U]W]h]Y]d]U]W
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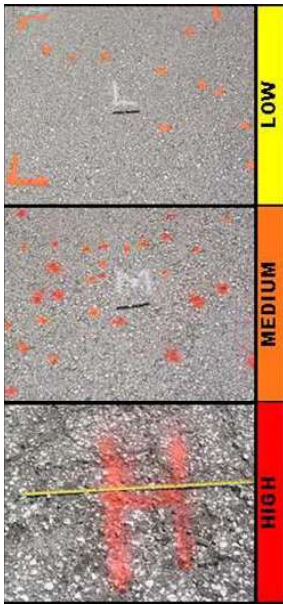
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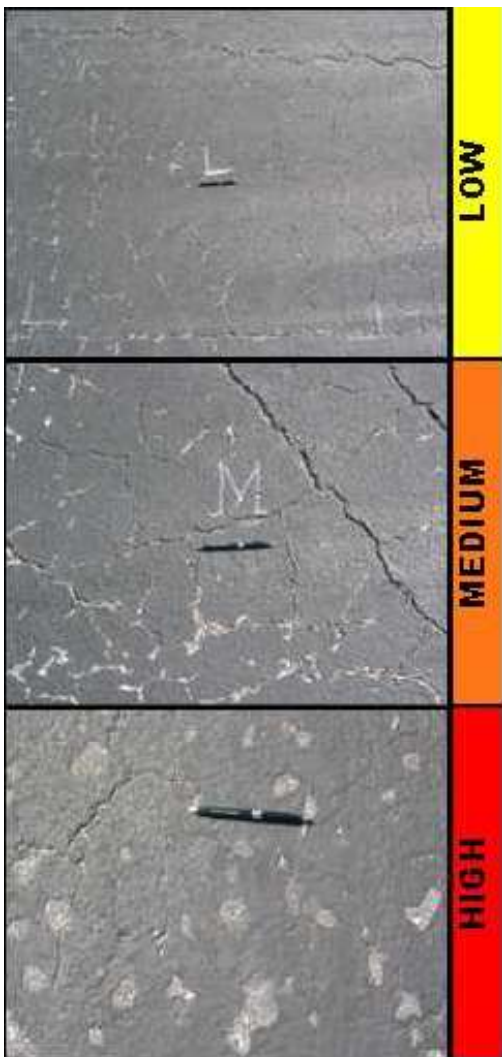
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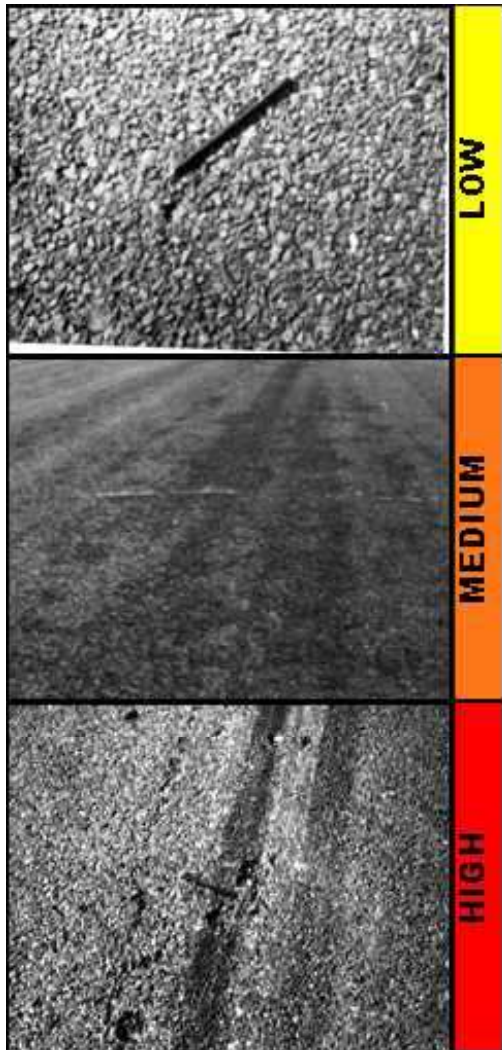
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U[[f]UYd]Wgãlg]b lgVlkYb) Ux&SUXçfhYbi aWfçZãlg]b`
U[[f]UYWg]Gg]Xg]bçh] VWX%

A ÷bU%gi UYZdfl#Sgi UYa VffFYGHUj YgãdYhYbi aWfçZ
U[[f]UYd]Wgãlg]b lgVlkYb&UX(SUXçfhYbi aWfçZãlg]b`
U[[f]UYWg]Gg]f]Uf]hUb%ãihçYg]bçh] VWX&ç]V]hçZhYUfU

< ÷bU%gi UYZdfl#Sgi UYa VffFYGHUj YgãdYhYbi aWfçZ
U[[f]UYd]Wgãlg]b lgjYf(SUXçfhYbi aWfçZãlg]b U[[f]UYWg]Gg]
lg]f]Uf]hUb&ç]V]hçZhYUfU



%" Fi Hh 157L

5 fi hg Ug fZWXfYgcb]bhYk\Y'dh^\ckYVZ]ba Un]gUBWgfi lgUY
bc]MUYcbnUfUUbUzk\YbhYk\Y'dhgUYZ`Yk]h kUM" Dj Ya Yh
id]ZiaUicWfUch] hYgXgczHyfiHFiHh] g]hagZca Uda UbhXZfaU]cb
]bUicZhYdj Ya YhUmfcfg V![fUXZig UnWgXVhWgc]XU]bcf`UMU'
agj Ya YhcZhYa Uf]UgX Yc hZ]WdUg`Q[h]Wb]hi Hh] Wb`YXle'a Ucf
gi VifUZ]i fycZhYdj Ya Yh

Gj YfHgUgXcbfi hXchL

- ◆ @ck! YghUb']bW]bXch/
- ◆ A Y]ia! WkYb' Ux%]bW]bXch/
- ◆ <||\! YWg%]bW]bXch"

FYUfcdhcg

- ◆ @ck! BcU]cb/
- ◆ A Y]ia! dWU]bfcj YUm
- ◆ <||\! dWU]bfcj YUm



: ||ifY7!. "57Fi Hh"

%"G|dd|Y7fUW|b| B57L

G|dd|Y7fUW|b|Y7fUW|b|Uz|ac|b|g|U|X|W|g|\|j|h| |k|c|Y|g|d|b|X|k|U|n|
from the direction of traffic. They are produced when braking or turning wheels cause the
d|j|Y|a|Y|h|g|f|W|c|g|X|U|X|Z|f|a|"H|g|g|U|n|c|W|f|g|\|Y|h|Y|g|U|c|k|g|N|h'|
g|f|W|a||'c|d|c|f|V|b|X|W|k|Y|h|Y|g|f|W|U|X|b|h|U|f|c|Z|d|j|Y|a|Y|h|g|f|W|f|Y'

G|j|Y|f|U|g| No degrees of severity are defined. It is sufficient to indicate that a slippage
W|W|Y|g|g|'

F|Y|U|f|D|'M|g|

- ◆ **S|c|b|h|j|h|/'**
- ◆ **D|f|j|U|'c|Z|'X|h|'d|U|W|'**



:||ifY7%\$ G|dd|Y7fUW|b|"

%"GkY]h] f57L

8Yg]d]b

5'gkY'lgWfUW]h]XVn]bi dkUfXV' [Y]bhYdj Ya YH]g]fZW'5'gkY'aUn
cWf]g]f]dn]ej YUgaU' fU]cf]g]U]d]h] YZ]f]U]X]U]k]j]Y'9]h]Y]h]n]c]z]g]k]Y' WbWY
UW]a]d]h]Y]X]V]n]g]f]Z]W]W]U]h]'5'gkY'lg]g]U]m]W]g]X]V]n]c]g]U]W]b]h]Y
g]V]f]U]X]c]f]V]n]g]k]Y]h]'g]c]Z]V]h]U]g]a]U'g]k]Y' WbU]g]c]W]f]c]b]h]Y]g]f]Z]W]c]Z]b]g]d]U]h]
g]Y]f]U]h]j]Y]D]7]H]g]U]F]g] h]c]Z]U]V]c]k]! i]d]h]Y]D]7]g]U'

GjY]h]n]@]j]Y]g

GkY'lgWfYnj]lgVYU]X]U]g]U]a]h]c]f]Z]W]c]b]h]Y]d]j]Ya]Y]H]g]f]X]e]i]U]h]m]g]
X]h]f]a]h]X]U]h]Y]b]c]f]a]U]U]Q]W]Z]g]h]X]Z]f]h]Y]d]j]Ya]Y]h]g]W]b]i]b]X]
@ W]h]g]X]U]h]b]'f]d]k]!g]j]Y]h]n]g]k]Y'g]a]U]h]c]h]U]k]U]g]V]c]V]g]j]U]V]Z]V]h]Y]f]
Y]lg]b]W]W]b]V]W]b]f]a]X]V]n]g]j]h]U]j]X]W]g]Y]h]Y]g]W]b]U]h]Y]b]c]f]a]U'
U]Q]W]Z]g]h]X]5]b]i]d]k]U]X]U]W]U]h]b]k]~'c]W]f]Z]h]Y]g]k]Y'lg]d]f]g]h]!

GkY'WbV]c]V]g]j]Y]k]h]c]i]h]Z]V]W]h]U]b]X]U]g]U]g]l]h]Z]W]h]Z]W]c]b]h]Y]
A d]j]Ya]Y]H]g]f]X]e]i]U]h]m]g]X]h]f]a]h]X]U]h]Y]b]c]f]a]U]U]Q]W]Z]g]h]X]Z]f]h]Y]d]j]Ya]Y]h]
g]W]b]i]b]X]W]h]g]X]U]h]b]'

GkY'WbV]f]U]d]n]c]V]g]j]Y]X]U]X]g]j]Y]Y]m]Z]Z]U]g]h]Y]d]j]Ya]Y]H]g]f]X]e]i]U]h]m]h]Y]
< b]c]f]a]U]U]Q]W]Z]g]h]X]Z]f]h]Y]d]j]Ya]Y]h]g]W]b]i]b]X]W]h]g]X]U]h]b]'



%"KXhY[h] 157L

8Yg[d]db

H YkY[h] UkUhcZhYUg[UH]bXfUXZbYU[fY UYa Uq] Zca hYdj Ya Yh
gfAW

GjY[h]e@jYg

5gkUhg fAWW[h]b[h] le'g'ck'g[hgcZU[h] k\jWaUhYUWYUUXVn
V\auUWbY[h]dg' @cg[hYZbYU[fY UYa Uq] lgc[MVYUXXaUhY
@ UWadhYXVnZ[h] cZhYUg[UH]c" 9N YgcZhYUgYU[fY UYgUY
V[h]b[h] le VYIdgXfNg[h]b\$\$) bWgcf%aaE' Dj Ya YhaUhY
fYUj Ynbk f[h]bk Ug* 'adhg'X!

A @cg'cZbYU[fY UYa Uq] lgc[MVYUXX YgcZUgYU[fY UY Uj YVb'
YIdgXi dlc%# k]X hZHYch YgigXcZhYUgYU[fY UYX Yc hYcg'
cZbYU[fY UYa Uq] "

< 9N YgcZUgYU[fY UY Uj YVb' YIdgX fNMhU%# k]X hZHYch Ygi
gXcZhYUgYU[fY UYHY YgWgXUUYcg'cZbYU[fY UYa Uq]
Y[h] le'cd[h]U'cf ga Ycg'cZUgYU[fY UY'



%!"6dk!I d!D77L

8YgAd]b

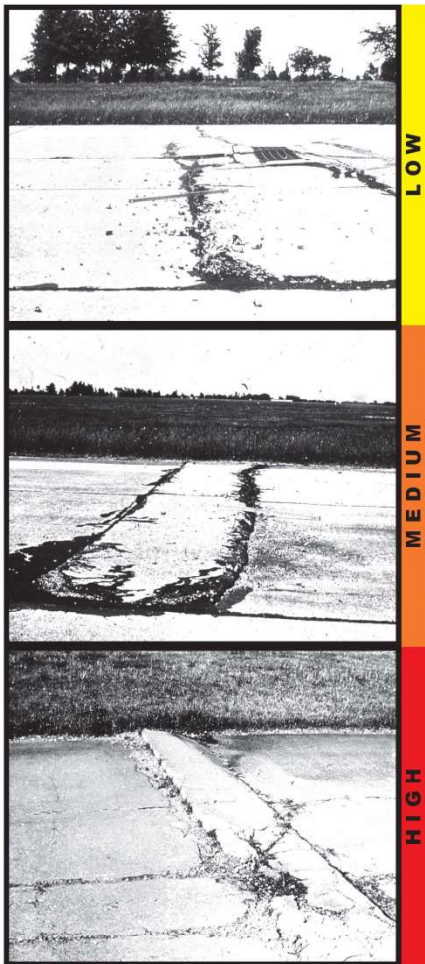
6'dki dg'cWf]b\dkYhYzi gUmHUmhg YgVWcf'c]HhUhg]bck]X
Yci [\ lc'dfa]h]d]hgdbVihYWBWYgUG'H Y]hgZ]W]hk]Xh'lgigUm
W]gXV]h]Z]H]U]bc]Z]W]adYg]VYaUm]Ug]bc'hY'c]hg]W]K\Y]Yd]hgdb'
W]b]cf]Y]Y]Y]ci [\ d]Yg]f]Z]U]c]W]n]X]i]dk]U]X]aj Ya Y]h]c]Z]h]Y]g]U]V]X]Y]g'
f]i]W]h]E]c]f]g]U]M]h]k]'c]W]f]b]h]Y]j]M]h]ic]Z]h]Y'c]h]G'dki dg'W]b]U]g]c]W]f]U]h
i]h]h]m]W]g]U]X]U]b]U]Y]b]Y]g'H]g]h]d]c]Z]h]g]Y]g]g]U]a]c]g]U]k]U]g]f]U]f]X
]a]a]Y]U]Y]m]W]U]g]c]Z]g]Y]Y]X]a]U]Y]d]h]h]U]l]c]U]M]Z]h]G'dki dg'U]Y]b]W]X]X]Z]f
f]Z]f]W]k\Y]b]W]g]X]g]U]h]g]U]Y]V]h] Y]U]i]U]X]Z]f]f]X]d]h]h]"

GjY]h]e]j]Yg

@ 6i W]h] 'cf]g]U]M]h] \U]g]b]h]f]b]W]X]h]Y]d]j Ya Y]h]b]c]d]M]U]j Y]Z]U]X]d]b]n]U]g]l \h
]a]c]i]h]c]Z]i [\b]g]Y]g]g'

A 6i W]h] 'cf]g]U]M]h] \U]g]b]h]f]b]W]X]h]Y]d]j Ya Y]h]b]c]d]M]U]j Y]Z]i]H]U]g]l]h]Z]W]h]i
]a]c]i]h]c]Z]i [\b]g]Y]g]g'

< 6i W]h] 'cf]g]U]M]h] \U]g]b]h]f]b]W]X]h]Y]d]j Ya Y]h]b]c]d]M]U]j Y'



%" 7cbf6fNU_gfD77L

5 wbfvnu_lgUMWnuhfhgNghY'chgUUXgUWYghUbcfYiUlc:cbY
\UzhYgUVY[h'cbVch'gXgaYlgfXZca hYWbf'chYgUV': cfYUadYZU
gUVkjh Xa Ygdcg'Z& Vri& ZNhuUgUMW]fhgNhd hY'cbh) ZNfca`
hYWbf'cb:cbYgYUX% ZNidbhYchY'gW]g'chdMhgXFXUMbfvnu/]hg
UXU'cbU'VW' <ckY YZUMWnuhfhgNgh+ ZNidcbYgYUX%SZNidbhY
chY'lgWgXFXUMbfvnu" 5 wbfvnu_XZfgZca UMBfgU]bhUH Y
VWYhNgj vnu_nhfi [\ hYhYgUVh]Mbggk\]YUMbf'gU]fhgNhg
hY'chUHbUH 'Y@cUXYh]cbWa VbXkjh`cgg'Zg dbfHbXW'hd gggg
igUmU_gwbfvnu_g'

GjYhNg

- ◆ @ck! 7UW\lgYhYfbc'gU]h'cfalbcfgU]h'fbcZfY]bcVWNAaUY
fIC8f'dfHUE'Zcb filled, it has a mean width less than approximately 1 #'
inch (3 millimeters); a filled crack can be of any width, but the filler material
aigW]bg]gUWfnMB]h'cb'HYUfUvkYb hYWbfvnu_UXhY
^cb]g]g'dMWWX
- ◆ AYa! One of the following conditions exists: (1) filled or non!filled c'fUW]g'
acXfUYngU'XhgaY: C8'dfHUE/fHUbch filled crack has a mean
width between 1/8 inch (3 millimeters) and 1 inch (25 millimeters); (3) a filled
crack is not spalled or only lightly spalled, but the filler is in unsatisfactory
Wb]h'cb'f(hYUfUvkYb hYWbfvnu_UXhY'cb]g]g'[\hMWWX
kjh`ccY'cfalgg]d'f]Wg
- ◆ <[]! One of the following conditions exists: (1) filled or non!filled crack is
severely spalled, causing definite FOD potential; (2) a non!filled crack ha'gU
aYbk]h [fUYhUbUhd]aUYm'f]Wf] 'a]'jaYfgZANU]h'UYfY
XaUY'db]h]U/c'f]hYUfUvkYb hYWbfvnu_UXhY'cb]g]g'
g]YymMWWX'

FYUfcdhcg

- ◆ @ck! BcUW]bcfgU'VWg
- ◆ AYa! gU'VWg
- ◆ <[]! gU'VWgU'dhU'~
cfYUWhYgU'



Xh'dW

: []ifY7%'D77 7cbf6fNU"

%" 7fUWg"@cb|JiXpUZHFUbg YgYUbxS|U|cbU'fD77L

H YgVWUgXj|XhYgU|bc|kc'cfhfYd|WgZUxifYi gUmWgXVhU
WáVhU|bcZcdXfYh|cbZf|h|'gYgZUxg|fb_UYgYgYg"@ck'gYf|h
VWgUfYbdhWgXfXaUcf|giVfU'XgYgYg'A Yfi a'cf||\|gYf|hVWgUfY
igUnkcf|h|VWgUxifVWgXfXaUcf|giVfU'XgYgYg'

GjYf|ng

- ◆ @ck!%i|bZ`YXVWUg%#|bWlc%&|bWk|Xk|h|bcZi|h|'cf|gU|h|/E
VWgYgYhU%&|bWk|Xk|h`ck'gYf|ngU|h|/cf'EZ`YXVWUgZ
Unk|Xk|h|Zf|f|dZfa|h|'bUg|g|Uf|naU|b|f|U|X|bcZi|h|'cf
gU|h|/
- ◆ A Yfi a !%i|bZ`YXVWUgVhYb%&|c%|bWk|Xk|h|bcZi|h|'cf
gU|h|'cf&Z`YXVWUgZUnk|Xk|h|Zi|h|`YgYhU%#|bWcf a Yfi a'
gYf|ngU|h|/
- ◆ <||\!%i|bZ`YXVWUgk|h|Uk|h|[f|n|f|h|U%|bW'&i|bZ`YXVWUgZ
Unk|Xk|h|Zi|h|'[f|n|f|h|U%&|bWcf a Yfi a'gYf|ngU|h|/cf'E
Z`YXVWUgZUnk|Xk|h|Zi|h|'[f|n|f|h|U%&|bWcf||\|gYf|ngU|h|'

FYUfcd|cbg

- ◆ @ck!BcU|f|b|c|f|gU'VWUg/
- ◆ A Yfi a !gU'VWUg/
- ◆ <||\!gU'VWUgU|d|h|U|Z`Xh'dUWcf|f|U|W|h|YgU'



: ||ifY7%&'D77HUb|YgY7fUWg'

§' Si fUj]m7fUWgID77L

8YgAdjb

Si fUj]m7fUWg]gWgXVnhYbUj]m7cZhYWBWYk]hgUXXj]fdaYbU' ZWfggWgZYYhukVWg'-fi gUnldNfgUdUMB'cZMwgi bbl' parallel to a joint or linear crack. A dark coloring can usually be seen around the fine XfUj]m7fUWg'H]ghdYcZMwq' aUnjYbU'mXk'Xgh]fulbcZhY WBWYk]h]b'c'§ZNFSSle*SSa]`jaYgicZhY^cbidVW'

GjY]m7Yg

@ ÍSÍ VWVh] \gXjYodXgYFUWg]MVYUaci hZgUVfuk]h`]hYcf bcXgh]fulbcf: CS'dh]U' cfÍSI VWVh] \gWfYX]bU]a]PX UfUcZhYgUzgWg]bcbYcfk'WbYgcfUd]`cbY^cbZi h]WgUfY a]gh] UXXgh]fulcb\UgWfYX'GaY: CS'dh]U'

A ÍSÍ VWVh] \gXjYodXgYFUWg]MVYUaci hZgUVfuk]h`]hYcf bcXgh]fulbcf: CS'dh]U' cfÍSI VWVh] \gWfYX]bU]a]PX UfUcZhYgUzgWg]bcbYcfk'WbYgcfUd]`cbY^cbZi h]WgUfY a]gh] UXXgh]fulcb\UgWfYX'GaY: CS'dh]U'

< ÍSÍ VWVh] \gXjYodXgYFUWg]MVYUaci hZgUVfuk]h` Xgh]fulbcZ: CS'dh]U'



8% >chhGU'SUa U YID77L

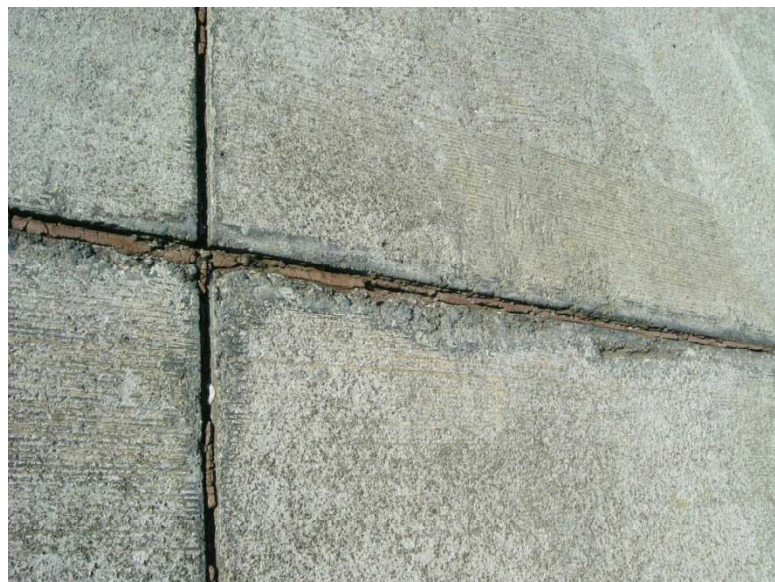
>chhGU'SUa U YgU'mWYh'bz\|WYhUV'gg]' cfcVgk UWai 'UYbhY^chh'
cfU'ck'g| h'ZUH'bz'fU'bc'ZkUf''5Wai 'U'bc'Z'Wad'YgVYa Uf'Ug|b'
hY'chh'fY'Ygh'Yg'UZ'ca Y'db'f| U'Xa'U'f'g' h'b'V'W|h'z'g'U'f|h'z'c'
gU|h''D|UVY'chh' Y'Vd'XX'c'h'Y'X'Y'g'Z'h'Y'g'U'g'd'f'W'g'^'chh'Z'ca h'Y'
UWai 'U'bc'Z'a'U'f'U'g'U'X'U'g'c'f'Y'Y'g'k'U'f'Z'ca g'X|h' X'kb'U'X'g'Z'h|h' h'Y'
Z'i'b'U'h'bg'j'd'b'f|h' h'Y'g'U' H'd|W'h'g'Z'c'chh'GU'SUa U YU'Y'%g'h'd'h' h'Y'
'chh'GU'h'f'8'X'h'g'd'b'c'Z'chh'GU'h'f' H'k'X'h'f'ck'h'/(E\U'X'h|h' 'c'Z'h'Y'Z' Y')E'
'cg'c'Z'cb'X'c'h'Y'g'U'V'X'Y'g'U'X'*E'U'W'c'f'U'g'b'W'c'Z'g'U'h'h'bh'Y'ch'h'

Gj Yfing

- ◆ @ck ! |b| YbU'n|ccXWb'f|bh'fci [\ci h'Y'g'U'f'bz' GU'h'g'd'Z'fa|h' .
kY'k|h'dbn'Ua|b'c'f'Ua'ci'bi'c'Z'U'nc'Z'h'Y'U'g'Y'h'g'c'Z'X'a'U'Y'd'Y'g'h'
- ◆ A'W'i'a ! |b| YbU'n|f'W'X'h'f|bh'fci [\ci h'Y'g'U'f'bz'k'h'd'b'f'c'f'ad'f'c'Z'
U'nc'Z'h'Y'U'g'Y'h'g'c'Z'X'a'U'Y'd'Y'g'h'c'W'f'f|h' l'c'U'a'c'X'U'Y'X'f'Y''
GU'h'h'X'g'laa Y'U'Y'f'U'W'a'Y'h'k'h'j'b'&'n'f'g'
- ◆ <||\ ! |b| YbU'n|b'c'f'W'X'h'f|bh'fci [\ci h'Y'g'U'f'bz'k'h'd'b'f'c'f'ad'f'c'Z'
U'nc'Z'h'Y'U'g'Y'h'g'c'Z'X'a'U'Y'g'd'Y'g'h'c'W'f'f|h' l'c'U'g'j'Y'X'X'f'Y''GU'h'h'
b'X'g'laa Y'U'Y'f'U'W'a'Y'h'

FYU'fcd'ch'g

- ◆ @ck ! Bc'U'f'cb/
- ◆ A'W'i'a ! gU'^'chh'
- ◆ <||\ ! gU'^'chh'



: ||ifY7% 'D77 >chhGU'SUa U Y'

88! GaU DUWID77L

5' dUWlgUbUk\ YfhYcfll jBU'dj Ya Yh
has been removed and replaced by a filler

aUfjU': cfWbXjcbY U UjcbzdUWj lg'
Xj jXXjhc lkc lndg' gaU fngghU) 'gei UfY
ZNLUXUf Yfj Y) 'gei UfYZNL'@uf YdUWg'
UfYXgUfVXjbhYbl hgXjcb'

Gj Yfng:

- ◆ @k! DUWlgZbUjcbj kY'zkjh'
'jhiYcfbcXfjcfUjcb/
- ◆ A Yjia ! DUW\UgXfjcfUfXZbXf
acXfUfYgdU'j WbVYgXbUfcbXhY
YfYg'DUWaUfjUWbVYXg'cX'Yz
kjh WbgXfUfYfZfifh jcf: C8'
dnhjUz
- ◆ <ll\! DUW\UgXfjcfUfXZbXhYfVn
gdU'j UfcbXhYdUWcfWUWj'
kjhjbhYdUWz'c UgUfYk\jWkUfUhg
fYUWa Yh

FYUfcdjcbg

- ◆ @k ÈScBchj/
- ◆ A Yjia ! FYUWdUWcfFYUWY
gU'
- ◆ <ll\ ÈFYUWdUWcfFYUWYgU'



: llifY7% 'D77 GaU DUW'

&" @Uf YDUWID77L

Patching is the same as defined **ZfUgaU`dUW`
 \ckYVzhYufUcZhYdUWlgacfyhUb) 'gi UfY
 ZNF5 i f]hMhGudUWhUgfydUWkhY
 cf]]bU'dj Ya YHMMgycZdUWa YhcZ
 i bXf] fci bXi f]]ng'HYgj Yf]mY YgcZLi f]]m
 WfYhYga YghcgYZffYi 'Uf dUW]d."**

Gj Yf]ng

- ◆ @ck ? DUW]gZb]f]b] kY`zk]h `]h]Ycf
 bcXNFcfU]cb/
- ◆ A Y]i a ! DUW\UgXNFcfUWZbXf
 acXfUYgdU]h VbVYgYbUfci bXhY
 Y] YgDUWa Uf]U VbVYgacX Yzk]h`
 WbgXfUYVZf]f]]cf: CS'dh]U/
- ◆ <] \ ! DUW\UgXNFcfUWZ]hYVn
 gdU]h Ufci bXhYdUWcfVW]h] k]h]b`
 hYdUWZc Ug]k\]WkUffU]g`
 fYUWa Yh

FYUfcd]bg

- ◆ @ck È8cBch]h/
- ◆ A Y]i a ! FYUWdUWcf fYUWhYgU'
- ◆ <] \ ÈFYUWdUWcf fYUWhYgU'



:]]i fY7% `D77 @Uf YDUW'

&" Dddi lgiD77L

5' dddi HgUga U' dJWcZdj Ya YHhUMFU_g`cogYZca hYg fZWX Ylc ZYH
hUk UWcbJbWa VbUcbkjh Y ddbj YU [fY UHg' Dddi lgi g UnfUj YZca`
Uddid ja UYnfbWlc(JbWYgbXLa YfUkZca %&JbWlc'&JbWgXsd"

Gj YHNg

No degrees of severity are defined for popouts. <ckY Yzddi lgaig HYYHNgj Y
VZfYh YnfyW hXUg UYgJYg' YZj YU Yddi hXghiaig H VWX
Uddid ja UYnfbYddi lgidf gi UYnfbXg YhYHfYgUVfU



: ||ifY7%. 'Dddi lgi'

&"D adq id77L

8YAdhb

D adq lghYYMbcZaUhfUvkUfhci [\ `c h g c f V W g W i g X V h N Z M b c
cZhYgWi b X f d i g h ` c X g ' 5 g h Y k U f l g Y N M X Z] h U f j g d f i j W g c Z l f j Y z g h X
W i n c f g h i X Y j l g b U d c f Y g j Y c g g c Z d j Y a Y h j d b f i G f a W g h j h U X
V g y c f g V f U X a U h f U ' d h Y d j Y a Y h V g l e ^ c h g c f V W g U f Y j] X b W c Z
d adq "D adq b X f ^ c h g j b X M g d c f ^ c h g U Y U b X c g g c Z g d b f i k \ j W k] ^ ^
^ X l e V W h i b X f Y N U X c X g'

GjYfhn@jYg

BcXlfYgcZgjYfhnfYXfbX-hggZMhlcjXUYhUdadq Ylgg'



&" GUVh ID77L

**AUVWVh 'cfVUth fYZfgUbkcf 'czgUdczZbZcf\UFjBYVWghU
YfXcbnhfi [\ hYiddf g fZWCzhYWBWYHYVWgN6Xc]bMgNth
Uj 'YgZ/8\$X|fyg'AUVWVh 'cfVUth |lgjUmWgXVnj YZhg |hY
WBWYUxaUmXk:cGUh 'czhYgfZWK\|W|ghYVU_XkbcZhYgU
g fZWC UXd of approximately 1/4 to 1/2 in W'GUh 'aUthg VVWgXVn
|adcfWghj VcbUXdcfU|f|UY'5bchYfW|bhXgi fWcZgdYgghY
fU|bVWkYbhYU_UlgfBUC'UX? &E|bga YWa YlgUXWUba |bUglb'
ga YU|f|Uhg'fXVZfa YVnhYVU|bVWkYbhYU_UlgUXU|f|UY
fg |bYd|gcbghUWgYUVU_Xkb|bhYWBWY'**

GjYfng

- ◆ @k! 7Uth 'cfAUVWVh Ylggj Yg|bZVthgUVfUHYg fZW|gb'
|ccXWV|cbk|h bc'GUh 'HYVWdUmbaig|WkY X|bXUX
Yg|nfW|bhX
- ◆ AYfi a! GUVggVUXj YUdd |aUYn)1 'cf'YgczhYgfZWK|h'gaY
: CS'dh|U/
- ◆ <||\! GUVggj YfngVUXWgh U||\ : CS'dh|U'1 gUmācfYhU'
)1 'czhYgfZW|gUWEX



&' : U 'Hb' 1D77L

GhVa Yhcf Zi 'Hh 'lg UxZZfYbWcZYj U'cbUfU'c'hhcf VUWUg gXVnd YjU' c'fVhg' 'Hh'cb'

Gj YfHg

Severity levels are defined by the difference in elevation across the fault and the

	Fi bkUng#U jkUng	5dfcbg
@	0% 'bW	% 'E%'bW
A	% 'E%'bW	%'bW
<	2%'bW	2%'bW

FYUfCd'cbg

- ◆ @k! BcU'cb'
- ◆ A Yh'a 'E; f'bh' Uch hY'cbh'
- ◆ <|| 'E; f'bh' 'c'cb'hc'XUhg'Zf'f'g'f'cb'



&" G UMFYXGUVFD77L

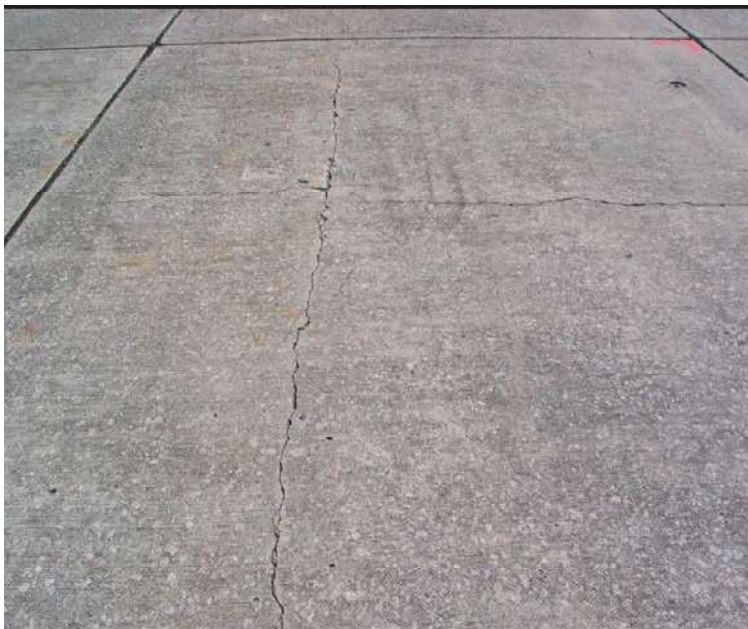
=hfgNMh VUWgUYVUWghUMFU]hcZifcfacydWgVWU gczj YcUjh' UxwfhDSgiUYgdhffHY\| \!severity level of this distress type, as defined below, lghZfYXlc UgUg UMFYXgU'ZU`dWgcfVUWgUYWdUjbxkjh bUWbf VUZhYXgUgUgUW] cfhXUgUgY YWbfVU"

Gj Yfng

- ◆ **@k! Slab is broken into four or five pieces with the vast majority of the cracks fjh Y,) dWVhcZck!gj Yfhn**
- ◆ **AWja !(1) Slab is broken into four or five pieces with over 15 percent of the VUWgZaWja gj Yfhn\| \!gj YfhnVUWg/cffgU]gVc_Y]hc'gl' cfacydWgkjh'gj Y,) dWVhcZhYVUWgZck! /**
- ◆ **<|\! 5hlg^yY'Zgj YfhnYgU]gWYXg UMFYXgU]gVc_Y]hc' four or five pieces with some or all of the cracks of high severity; (2) slab is Vc_Y]hc'gl' cfacydWgkjh'gj Y%) dWVhcZhYVUWgZaWja! cf \|\!gj Yfhn**

FYUfcdhbg

- ◆ **@k EGU'7UWg/**
- ◆ **AWja !: i`Xdh dUWcffYUWhYgU'**
- ◆ **<|\!: i`Xdh dUWcffYUWhYgU'**



&" Gfb_ qY7fQWfD77L

Gfb_ qY7fQWfD77L
Yf]bYf]WghUf]YigUnibnUZkZf]hd| UbXXcbdi
Yf]bYf]WghUf]YigUnibnUZkZf]hd| UbXXcbdi
WbNYUxi gUnkcbdiNf]Xhfi | \ hYXdh'zhYgU'

GjYf]Dg

No degrees of severity are defined. It is sufficient to indicate that shrinkage cracks exist.

FYUfcdhbg

- ◆ **8cBch]d**



''

' \$' >chGdUgfD77L

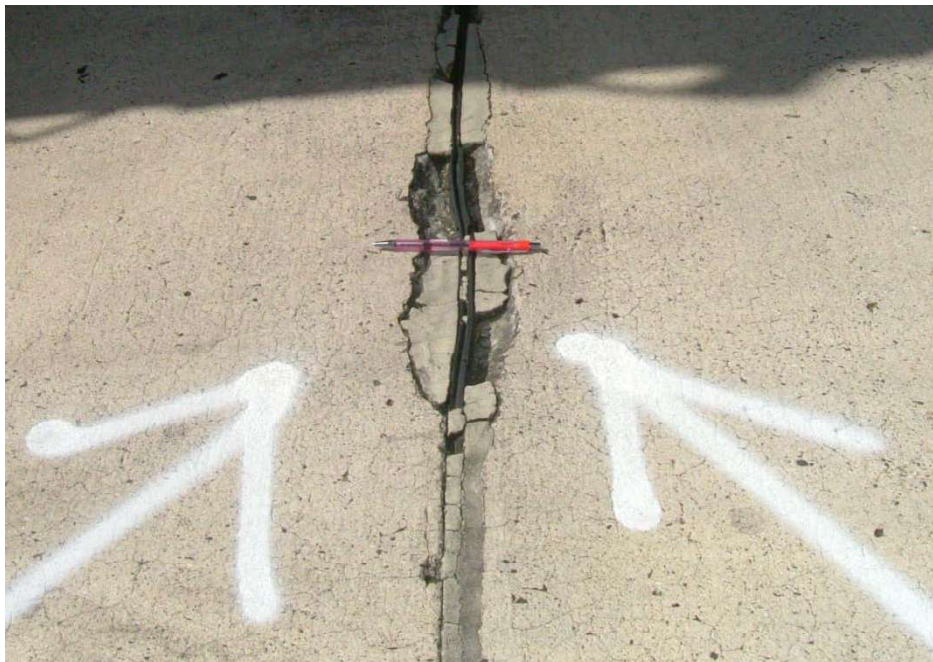
>chigU'h lghYXghN fU'bcZhYgUVX Ygkjh b&ZYh'ZhYgXyZhY'chH'
5'chigU i gUmXygdhN Nbxj YhU nhtci [\ hYgUzV hHhGhY'chHh
UbU' Y'GU'h' ng' l'Zca YWgjj YgYggUthY'chHhWU gXVn h'f'f'f'f'
cZbMadYgVYaUhfUgcfhZfWcUg' KYU WbXhYthY'chHhU gXVn
cj Ykcf_h]EWa VbXkjh hZfWcUgUgUchYVW gYcZgU'h''

Gj Yhng

- ◆ @k! gj Y&ZYh'ch' UxlgVc_Y]hc'acfyhUbfYd]WgXVbXVn
'ck'cfa Y]a' gj YhMhWgkjh ^]h'Ycfbc: CS'dhH]Uzcf'g&YghU'
&ZYh'ch' UxlgVc_Y]hc'acfyhUbfYd]Wgkjh ^]h': CS'cf]Y
XaU]YdnhH]/
- ◆ A Y]a! gj Y&ZYh'ch' UxlgVc_Y]hc'acfyhU' 'd]WgXVbXVn]]\h
cfa Y]a Wgcf'ga Y: CS'dhH]U]Y]gh]zcf'g&YghU'&ZYh'ch'
UxlgVc_Y]hc'd]WgcfZU]a YhXkjh'ga YcZhYd]Wg'cg'cfUghz
Wgh] WghXUVY: CS'cf]YXaU]YdnhH]/
- ◆ <]]\! gj Y&ZYh'ch' UxlgVc_Y]hc'acfyhUbfYd]WgXVbXVn'cbY
cfacY]]\ 'gj YhMhWgkjh ^]h': CS'dhH]U'

FYUfCd]bg

- ◆ @k! BcU]cb/
- ◆ A Y]a! dMzfa Ud]h]U'Xch'dUW
- ◆ <]]\! dMzfa Ud]h]U'Xch'dUW'



'% 7cbfGdUgd77L

7cbfGdUd ghYfjYh'cfVfUXkbcZhYgUkjhJbUdIdJaUYn&ZnZ
hYwbf"5 wbfGdU XZGZca UwbYfVU JbUdYgUUh'YgXdkkUX
lcJbGwY'chk\]YhYfU YfXgjYfU nhci [\ hYgU'

GjYfng

- ◆ @ck! YhY%hYgU'lgMc_Yb]bc'dYcfkcd]WgXbXVnck'gjYfhn
VWgkjh`JhYcfbc: CS'ddHfU/cf&hYgU'lgXbXVnchYaYfja'
gjYfhnVWgkjh`JhYcfbc: CS'ddHfU/
- ◆ AYfja È%hYgU'lgMc_Yb]bc'kcd'afYd]WgXbXVnchYaYfja'
gjYfhnVWgkjh`ZU'gaU'ZU'aYfjaU'WgU'ghf'ccg/ &hYgU'lg'
XbXVnchYgjYfZU'aYfXVWU'haU'YUW'ad]XVnU'k'
'\Uf]bVWg'cf' hYgU'\UgXf]cfU'X'chYd]hk\Yf'ccgYaU'fU'lg'
W'gh] : CS'ddHfU/
- ◆ <]] È%hYgU'\UgMc_Yb]bc'kcd'afYd]WgXbXVnchYaYfja'
ZU'aYfXVWgkjh`ccg'cfU'ghfU'aYf'g'&cfWg'ZhYgU'\U'Y
V'X'g'U'W'k'chYf'f'U'f'Y'X'aU'Y'\U'f'X'g'g'cf' hYgU'\U'g'
Xf]cfU'X'chYd]hk\Yf'ccgYaU'fU'lg'W'gh] \]] : CS'ddHfU'

FYUfCd]bg

- ◆ @ck! BcUfcb/
- ◆ AYfja! d]fU'X'h'dUW
- ◆ <]]! d]fU'X'h'dUW



' &'5GF 'ID77L

5GF 'lgWU gXVhWwWw JW'fUWfcbVWkYbU_UlgUkXWfUbfUWUj Yg'JWa JbMUg
k\JWZfa U|Y' HY|YUgcfVgkUfZUg gh' Y dHgdbk\JWa UnNa UYhY
WbWfYUkXUWfHgI WfYg' 5` UlgfYacgicZb'JfcXVWVnhYcbfUk
Ww YHkjh|bhYdj Ya YH' 5GF 'WUW|' a UnYUWYUfXVhWwWw JW'dj Ya YH
X|Wg'

JlgU|bXWfghU5GF'a UnYdYgHh|bWXY'

% 7UW|' cZhYWbWfYdj Ya YHfZb|bUa UfdUfUfL

& K\|fZVfcbz|fufcfchYWcfX|Y'cfgh|b|' a UnYdYgHhUfYUW
g'fWY

' " 5|[fYUfddi|g

(" bWUg|bWbWfYj'c|a YfU dHgdb|hUa UnfYg' |bXgdf|bcZkXUWf'cf
|h|fU'g| WfYgcf d'ng|WUYa Ylg'9| UadYg'Z| dHgdb|bWXYg'cj |h' cZ
UgdUhdj Ya Ylg' [| \hWb|b|h'zgUvZi |h| z'c|b|a |gU| |ba YfZUkXU|f|g|bcZ
'c|h|gUgcf Y dHgdb'c|h|' Yg'

6WU g'5GF 'ga Uf|U'XVfWfZ5GF 'gl' YbU'ndYgHhfc| [\c|hYdj Ya Yh
gW|b' 7cf| UkXWbWfYd'f|fU|JWUngg'ghYcb'nW|b|j Ya YhcXc'
WbZfa hYdYgBWcZ5GF' HYZ`ck|h| g'c| 'XV_Yh|ba |bXk\Yb|Xb|f|h|'
hYdYgBWcZ5GF hfc| [\j|gU|bg|W|b

%; YbU'n5GF Xg|Yg|gUfYbdcVg|YX|bhYz|g|Zk' nUgUfY'Wg|f|W|b' b
Wb|g|z|U|g|f|b U'YUW|b| W'cWf'hYXh'cZU|g|f|W|b|Uk|g|Ud|f|Yh
k|h|bhYz|g|n|f'

& 5GF 'gXZfYH|UfXZca 8!7UW|' VnhYdYgBWcZUW|' d'fWbXWUf|c'
hY'c|hW 8!7UW|' d'fXca |b|h'mXj YodgUgUg|Yg'Zd|U'YUW|g|c'
'c|hWgUk|b|fWUW| k|h|bhYgU'

' " 5GF 'gXZfYH|UfXZca 'A|f7UW|' #GU|' VnhYdYgBWcZj |g|U'g| |bgZ
Y dHgdb'

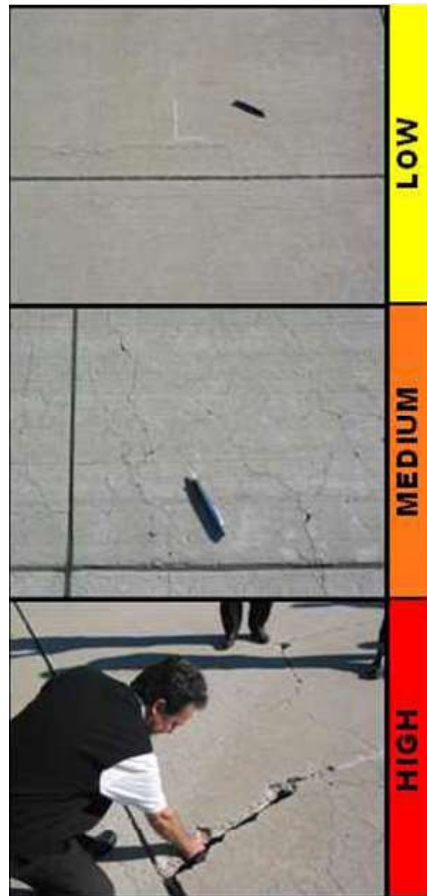
GjYfhi@jYg

@ A|jaUlebc: cf||bCVVNSUaU|YECSE'ddnh|UZca V|Wg'c|hg'5GF' fYU|Xddi|g/V|WgU|hYg fZ|WU|YH| \H|F|X|ca|b|U|h|'aa'c'~Yg|'@|h|Y lebcY|N|B|W|c|Z|a|g|Y|a|Y|h|b|d|j|Y|a|Y|h|c|f|g|f|i|b|h|j|g|i|V|f|g|c|f|Y|a|Y|g|'

Gca Y: CS'ddnh|U|/|b|N|g|X|g|k|Y|h|'c|f|c|h|Y: CS'f|Y|a|g|U|a|Y|c|X|a|U|h|Y f|i|f|Y|A|U|h|Y|Y|N|B|W|c|Z|g|U|a|g|Y|a|Y|h|U|X|c|f|g|a|Y|X|a|U|Y|c|U|X|W|h|g|i|V|f|g|c|f|Y|a|Y|g|'

A A|Y|i|a|'5GF'X|g|N|g|g|N|Z|f|h|U|X|Z|ca '~ck|V|h|U|j|h|'c|b|Y|c|a|c|f|c|Z|h|Y Z`ck|h|. |b|N|g|X: CS'ddnh|U|Z|b|N|g|X|W|W|h|'c|Z|h|Y|g|U|Z|g|a|Y|Z|U|a|Y|g|' U|h| V|W|g|c|f|U|W|W|h|f|g|N|d|g|d|Y|g|h|g|f|Z|W|d|d|i|g|c|Z|W|N|Y|a|U|h| c|W|Z|d|U|h|b|c|Z|k|N|V|W|g|f|Y|X|a|b|U|h|'aa'c'f|k|N|h|U|a|U|h|Y g|V|j|N|X|V|h|j|\h|V|W|g|'

< C|b|Y|c|f|h|'c|Z|h|Y|Z`ck|h| Y|g|h| %|@|c|g|Y|c|a|g|g|h| W|N|Y|Z|U|a|Y|g|k|\|W|d|g|\||\|: CS'ddnh|U|Z|&E|G|U|g|f|Z|W|h|N|f|h|U|X|Z|b|U|c|b|g|h|Z|W|h|h|N|X|f|U|X|U|X|d|j|Y|a|Y|h|f|i|f|g|a|a|Y|U|h|f|U|f|'a|U|h|U|g|'f|i|f|Y|Y|U|j|g|c|' U|X|W|h|g|i|V|f|g|c|f|Y|a|Y|g|'



APPENDIX D

DETAILED PAVEMENT CONDITION DATA



5@SCH526%

; YMUW8UY)#488%

DJY%Z

BYkcf. 9I: BUaY KYWkb: JYX

6FUBW 58% BUaY 5dcb\$%4IZI U I g 5DFCB 5fYU 88'z*%Geh

GMjcb 8& z ' : fca. GMjcb\$ H. 9(YcZDJYaYh @Gj7chg' *#4888

GfAUW 57 : Ua]m 5@SCH5dcbg NcbY 7UMcfm FUb. G

5fYU +\$-88Geh @Y[h. ')) : h K]h. 888: h

GUg GUV@Y[h. : h GUVK]h. : h >]h@Y[h. : h

Gcd Xf. GfYHhdY ; fUX \$ @Uyg \$

GMjcb7caaYlg

Kcf_8UY +#4%- Kcf_HdY Bk7chg] Wcb! :h]U 7cXY BI !:B =gAUcfA/ F. HfY

Kcf_8UY *#4888 Kcf_HdY &'gYfUn 7cXY C@88 =gAUcfA/ F. HfY

@Gj7chg'8UY %4#88% HHUGadYg % GfjYhX *

7cb]hchg D7=)' BCHD 1H 1FY7chg] WcbD7=1H

-hgNjcb7caaYlg

QadYBi aVf. 8% HdY F 5fYU (, '88Geh D7=)+

QadY7caaYlg

(, @/ H7F @ %,'88 : h
(, @/ H7F A &'888 : h
)\$ D5H7<-B; @ '88 Geh
)& F5J9@B; @ ('888 Geh
)+ K95H 9F-B; A ', 888 Geh

QadYBi aVf. 8 HdY F 5fYU)8888Geh D7=)\$

QadY7caaYlg

(, @/ H7F @ %)88 : h
(, @/ H7F A (*888 : h
)& F5J9@B; < 888 Geh
)+ K95H 9F-B; A (-, '88 Geh

QadYBi aVf. 9 HdY F 5fYU (\$'88Geh D7=))

QadY7caaYlg

(, @/ H7F @ 8888 : h
(, @/ H7F A ')888 : h
)\$ D5H7<-B; @ , 888 Geh
)+ K95H 9F-B; A ', '88 Geh

QadYBi aVf. \$ HdY F 5fYU)8888Geh D7=)'

QadY7caaYlg

() 89DF9GCB @ 8888 Geh
(, @/ H7F @ &'888 : h
(, @/ H7F A '' 888 : h
)\$ D5H7<-B; @ 88888 Geh
)+ K95H 9F-B; A (, 8888 Geh

QadYBi aVf. % HdY F 5fYU)88888Geh D7=)%

QadY7caaYlg

(, @/ H7F @ 88888 : h
(, @/ H7F A (&'88 : h
)\$ D5H7<-B; @ 88888 Geh
)+ K95H 9F-B; A (+, 888 Geh

QadYBi aVf. % HdY F 5fYU)&'888Geh D7=)%

QadY7caaYlg

(, @/ H7F @ 88'88 : h
(, @/ H7F A),)'88 : h
)+ K95H 9F-B; A)&'888 Geh

BYkcf.	9I :	BuAY	KYXkb: JYX
6fUW	58%	BuAY	5dcb\$%GIZI U
GMqch	\$%	cZ ' : fca.	HUjkUn7cbNMf\$%
GfUW	57	: Ua]m 5@SCH5dldg	NcbY
5fU	*(Z\$ Gz h	@Y[h.	', \$: h K]h.
GUg	GU@Y[h.	: h	GUVK]h.
Gci Xf.	GfYWHdY	; fUX \$	@bYg \$
GMqcb7caa Ylg			
Kcf_8UY %\$%\$	Kcf_HdY Bk7dYg Vcb! :h]U	7cXV BI !-B	=gAUcfA/ F. HiY
Kcf_8UY +\$%-%	Kcf_HdY Bk7dYg Vcb! :h]U	7cXV BI !-B	=gAUcfA/ F. HiY
@]i:hg!8UY %\$+5\$%	HRUcladYg %	GfjYhX +	
7dN]hcg D7=)+			
-bgNMqcb7caa Ylg			
QladYBi aVf. \$	HdY F	5fU	)\$\$\$Gz h D7=)-
QladY7caa Ylg			
(, @/ H7F	@	*\$Gz h	
(, @/ H7F	A	'\$Gz h	
)& F5J9@B;	A	'\$Gz h	
)+ K95H 9F-B;	A	(- '\$Gz h	
QladYBi aVf. \$	HdY F	5fU	)\$\$\$Gz h D7= *(
QladY7caa Ylg			
(, @/ H7F	@	- \$Gz h	
(, @/ H7F	A	&\$Gz h	
)+ K95H 9F-B;	A	)\$\$\$Gz h	
QladYBi aVf. \$	HdY F	5fU	)\$\$\$Gz h D7=)*
QladY7caa Ylg			
(, @/ H7F	@	))'\$Gz h	
(, @/ H7F	A	(% '\$Gz h	
(- C-@CD@@5; 9	B	' \$Gz h	
)+ K95H 9F-B;	A	)\$\$\$Gz h	
QladYBi aVf. %	HdY F	5fU	''+*\$Gz h D7=)+
QladY7caa Ylg			
(, @/ H7F	@	,*\$Gz h	
(, @/ H7F	A	&(' \$Gz h	
)+ K95H 9F-B;	A	''+*\$Gz h	
QladYBi aVf. %	HdY F	5fU	(, \$\$Gz h D7=)-
QladY7caa Ylg			
(, @/ H7F	@	+) '\$Gz h	
(, @/ H7F	A	(\$Gz h	
)+ K95H 9F-B;	A	(, \$\$Gz h	
QladYBi aVf. %	HdY F	5fU	', ', '\$Gz h D7=)'
QladY7caa Ylg			
(, @/ H7F	@	) '\$Gz h	
(, @/ H7F	A	' &' \$Gz h	
)+ K95H 9F-B;	A	', ', '\$Gz h	
QladYBi aVf. %	HdY F	5fU	' &\$\$Gz h D7= (,
QladY7caa Ylg			
(, @/ H7F	@	%\$Gz h	
(, @/ H7F	A	' (\$Gz h	
)& F5J9@B;	<	%\$Gz h	
)+ K95H 9F-B;	A	' &\$\$Gz h	

BYkcf_ 9I :	BLáY	KYXkb: JYX				
6FUDW F%*'	BLáY	FihkUm%!' * 9IZI'U	I gX	FI BK5M	5fU	) \$\$\$ \$G\$ h
GMWch \$%	z %	: fca. FihkUm% 9bX		H. FihkUm* 9bX		@gh7chgh' '#488%
GfZUW 557	: Uá]m 5@SCHFKg	NbY		7UH[cfm		Fub. D
5fU	) \$\$\$ \$G\$ h	@Y[h.	) 29) : h	K]Ph.	%\$: h	
GUg	GU@Y[h.	: h	GUVK]Ph.	: h	>ch@Y[h.	: h
Gci Xf.	GfYWHdY		; fUX \$		@bYg \$	
GMWcb7caa Ylg						
Kcf_8UY %488%	Kcf_HdY Bk7chgh Vcb' h]U			7cXV BI !-B		=gAUcfA/ F. HiY
Kcf_8UY '#488%	Kcf_HdY GYfUm57Gh VcfU			7cXV C@5G		=gAUcfA/ F. HiY
@gh7chgh'8UY %4#88%	HRUcladYg %\$			GfjYbX %&		
7ch]hchg D7= --						
-hg]Wcb7caa Ylg						
QádYBi aVf. \$&	HdY F	5fU	) \$\$\$ \$G\$ h		D7= %\$	
QádY7caa Ylg						
OBc8]ghYg?						
QádYBi aVf. \$	HdY F	5fU	) \$\$\$ \$G\$ h		D7= %\$	
QádY7caa Ylg						
OBc8]ghYg?						
QádYBi aVf. %\$	HdY F	5fU	) \$\$\$ \$G\$ h		D7= -,	
QádY7caa Ylg						
(, @/ H7F	@	('\$\$: h				
QádYBi aVf. %	HdY F	5fU	) \$\$\$ \$G\$ h		D7= %\$	
QádY7caa Ylg						
OBc8]ghYg?						
QádYBi aVf. &	HdY F	5fU	) \$\$\$ \$G\$ h		D7= %\$	
QádY7caa Ylg						
OBc8]ghYg?						
QádYBi aVf. '\$	HdY F	5fU	) \$\$\$ \$G\$ h		D7= -,	
QádY7caa Ylg						
(- C-@CD@5; 9	B	8\$\$ G\$ h				
QádYBi aVf. '+	HdY F	5fU	) \$\$\$ \$G\$ h		D7= %\$	
QádY7caa Ylg						
OBc8]ghYg?						
QádYBi aVf. ((	HdY F	5fU	) \$\$\$ \$G\$ h		D7= -*	
QádY7caa Ylg						
(, @/ H7F	@	% '\$\$: h				
QádYBi aVf. *)	HdY F	5fU	) \$\$\$ \$G\$ h		D7= %\$	
QádY7caa Ylg						
OBc8]ghYg?						
QádYBi aVf. +&	HdY F	5fU	) \$\$\$ \$G\$ h		D7= %\$	
QádY7caa Ylg						
OBc8]ghYg?						
QádYBi aVf. +	HdY F	5fU	) \$\$\$ \$G\$ h		D7= %\$	
QádY7caa Ylg						
OBc8]ghYg?						
QádYBi aVf. -'	HdY F	5fU	) \$\$\$ \$G\$ h		D7= %\$	
QádY7caa Ylg						

BYkcf. 9I: BUáY KYXkb: JYX

GfUW H7S% BUáY HI]kúvdbNMfS%BiZi U I g̃ H5L-K5M 5fU %ž S%Gē h

GW]ch S& cZ & : fca. GUVkbS% H. 5dRbS% @Gj7dgh' %%%#SS&

GfUW 57 : Uá]m 5@SCH57HI]kúg NdbY 7UH]cfm FUb. G

5fU ,ž(\$Gē h @V[h. && : h K]Ph. ') : h

GUg GUV@V[h. : h GUVK]Ph. : h >ch@V[h. : h

Gci Xf. GfYVHdY ; fUX \$ @Ug \$

GW]cb7caa Ylg

Kcf_8UY %%%SS Kcf_HdY Bk7dgh' Vcb' :h]U 7cX BI !-B =gAUcfA/ F. HiY

Kcf_8UY %%%#SS& Kcf_HdY Bk7dgh' Vcb' :h]U 7cX BI !-B =gAUcfA/ F. HiY

@Gj7dgh'8UY %%%#SS% HRUCladYg ' GfjYX &

7dN]hcg D7= *\$

=hgNM]cb7caa Ylg

QádYBi aVf. S% HdY F 5fU ', (-'SSGē h D7=)-

QádY7caa Ylg

(, @/ H7F @ %SS : h

(, @/ H7F A %)'SS : h

(, @/ H7F < %SS : h

)\$ D5H<-B; @ , 'SS Gē h

)+ K95H 9F-B; A ', (%SS Gē h

QádYBi aVf. S& HdY F 5fU ()- %SSGē h D7= *%

QádY7caa Ylg

(% 5@@; 5HCF7F @ %SS Gē h

(, @/ H7F @ +SS : h

(, @/ H7F A &&'SS : h

)+ K95H 9F-B; A ()- %SS Gē h

BVkc.	9I:	BlaY	KYXb: JYX				
GfUW	H7%	BlaY	HI]kUn7dbNMfS%BI Zi U I g	H5L-K5M	5fU	%z \$%Gh	
GM]ch	\$%	cZ &	: fca. FibkUn%!"*	H. GM]cbS&		@G]7cbgH' '#48%	
GfUW	557	: Ua]m	5@SCH57HI]kUg NcbY	7UH]cfm		FUb. G	
5fU		, x*%Gh	@Y[h. %\$: h	K]Ph.		'): h	
GUg		GU@Y[h.	: h	GUVK]Ph.	: h	>ch@Y[h.	: h
Gd XE.		GfYWHdY		; fUX \$		@Ug \$	
GM]cb7caa Ylg							
Kcf_8UY	%4#8%	Kcf_HdY	Bk7cbg]Vcb! :h]U	7cX BI!B		=AUcfA/ F. HiY	
Kcf_8UY	' #48%	Kcf_HdY	GjYUa57GdVfU	7cX C@5G		=AUcfA/ F. HiY	
@G]7cbg]8UY	%4#8%	HUCladYg	%	GfjYX	%		
7cb]cbg	D7= -,						
-bg]cb7caa Ylg							
QadYBaVf.	\$%	HdY	F	5fU	, (*%SSGh	D7= -,	
QadY7caa Ylg							
(,	@/ H7F	@	'SS :h				

BVkc.	91:	BlaY	KYXb: JYX				
GfUW	H5B; %	BlaY	HI]kUia UH]f\$%ZI U	I g	H5L-K5M	5fU	(- \$+ G; h
GM]ch	%	cZ '	: fca.	5dcb%	H. H<U]Ug	@U]7cb]H' (#6\$S\$	
GfUW	57	: Ua]m	5@SCH57HI]U]g	NbY	7UH]cfm	FUb. H	
5fU	'%& G; h	@Y]h.	'* :h	K]Ph.	+\$: h		
GU]g	GU@Y]h.	:h	GUVK]Ph.	:h	>ch@Y]h.	:h	
Gci Xf.	GfYWHdY		; fUX \$		@U]g \$		
GM]cb7caa Ylg							
Kcf_8UY	%\$%\$S\$	Kcf_HdY	Bk7cb]U]cb' :h]U		7cXY BI !-B	=gAUcfA/ F. HfY	
Kcf_8UY	(#6\$S\$)	Kcf_HdY	Bk7cb]U]cb' :h]U		7cXY BI !-B	=gAUcfA/ F. HfY	
@U]h]g]8UY	%\$#S\$	HBU]adYg	,	GfjYX	(
7cb]U]cbg	D7= **						
-hg]U]cb7caa Ylg							
QadYBi aVf. %	HdY	F	5fU	)' '\$G; h	D7= *)		
QadY7caa Ylg							
(, @/ H7F	@	&' \$S\$:h					
(, @/ H7F	A	%\$S\$:h					
)+ K95H 9F-B;	@	' \$' '\$G; h					
)+ K95H 9F-B;	A	)\$S\$ G; h					
QadYBi aVf. \$	HdY	F	5fU	(+\$S\$G; h	D7= **		
QadY7caa Ylg							
(, @/ H7F	@	-)' \$S\$:h					
(, @/ H7F	A	\$S\$:h					
)+ K95H 9F-B;	@	(+\$S\$ G; h					
QadYBi aVf. \$	HdY	F	5fU	)' '\$G; h	D7= *(
QadY7caa Ylg							
(, @/ H7F	@	%)' \$S\$:h					
(, @/ H7F	A	%\$S\$:h					
)+ K95H 9F-B;	@	' \$' '\$G; h					
)+ K95H 9F-B;	A	)\$S\$ G; h					
QadYBi aVf. \$	HdY	F	5fU	(+\$S\$G; h	D7= **		
QadY7caa Ylg							
(, @/ H7F	@	+, '\$S\$:h					
(, @/ H7F	A	\$S\$:h					
)+ K95H 9F-B;	@	(+\$S\$ G; h					

BVkf.	9I:	BuY	KYXb: JYX
GfUW	HFK%	BuY	HU]kUnHfUci bXFK%' I g' H5L-K5M 5fU ')&' Gc h
GfUW	557	: Ua]m 5@SCH57HU]kUg	NbY 7U]cfm FUb. D
5fU	)&' Gc h	@Y[h.	+&: h K]h. ') : h
GUg	GUV@Y[h.	: h	GUVK]h. : h >clh@Y[h. : h
Gci Xf.	GfYHhY		; fUX \$ @Ug \$
GfUW	7caaYlg		
Kcf_8UY	%#%\$\$	Kcf_HdY Bk 7cbjg Vcb! :h]U	7cXY BI !B =gAUcfA/ F. HiY
Kcf_8UY	' #48%	Kcf_HdY GYUa57GfUfU	7cXY C@5G =gAUcfA/ F. HiY
@G]hg]'8UY	%#48%	HU]kUdYg +	GfjYhX (
7cbjg	D7= -*		
-hg]U]cb7caaYlg			
GadYBi aVf.	\$%	HdY F	5fU)&'\$\$Gc h D7= +-
GadY7caaYlg			
(, @/ H7F		@	%\$\$: h
GadYBi aVf.	\$	HdY F	5fU)&'\$\$Gc h D7= -*
GadY7caaYlg			
(, @/ H7F		@	' '\$\$: h
GadYBi aVf.	\$	HdY F	5fU (, \$\$Gc h D7= -*
GadY7caaYlg			
(, @/ H7F		@	' '\$\$: h
GadYBi aVf.	\$-	HdY F	5fU (&' '\$Gc h D7= +-
GadY7caaYlg			
(, @/ H7F		@	' '\$\$: h

BYkcf.	9I:		BuY	KYXb: JYX			
GfUW	HFk'*		BuY	HI]kUnHfUci bXFK'*	I gY	H5L-K5M	5fU , ž,- Gē h
				9ZiU			
GWch	%	cZ %	: fca.	FibkUm* 9bX		H. FibkUm%!"*	@Gj7chg! '#48%
GfZW	557	: Ua]m	5@SCH57HI]kUg	NbY		7U]cfm	FUb. D
5fU		, ž,- Gē h	@Y[h.	%(: h	K]h.	*(: h	
GUg		GU@Y[h.	: h	GVK]h.	: h	>clh@Y[h.	: h
Gci Xf.		GfYHhY		; fUY \$		@Ug \$	
GWcb7caaYlg							
Kcf_8UY	%#%\$\$		Kcf_HdY	Bk7chgUcb! :h]U		7cXY BI !-B	=gAUcfA/ F. HiY
Kcf_8UY	' #48%		Kcf_HdY	GjYUa'57GfUfU		7cXY C@5G	=gAUcfA/ F. HiY
@Gjhg!'8UY	%#%\$\$		HRUcladYg	&		GfjYhX	&
7cb]hdg	D7=	- +					
-hgNWcb7caaYlg							
QadYBi aVf.	%		HdY	F	5fU	(, \$\$\$Gē h	D7= - +
QadY7caaYlg							
(, @/ H7F			@		'\$\$: h		
QadYBi aVf.	\$&		HdY	F	5fU	' - +)'\$\$Gē h	D7= -,
QadY7caaYlg							
(, @/ H7F			@		'\$\$: h		

APPENDIX E
DISTRESS SUMMARY REPORT



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				v		U			y	
°		°#			V)					
°		°#			V)					
°		°#			OV8ey) @° Ouk° Vof- lo° #k° #M8	#)	O		7	
°		°#			OV8ey) @° Ouk° Vof- lo° #k° #M8	#)	U		7	
°		°#			\ @h08	\	V°		o7	
°		°#			k†- @8	#)	=		o7	
°		°#			k†- @8	#)	U		o7	
°		°#			‡ - ° u- k08	#)	U		o7	
k		°°#			OV8ey) @° Ouk° Vof- lo° #k° #M8	#)	O		7	
k		°°#			\ @h08	\	V°		o7	
u#		°#			° @8 u k#k° #M8	O	O		o7	
u#		°#			OV8ey) @° Ouk° Vof- lo° #k° #M8	#)	=		7	
u#		°#			OV8ey) @° Ouk° Vof- lo° #k° #M8	#)	O		7	
u#		°#			OV8ey) @° Ouk° Vof- lo° #k° #M8	#)	U		7	
u#		°#			h u#- @8	#)	O		o7	
u#		°#			‡ - ° u- k08	#)	U		o7	
u#		°°#			OV8ey) @° Ouk° Vof- lo° #k° #M8	#)	O		7	
u° V8		°#								
u° V8		°#								
u° V8		°#			OV8ey) @° Ouk° Vof- lo° #k° #M8	#)	O		7	

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u°V8		°#		v		U			y	
u°V8		°#			OVSey) @° Ouk° Vof- ko° #k° #NOS.....	#)	U		7	
u°V8		°#			‡ - ° u- kOS.....	#)	O		o7	
u°V8		°#			‡ - ° u- kOS.....	#)	U		o7	
uk‡		°°#			OVSey) @° Ouk° Vof- ko° #k° #NOS.....	#)	O		7	
uk‡		°°#			OVSey) @° Ouk° Vof- ko° #k° #NOS.....	#)	O		7	

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APPENDIX F

INVENTORY

F1: Section Forecasted Pavement Condition Rating

F2: Branch PCI Rating

F3: Branch FOD Rating

Appendix F1
Forecasted Section PCI
Weedon Field (EUF)

Branch ID	Section ID	Forecasted PCI						
		2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027
A01	01	54	52	50	48	46	43	41
A01	02	99	96	94	92	90	88	85
A01	03	99	97	94	92	90	88	85
R1836	01	98	97	96	94	92	90	87
TC01	01	96	94	92	89	87	84	82
TC01	02	54	50	46	44	41	37	33
THANG01	01	61	56	51	47	45	42	38
THANG01	02	99	98	97	95	93	91	88
THANG01	03	99	98	97	95	93	91	88
TTRW18	01	94	91	88	86	83	81	79
TTRW36	01	95	93	90	87	85	82	80

)#88%

6fUw7cbYhcbFYhfh

DjY%Z&

DjY YHSUVgy 5@SCHS8%

6fUw7s	Bi a VfcZ GMfcbg	G a 'GMfcb' @b|h HE	5j| 'GMfcb' KPh HE	Hi Y5fYU RGe HE	I gy	5j MU Y D7=	GRbXEX 8Y Jfcb' D7=	KM| \HX 5j MU Y D7=
5%	'	%)'SS	%%'	8'ž*%'SS	5DFCB	,)'k+	88&	,*k)
F%'*	%	)ž9)'SS	%8'SS	)SS)SS'SS	FI BK5M	--'SS	SS	--'SS
H7%	&	(%'SS	)'SS	%ž \$%'SS	H5L-K5M	+'SS	%'SS	+'SS
H 5B, %	'	%ž)'SS	(%'	(-ž+'SS	H5L-K5M	,)'k+	%'8	+, " 8
HFk%	%	+88'SS	)'SS	)'ž8)'SS	H5L-K5M	-'SS	SS	-'SS
HFk'*	%	%('SS	*('SS	, ž, - 'SS	H5L-K5M	-'SS	SS	-'SS

)#%SS% **6fubW7cbYhcbFYbch** DJY&cZ&
 DjYaYHSUWUy 5@BCHSS%
)#%SS%

I gY7UW| cfm	Bi a VYfcZ GWI|cbg	HEU'5fYU|e: IL	5f|ha Y|W 5j YU| YD7=	5j YU| YG|B D7=	KY| \ BX 5j YU| YD7=
5DFCB	'	SS' z*%SS	,)*+	SS&	,*|)
FI BK5M	%	)SS) SSSS	--'SS	SS\$	--'SS
H5L-K5M	+	%SS\$ SS\$	,,%	%|S(	,)|,
5@@	%	,%z%SS	,,'0	%!+	-('S

, #&#\$\$\$%
DUY%Z&

6fUw7cbXhcbFYhfh

 DjYaYHSUUVgy 5@SCHS\$%

6fUw7s	Bi a VfcZ GMfcbg	G a 'GMfcb' @b|h HE	5j| 'GMfcb' KPh HE	Hi Y5fYU fGe HE	I gy	5j YU Y : CS' DcHhJU	GRbXEX 8Y Jhcb' : CS DcH	KY| \HX 5j YU Y : CS DcHb
5\$%	'	%)'\$\$\$	%%'	8\$ž*%'\$	5DFCB	%''	&" (%'\$%
F%'*	%	)ž9 '\$\$	%8'\$	) \$\$\$ '\$\$	FI BK5M	%\$\$	\$\$\$	%\$\$
H7\$%	&	(%'\$\$	)'\$\$	%ž \$'\$\$	H5L-K5M	' & \$	8ž \$	' &(+
H 5B; \$%	'	%ž)'\$\$	(%'	(-ž+'\$\$	H5L-K5M	%'\$\$	8ž'	' \$*(
HFk%	%	+88\$\$	)'\$\$	)'ž\$' '\$\$	H5L-K5M	%'\$\$	\$\$\$	%'\$\$
HFk'*	%	%( '\$\$	*('\$\$	, ž, - '\$\$	H5L-K5M	%\$\$	\$\$\$	%\$\$

, #&#\$\$% **6fubW7cbYhcbFYbch** DJY&cZ&
 DjYaYHSUWUy 5@BCHSS\$ %

I gY7UH| cfm	Bi a VYfcZ GWI|cbg	HEU'5fYU|e: IL	5f|ha Y|W 5j YU| Y: CS	5j YU| YGB' : CS Dc|b|U	KY| \ BX 5j YU| Y: CS D
5DFCB	'	\$\$ z*%\$\$	%''	&' (%'\$\$%
FI BK5M	%) \$\$) \$\$\$\$	%\$\$	\$\$	%\$\$
H5L-K5M	+	%\$\$ \$	%'4%	\$\$(+	&'4,
5@@	%	, %z%\$\$	%'4'	\$\$+	%',,

APPENDIX G

SAFETY AND PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE POLICIES



Appendix G1
Localized Safety (Stopgap) Repair Policy

Distress	Distress Severity	Description	Code	Work Type	Work Unit
41	High	ALLIGATOR CR	PA-FD	Patching - AC Full-Depth	SqFt
43	High	BLOCK CR	CS-AC	Crack Sealing - AC	Ft
45	High	DEPRESSION	PA-FD	Patching - AC Full-Depth	SqFt
47	High	JT REF. CR	CS-AC	Crack Sealing - AC	Ft
48	High	L & T CR	CS-AC	Crack Sealing - AC	Ft
50	High	PATCHING	PA-FD	Patching - AC Full-Depth	SqFt
53	High	RUTTING	PA-FD	Patching - AC Full-Depth	SqFt
54	High	SHOVING	PA-PD	Patching - AC Partial-Depth	SqFt
55	NA	SLIPPAGE CR	PA-PD	Patching - AC Partial-Depth	SqFt
56	High	SWELLING	PA-FD	Patching - AC Full-Depth	SqFt
61	High	BLOW-UP	SL-PC	Slab Replacement - PCC	SqFt
61	Medium	BLOW-UP	PA-PF	Patching - PCC Full Depth	SqFt
62	High	CORNER BREAK	PA-PF	Patching - PCC Full Depth	SqFt
63	High	LINEAR CR	PA-PF	Patching - PCC Full Depth	SqFt
63	Medium	LINEAR CR	CS-PC	Crack Sealing - PCC	Ft
64	High	DURABIL. CR	SL-PC	Slab Replacement - PCC	SqFt
64	Medium	DURABIL. CR	PA-PF	Patching - PCC Full Depth	SqFt
66	High	SMALL PATCH	PA-PP	Patching - PCC Partial Depth	SqFt
67	High	LARGE PATCH	PA-PF	Patching - PCC Full Depth	SqFt
70	High	SCALING	SL-PC	Slab Replacement - PCC	SqFt
71	High	FAULTING	GR-PP	Grinding (Localized)	Ft
72	High	SHAT. SLAB	SL-PC	Slab Replacement - PCC	SqFt
74	High	JOINT SPALL	PA-PP	Patching - PCC Partial Depth	SqFt
75	High	CORNER SPALL	PA-PP	Patching - PCC Partial Depth	SqFt
76	High	ASR	SL-PC	Slab Replacement - PCC	SqFt

Appendix G2
Localized Preventive Repair Policy

Dstress	Dstress Severity	Description	Code	WorkType	Work Unit
41	Medium	ALLGATORCF	PAAC	Patching- ACFull Depth	SqFt
41	Hgh	ALLGATORCF	PAAC	Patching- ACFull Depth	SqFt
42	NA	BIBBING	PAAS	Patching- ACPartial Depth	SqFt
42	Hgh	BLOCKCR	PAAC	Patching- ACFull Depth	SqFt
42	Medium	BLOCKCR	CSAC	GackSealing- AC	R
44	Low	CORRUATION	PAAS	Patching- ACPartial Depth	SqFt
44	Hgh	CORRUATION	PAAS	Patching- ACPartial Depth	SqFt
44	Medium	CORRUATION	PAAS	Patching- ACPartial Depth	SqFt
45	Medium	DEPRESSION	PAAC	Patching- ACFull Depth	SqFt
45	Low	DEPRESSION	PAAC	Patching- ACFull Depth	SqFt
45	Hgh	DEPRESSION	PAAC	Patching- ACFull Depth	SqFt
45	Hgh	JIRE CR	CSAC	GackSealing- AC	R
45	Medium	JIRE CR	CSAC	GackSealing- AC	R
45	Hgh	L&TCR	CSAC	GackSealing- AC	R
45	Medium	L&TCR	CSAC	GackSealing- AC	R
45	NA	OILSPILLAGE	PAAC	Patching- ACFull Depth	SqFt
51	Hgh	PAKING	PAAC	Patching- ACFull Depth	SqFt
51	Medium	PAKING	PAAC	Patching- ACFull Depth	SqFt
52	Hgh	RAVING	PAAS	Patching- ACPartial Depth	SqFt
52	Hgh	RUIDING	PAAC	Patching- ACFull Depth	SqFt
52	Low	RUIDING	PAAC	Patching- ACFull Depth	SqFt
52	Medium	RUIDING	PAAC	Patching- ACFull Depth	SqFt
52	NA	SLIPPAGECR	PAAC	Patching- ACFull Depth	SqFt
52	Low	SWELLING	PAAC	Patching- ACFull Depth	SqFt
52	Medium	SWELLING	PAAC	Patching- ACFull Depth	SqFt
61	Low	BLOWUP	PAH	Patching- FCCFull Depth	SqFt
61	Medium	BLOWUP	PAH	Patching- FCCFull Depth	SqFt
61	Hgh	BLOWUP	PAH	Patching- FCCFull Depth	SqFt
62	Medium	CORNERBREAK	PAH	Patching- FCCFull Depth	SqFt
62	Hgh	CORNERBREAK	PAH	Patching- FCCFull Depth	SqFt
62	Low	CORNERBREAK	CSFC	GackSealing- FCC	R
62	Medium	LINEARCR	CSFC	GackSealing- FCC	R
62	Hgh	LINEARCR	PAH	Patching- FCCPartial Depth	SqFt
64	Medium	DURABL CR	PAH	Patching- FCCFull Depth	SqFt
64	Hgh	DURABL CR	SLFC	SkbReplacement- FCC	SqFt
65	Hgh	JISEALDMG	JSIC	Jirt Seal (Localized)	R
65	Medium	JISEALDMG	JSIC	Jirt Seal (Localized)	R
65	Hgh	SMALLPATCH	PAH	Patching- FCCPartial Depth	SqFt
65	Medium	SMALLPATCH	PAH	Patching- FCCPartial Depth	SqFt
65	Medium	LARGEPATCH	PAH	Patching- FCCFull Depth	SqFt

Appendix G2
Localized Preventive Repair Policy

Dstress	Dstress Severity	Description	Code	WorkType	Work Unit
6	Hgh	LARGEPAICH	PAH	Patching- FCCFull Depth	Sqft
6E	N/A	PUMING	JSIC	JointSeal (Localized)	R
7	Medun	SCALING	PAH	Patching- FCCPartial Depth	Sqft
7	Hgh	SCALING	SLR	Slab Replacement- FCC	Sqft
7I	Hgh	FAILING	GRH	Girding (Localized)	R
7I	Medun	FAILING	GRH	Girding (Localized)	R
7Z	Medun	SHR SLAB	SLR	Slab Replacement- FCC	Sqft
7Z	Hgh	SHR SLAB	SLR	Slab Replacement- FCC	Sqft
7J	Hgh	JONISPAIL	PAH	Patching- FCCPartial Depth	Sqft
7J	Medun	JONISPAIL	PAH	Patching- FCCPartial Depth	Sqft
7C	Medun	CORNERSPAI	PAH	Patching- FCCPartial Depth	Sqft
7C	Hgh	CORNERSPAI	PAH	Patching- FCCPartial Depth	Sqft
7E	Medun	ASR	SLR	Slab Replacement- FCC	Sqft
7E	Hgh	ASR	SLR	Slab Replacement- FCC	Sqft

APPENDIX H

M&R UNIT COSTS

H1: M&R Unit Costs

H2: Component Costs for Repair

H3: Airport Category



Maintenance and Repair (M&R) Unit Costs

The M&R costs developed for the ALDOT PMP include costs for maintenance, preservation, and repair activities and are described below.

Unit Costs Source Data

The source for the M&R costs data is RSMMeans, which has data for 14 locations throughout Alabama, as identified by the yellow highlighted boxes in Figure 1. The cost data is presented in terms of individual line items like asphalt wearing course, aggregate base etc., which were consolidated to develop the activity costs described below.

The cost data show a distinct difference in costs between locations north and south of Birmingham, especially for the higher value items like the asphalt layers. Therefore, the unit costs were developed accordingly for the airports north and south of Birmingham, as identified in Figure 1. Appendix H2 presents the component costs used in developing the M&R costs.

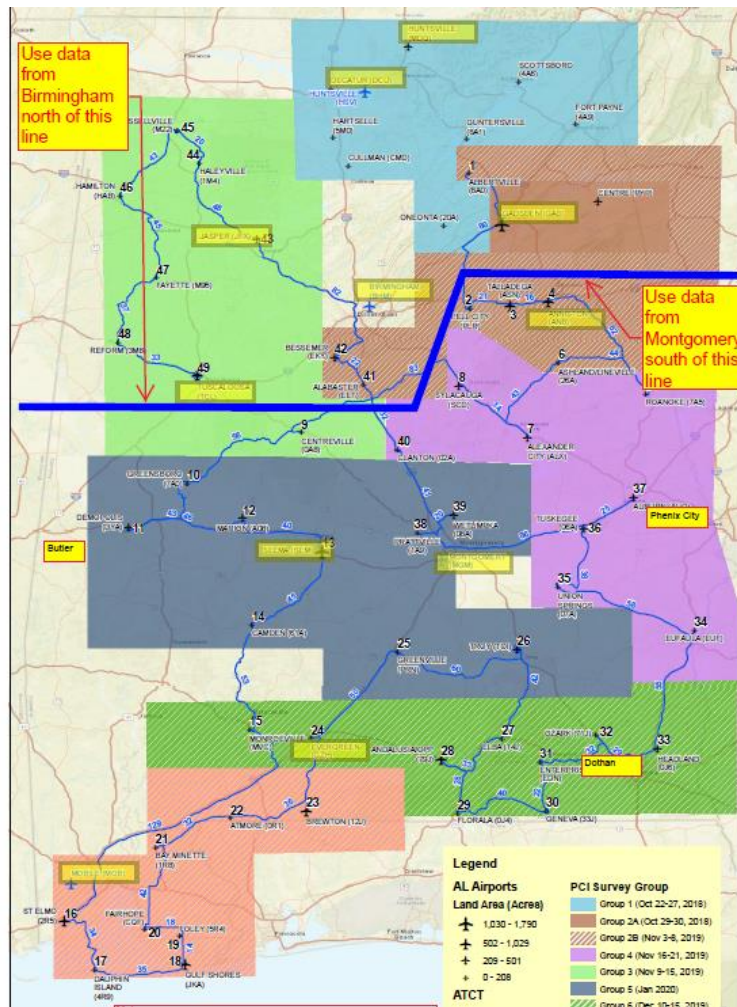


Figure 1: RSMMeans Unit Costs Locations.

Maintenance & Repair (M&R) Activities

Maintenance activities are localized activities which are typically assigned in the first year of the M&R plan based on the observed distresses.

Repair activities are further subdivided into preservation, rehabilitation, and reconstruction. Repair activities are conducted for larger areas, typically at the section level and are assigned based on the Critical Pavement Condition Index, denoted as CP in Table 1. The CP is based on the section’s rank or importance within the overall network and typically ranges from 55 to 70. The CP was set at 70 for the ALDOT runway pavements and 65 for the other pavements.

Table 1: Repair Activities.

Activity Type	PCI	Activity
Preservation	> CP	Runway Surface Treatment
		Taxiway and Apron Surface Treatment
Rehabilitation	> CP	2" AC OL ¹
	55 - CP	Mill 2" & 2" AC OL
	45 - 55	Mill 2" & 2" AC OLP (With Pre-Overlay Repairs)
Reconstruction	0 - 45	Reconstruct with AC

¹For Sections with Structural Distress and PCI greater than Critical PCI

The depths for the milling and overlay (AC OL) in Table 1 were established by creating a balance between removal of surficial distress and providing additional pavement structural capacity. All overlay options include full-depth patching to repair localized distresses.

From the FAA 5010 records, the Alabama airport network includes a wide range of allowable aircraft loads. The airports were divided into three categories of allowable aircraft loads based on requirements for minimum pavement thickness and the use of a P-401 surface layer. The categories are based on the aircraft maximum gross takeoff weight (MGTOW) and include: less than 12,500 lbs, 12,500 to 30,000 lbs, and 30,000 to 100,000 lbs. Appendix H3 presents the category for each airport.

For any sections requiring reconstruction, the pavement sections were established primarily in accordance with the requirements in Table 3 of the FAA’s Advisory Circular 150/5320-6F. The pavement sections used for developing the cost estimates are:

- ≤ 12,500 lbs 4" P-403 (State HMA Mix) + 6" P-209 Base
- 12,500 – 30,000 lbs 4" P-403 (State HMA Mix) + 8" P-209 Base
- 30,000 – 100,000 lbs 5" P-401 + 10" P-209 Base

It is important to note that while the FAA requires a stabilized base for those pavements that support aircraft operations with MGTOWs that are greater than 100,000 lbs, the number of such operations is minimal for those airports shown in Appendix H3. As a result, the cost of a stabilized base is excluded in the development of the unit costs for ALDOT’s PMP update. However, based on the Engineer’s future design and aircraft fleet mix development, project-level construction work could include the use of a stabilized base at that time.

M&R Unit Costs

Paving projects typically include additional project costs like mobilization, design, construction administration and inspections, and drainage improvements. A summary of non-direct pavement construction line items has been included in the unit costs in Tables 5 and 6 as described below. These non-direct items are expressed as a percentage of the total component costs for each activity.

These non-direct pavement construction items were developed from API’s extensive experience with APMP project cost estimation. These percentages may vary for Alabama airport construction projects; however, since the direct pavement scope of work is estimated in a network-level evaluation, these conservative estimates serve as a good starting point for the development of realistic total project costs and annual APMP budgets for ALDOT. For repair activities such as Mill & Overlay, which typically do not include significant drainage work, the corresponding multiplier was reduced by 50 percent. The non-direct cost factors are presented in Table 2.

Table 2: Cost Factors.

Factor	Function of	Estimate		
		Preservation	Rehabilitation	Reconstruction
Mobilization	All costs, less design	10%	10%	10%
Drainage Improvements	Paving costs	-	4%	8%
Contingency	All costs, less mobilization and design	10%	20%	20%
Design & CM	All costs, less mobilization and design	15%	20%	20%

The M&R unit costs for maintenance, preservation, and repair activities were developed from the RSMMeans cost data and are presented in the following section.

Maintenance

The maintenance activities include crack seal, and full and partial-depth patching. The unit costs are presented in Table 3.

Table 3: Unit Costs for Maintenance.

Activity	Unit Cost	Unit
Seal Cracks - AC	\$3.95	lf
AC Full-Depth Patching	\$25.05	sf
AC Partial-Dept Patching	\$16.28	sf
Seal Cracks – PCC	\$8.35	lf
PCC Full-Depth Patching	\$48.70	sf
PCC Partial-Depth Patching	\$243.51	sf
Jt. Seal	\$11.13	lf
Slab Replacement	\$27.83	sf
Grinding	\$6.96	lf

Preservation

The unit costs for the surface treatments are presented in Table 4. They include sealing of cracks and application of pavement markings.

Table 4: Unit Costs for Preservation Activities.

Activity	Unit Cost	Unit
Runway Surface Treatment	\$0.57	sf
Taxiway and Apron Surface Treatment	\$0.88	sf

Rehabilitation and Reconstruction

As discussed previously, repair activities are also divided into rehabilitation and reconstruction. The unit costs for airport repair for the Northern Region (Birmingham Area) and Southern Region (Montgomery Area) are shown in Tables 5 and 6, respectively.

Table 5: Unit Costs for Repair Activities, Northern Region.

Activity Type	Activity	MGTOW, thousand lbs		
		≤ 12.5	12.5-30	30-100
Rehabilitation	2" AC OL	\$3.78		\$4.19
	Mill 2" & 2" AC OL	\$4.15		\$4.56
	Mill 2" & 2" AC OLP	\$5.18		\$5.79
Reconstruction	AC Reconstruction	\$8.40	\$9.10	\$10.91

Table 6: Unit Costs for Repair Activities, Southern Region.

Activity Type	Activity	MGTOW, thousand lbs		
		≤ 12.5	12.5-30	30-100
Rehabilitation	2" AC OL	\$3.54		\$3.91
	Mill 2" & 2" AC OL	\$3.90		\$4.27
	Mill 2" & 2" AC OLP	\$4.82		\$5.37
Reconstruction	AC Reconstruction	\$7.63	\$8.25	\$9.87

Appendix H2
Component Costs for Repair

Activity Type	Unit	Birmingham (Northern)	Montgomery (Southern)	Comments
Milling 1" to 3"	SY	\$2.08	\$2.01	
Pavement Demolition	SY	\$6.34	\$6.12	
Haulage - For Demolition & AC	CY	\$6.08	\$5.87	
Haulage for 12" Thick Demolition	SY	\$2.03	\$1.96	
Haulage for 2" Thick AC Paving	SY	\$0.34	\$0.33	
Haulage for 3" Thick AC Paving	SY	\$0.51	\$0.49	
Haulage for 4" Thick AC Paving	SY	\$0.68	\$0.65	
AC Wearing Course	Ton	\$97.42	\$86.90	
AC Binder Course	Ton	\$87.80	\$78.17	
P401 - For airports with >60 kip aircraft	Ton	\$116.90	\$104.28	Assumed P401 cost to be 20% greater than AC Wearing Course
6" Aggregate Base (P208)	SY	\$10.17	\$9.12	
8" Aggregate Base (P208)	SY	\$13.29	\$11.89	
6" P209 Aggregate Base	SY	\$12.20	\$10.94	Assumed P209 cost to be 20% greater than P208
8" P209 Aggregate Base	SY	\$15.95	\$14.27	Assumed P209 cost to be 20% greater than P208
10" P209 Aggregate Base	SY	\$19.94	\$17.84	Direct multiplier for 10" from 8"
4" P154 Aggregate Base	SY	\$5.42	\$4.86	Assumed P154 cost to be 20% lower than P208
6" P154 Aggregate Base	SY	\$8.14	\$7.30	Assumed P154 cost to be 20% lower than P208
Pavement Markings	sf	\$1.48	\$1.39	

**Appendix H3
Airport Category**

Region	City	FAA ID	Max Gross Weight (Thousand lbs)			Max GW	Category
			S	D	2D		
Birmingham	Reform	3M8	12.5	-	-	12.5	<= 12,500
	Fayette	M95	15.0	-	-	15.0	12,500-30,000
	Hamilton	HAB	15.0	-	-	15.0	12,500-30,000
	Scottsboro	4A6	15.0	-	-	15.0	12,500-30,000
	Alabaster	EET	16.0	-	-	16.0	12,500-30,000
	Centre-Piedmont	PYP	16.0	-	-	16.0	12,500-30,000
	Fort Payne	4A9	16.0	-	-	16.0	12,500-30,000
	Haleyville	1M4	20.0	-	-	20.0	12,500-30,000
	Hartselle	5M0	20.0	-	-	20.0	12,500-30,000
	Guntersville	8A1	24.0	-	-	24.0	12,500-30,000
	Cullman	CMD	30.0	-	-	30.0	12,500-30,000
	Russellville	M22	30.0	-	-	30.0	12,500-30,000
	Jasper	JFX	50.0	-	-	50.0	> 30,000
	Oneonta	20A	20.0	35.0	55.0	55.0	> 30,000
	Bessemer	EKY	60.0	60.0	-	60.0	> 30,000
	Albertville	8A0	60.0	90.0	130.0	130.0	> 30,000
	Madison	MDQ	60.0	75.0	140.0	140.0	> 30,000
	Decatur	DCU	75.0	125.0	150.0	150.0	> 30,000
	Tuscaloosa	TCL	61.0	87.0	168.0	168.0	> 30,000
	Gadsden	GAD	90.0	115.0	195.0	195.0	> 30,000
Montgomery	Floralda	0J4	-	-	-	-	<= 12,500
	Elba	14J	4.0	-	-	4.0	<= 12,500
	Headland	0J6	12.0	-	-	12.0	<= 12,500
	Roanoke	7A5	12.0	-	-	12.0	<= 12,500
	Greenville	PRN	15.0	-	-	15.0	12,500-30,000
	Union Springs	07A	15.0	-	-	15.0	12,500-30,000
	Wetumpka	08A	15.0	-	-	15.0	12,500-30,000
	Atmore	0R1	16.0	-	-	16.0	12,500-30,000
	Clanton	02A	16.0	-	-	16.0	12,500-30,000
	Eufaula	EUF	16.0	-	-	16.0	12,500-30,000
	Geneva	33J	16.0	-	-	16.0	12,500-30,000
	Greensboro	7A0	16.0	-	-	16.0	12,500-30,000
	Centreville	0A8	18.0	-	-	18.0	12,500-30,000
	Ashland-Lineville	26A	20.0	-	-	20.0	12,500-30,000
	Sylacauga	SCD	20.0	-	-	20.0	12,500-30,000
	St. Elmo	2R5	23.0	-	-	23.0	12,500-30,000
	Ozark	71J	-	25.0	-	25.0	12,500-30,000
	Camden	61A	27.0	-	-	27.0	12,500-30,000
	Bay Minette	1R8	28.0	-	-	28.0	12,500-30,000
	Foley	5R4	28.0	-	-	28.0	12,500-30,000
Tuskegee	06A	28.5	-	-	28.5	12,500-30,000	

**Appendix H3
Airport Category**

Region	City	FAA ID	Max Gross Weight (Thousand lbs)			Max GW	Category
			S	D	2D		
Montgomery	Alexander City	ALX	30.0	-	-	30.0	12,500-30,000
	Dauphin Island	4R9	30.0	-	-	30.0	12,500-30,000
	Pell City	PLR	30.0	-	-	30.0	12,500-30,000
	Prattville	1A9	30.0	-	-	30.0	12,500-30,000
	Enterprise	EDN	-	-	-	-	> 30,000
	Evergreen	GZH	30.0	50.0	-	50.0	> 30,000
	Marion	A08	30.0	50.0	-	50.0	> 30,000
	Selma	SEM	33.0	54.0	-	54.0	> 30,000
	Fairhope	CQF	36.0	58.0	-	58.0	> 30,000
	Brewton	12J	40.0	60.0	-	60.0	> 30,000
	Demopolis	DYA	30.0	38.0	60.0	60.0	> 30,000
	Monroeville	MVC	70.0	-	-	70.0	> 30,000
	Auburn-Opelika	AUO	45.0	75.0	-	75.0	> 30,000
	Talladega	ASN	30.0	65.0	95.0	95.0	> 30,000
	Gulf Shores	JKA	80.0	100.0	-	100.0	> 30,000
	Troy	TOI	24.0	80.0	140.0	140.0	> 30,000
	Anniston	ANB	28.0	43.5	260.0	260.0	> 30,000
Andalusia-OPP	79J	98.0	160.0	275.0	275.0	> 30,000	

APPENDIX I

PAVEMENT CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM

I1: PCIP Summary

I2: Year 1 Maintenance Plan



Appendix I1
PCIP Summary
Weedon Field (EUF)

Branch & Section	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027
A01-01	Required Project Major Below Critical \$318446.88 Before:53.65 After:100	Preventive \$149.29 Before:97.79 After:97.79	Preventive \$307.54 Before:95.58 After:95.58	Preventive + Required Project Global MR \$41565.71 Before:93.36 After:97.79	Preventive \$326.26 Before:95.58 After:95.58	Preventive \$504.08 Before:93.37 After:93.37	Preventive \$692.27 Before:91.16 After:91.16
A01-02	Preventive \$150.46 Before:97.92 After:97.92	Preventive \$319.41 Before:95.71 After:95.71	Preventive \$498.37 Before:93.5 After:93.5	Preventive + Required Project Global MR \$45948.58 Before:91.29 After:95.71	Preventive \$528.72 Before:93.5 After:93.5	Preventive \$729.67 Before:91.29 After:91.29	Preventive \$942.19 Before:89.08 After:89.08
A01-03	Preventive \$151.5 Before:97.94 After:97.94	Preventive \$323.09 Before:95.73 After:95.73	Preventive \$505.54 Before:93.51 After:93.51	Preventive + Required Project Global MR \$46674.24 Before:91.3 After:95.72	Preventive \$536.33 Before:93.51 After:93.51	Preventive \$740.43 Before:91.3 After:91.3	Preventive \$956.29 Before:89.09 After:89.09
R1836-01	Preventive \$1446.09 Before:97.17 After:97.17	Preventive \$2016.29 Before:96.17 After:96.17	Preventive \$2649 Before:95.12 After:95.12	Preventive \$3521.1 Before:93.7 After:93.7	Preventive \$4799.02 Before:91.66 After:91.66	Preventive + Required Project Global MR \$346927.06 Before:88.89 After:93.7	Preventive \$5085.72 Before:91.67 After:91.67

Appendix I1
PCIP Summary
Weedon Field (EUF)

Branch & Section	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027
TC01-01	Preventive \$38.04 Before:95.6 After:95.6	Preventive \$58.29 Before:93.45 After:93.45	Preventive \$82.73 Before:90.98 After:90.98	Preventive \$110.2 Before:88.34 After:88.34	Preventive \$139.08 Before:85.71 After:85.71	Preventive + Required Project Global MR \$8798.44 Before:83.22 After:90.98	Preventive \$120.33 Before:88.35 After:88.35
TC01-02	Required Project Major Below Critical \$41862.4 Before:52.57 After:100	Preventive \$9.05 Before:98.98 After:98.98	Preventive \$19.71 Before:97.85 After:97.85	Preventive + Required Project Global MR \$5436.22 Before:96.33 After:98.98	Preventive \$20.92 Before:97.85 After:97.85	Preventive \$36.72 Before:96.33 After:96.33	Preventive \$58.05 Before:94.36 After:94.36
THANG01-01	Required Project Major Below Critical \$125922.48 Before:59.45 After:100	Preventive \$33.57 Before:98.98 After:98.98	Preventive \$73.17 Before:97.85 After:97.85	Preventive \$128.47 Before:96.33 After:96.33	Preventive \$203.73 Before:94.35 After:94.35	Preventive \$297.21 Before:91.99 After:91.99	Preventive \$405.51 Before:89.39 After:89.39
THANG01-02	Preventive \$3.88 Before:99.04 After:99.04	Preventive \$8.55 Before:97.94 After:97.94	Preventive \$15.13 Before:96.45 After:96.45	Preventive \$24.21 Before:94.49 After:94.49	Preventive \$35.52 Before:92.15 After:92.15	Preventive \$48.62 Before:89.57 After:89.57	Preventive \$62.83 Before:86.92 After:86.92

Appendix I1
PCIP Summary
Weedon Field (EUF)

Branch & Section	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027
THANG01-03	Preventive \$13.61 Before:99.04 After:99.04	Preventive \$30.01 Before:97.94 After:97.94	Preventive \$53.11 Before:96.45 After:96.45	Preventive \$85 Before:94.49 After:94.49	Preventive \$124.68 Before:92.15 After:92.15	Preventive \$170.68 Before:89.57 After:89.57	Preventive \$220.56 Before:86.92 After:86.92
TTRW18-01	Preventive \$262.08 Before:92.73 After:92.73	Preventive \$364.09 Before:90.19 After:90.19	Preventive \$476.5 Before:87.54 After:87.54	Preventive \$593.18 Before:84.94 After:84.94	Preventive \$709.42 Before:82.51 After:82.51	Preventive + Required Project Global MR \$24801.83 Before:80.3 After:84.94	Preventive \$752.62 Before:82.51 After:82.51
TTRW36-01	Preventive \$52.91 Before:94.11 After:94.11	Preventive \$76.7 Before:91.71 After:91.71	Preventive \$103.86 Before:89.1 After:89.1	Preventive \$132.94 Before:86.45 After:86.45	Preventive \$162.66 Before:83.91 After:83.91	Preventive + Required Project Global MR \$6168.3 Before:81.58 After:86.45	Preventive \$172.57 Before:83.91 After:83.91

Appendix I2
Localized Maintenance Plan
Weedon Field (EUF)

Branch ID	Section ID	Policy	Distress Code	Description	Severity	Distress Qty	Distress Unit	Percent Distress	Work Description	Work Qty	Work Unit	Unit Cost	Work Cost
A01	01	Safety	48	L & T CR	Medium	6,351	Ft	7.76	No Localized M & R	0		\$0.00	\$0
A01	01	Safety	48	L & T CR	Low	2,211	Ft	2.7	No Localized M & R	0		\$0.00	\$0
A01	01	Safety	49	OIL SPILLAGE	N/A	87	SqFt	0.11	No Localized M & R	0		\$0.00	\$0
A01	01	Safety	52	RAVELING	Medium	8	SqFt	0.01	No Localized M & R	0		\$0.00	\$0
A01	01	Safety	52	RAVELING	High	27	SqFt	0.03	No Localized M & R	0		\$0.00	\$0
A01	01	Safety	57	WEATHERING	Medium	81,854	SqFt	99.94	No Localized M & R	0		\$0.00	\$0
R1836	01	Preventive	48	L & T CR	Low	157	Ft	0.03	No Localized M & R	0		\$0.00	\$0
R1836	01	Preventive	49	OIL SPILLAGE	N/A	17	SqFt	0	Patching - AC Full-Depth	37	SqFt	\$25.05	\$925
TC01	01	Preventive	48	L & T CR	Low	6	Ft	0.07	No Localized M & R	0		\$0.00	\$0
TC01	02	Safety	41	ALLIGATOR CR	Low	12	SqFt	0.14	No Localized M & R	0		\$0.00	\$0
TC01	02	Safety	48	L & T CR	Medium	402	Ft	4.76	No Localized M & R	0		\$0.00	\$0
TC01	02	Safety	48	L & T CR	Low	190	Ft	2.25	No Localized M & R	0		\$0.00	\$0
TC01	02	Safety	48	L & T CR	High	10	Ft	0.12	Crack Sealing - AC	10	Ft	\$3.95	\$40
TC01	02	Safety	50	PATCHING	Low	8	SqFt	0.09	No Localized M & R	0		\$0.00	\$0
TC01	02	Safety	57	WEATHERING	Medium	8,432	SqFt	99.91	No Localized M & R	0		\$0.00	\$0
THANG01	01	Preventive	48	L & T CR	Low	599	Ft	1.91	No Localized M & R	0		\$0.00	\$0
THANG01	01	Preventive	48	L & T CR	Medium	1,270	Ft	4.05	Crack Sealing - AC	1,270	Ft	\$3.95	\$5,016
THANG01	01	Preventive	57	WEATHERING	Medium	1,895	SqFt	6.05	No Localized M & R	0		\$0.00	\$0
THANG01	01	Preventive	57	WEATHERING	Low	29,429	SqFt	93.95	No Localized M & R	0		\$0.00	\$0
TTRW18	01	Preventive	48	L & T CR	Low	152	Ft	0.43	No Localized M & R	0		\$0.00	\$0
TTRW36	01	Preventive	48	L & T CR	Low	11	Ft	0.13	No Localized M & R	0		\$0.00	\$0